COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

111

SONOMA COUNTY CALIFORNIA

Cover Photo "The Petaluma Turning Basin" Eric Tobias, Petaluma, California

"I grew up in the Southern California coastal community of Venice Beach. Here, my first influences, water and an eclectic urban landscape, taught me the power of capturing a moment. Life's motion paused, preserving a feeling or memory, and setting the stage for the next moment. Venice is a place I'll always return to, for nostalgia as well as a fresh look.

In 2006 I moved to Colorado. My photography focused on the Rocky Mountains and the surprising effects real weather and the passing of time has on a place and its artifacts. I didn't see degradation but instead, beautification as objects aged and landscapes transformed under the effects of seasonal transitions.

In the Fall of 2011 I relocated for a brief stay to the state of Wisconsin. Exploring new surroundings influenced me to examine, document and interpret rural Midwestern farm life. Old barns have a story of their own and I have always been drawn to them.

In the summer of 2013 I headed back west to my home state of California. I now reside in Petaluma, a small town just north of San Francisco in the heart of the wine country.

I learned early and often in life, nothing rests for very long. One thing leads to the other and each part is crucial. I use the latest technologies to capture, interpret and share the details of life as it happens."

Creative Sonoma County Kristen Madsen, Director

COUNTY OF SONOMA STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019



Prepared by the Office of the Auditor-Controller-Treasurer-Tax Collector

Erick Roeser Auditor-Controller-Treasurer-Tax Collector



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INTRODUCTORY SECTION



ERICK ROESER AUDITOR-CONTROLLER TREASURER-TAX COLLECTOR

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JONATHAN KADLEC ASSISTANT AUDITOR-CONTROLLER TREASURER-TAX COLLECTOR

AMANDA RUCH ASSISTANT AUDITOR-CONTROLLER TREASURER-TAX COLLECTOR

December 10, 2019

To the Board of Supervisors and Citizens of Sonoma County:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the County of Sonoma (County) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, is hereby submitted in compliance with Sections 25250 and 25253 of the Government Code of the State of California.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive internal control framework established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal controls should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

The Independent Auditor's Report is located at the front of the financial section of this report. Eide Bailly LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants, has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the County's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the Independent Auditor's Report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

Incorporated in 1850, the County of Sonoma is located in northwest California, about fifty miles north of San Francisco. The County occupies over 1,768 square miles of land and water serving a population of 500,675. Open space and agricultural land account for the majority of this acreage. Nine incorporated cities are within the County: Santa Rosa, Petaluma, Rohnert Park, Town of Windsor, Healdsburg, Sonoma, Cloverdale, Sebastopol, and Cotati. The largest employment categories include government, healthcare and social services, education, hospitality and food services. The region's world-renowned wineries, geographically diverse open spaces, and mild climate, make the County a popular tourism and recreation destination.

The County government functions as a local government body to serve the needs of its residents. As geographical and political subdivisions of the state, counties serve a dual role; providing municipal services in the unincorporated areas and acting as administrative agents for state and federal government programs and services. As a general-law county, Sonoma County is bound by state law as to the number and duties of County elected officials. The County has five districts that are approximately equal in population with boundaries adjusted every ten years following the federal census. Policymaking and legislative authority are vested in the County Board of Supervisors (the Board). Board members are elected to four-year staggered terms, and each member represents one of the County's five districts. The County has four elected department heads: Auditor-Controller-Treasurer-Tax Collector, Clerk-Recorder-Assessor, District Attorney, and Sheriff-Coroner. Other department heads are appointed by the Board or the County Administrator.

The County employed 3,835 full-time equivalent employees (including extra-help) in fiscal year 2018-19 in order to provide a full range of services to its residents. The County's principal functions include seven major areas: general government, public protection, public ways and facilities, health and sanitation, public assistance, education, and recreation and cultural services. The State and Federal governments mandate certain minimum levels of services in the public protection, public assistance and health areas. The majority of services performed by the County are provided for all residents, regardless of whether those residents live in cities or unincorporated areas of the County, and every County resident directly or indirectly benefits from these services.

Included in operations are various component units, which provide specific services County-wide or to distinct geographic areas within the County. The governmental reporting entity consists of the County and its component units. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the Board is financially accountable, or other organizations whose nature and significant relationship with the County are such that exclusion would cause the County's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and either the County's ability to impose its will on the organization or the potential for the organization to provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the County. The following four component units, although legally separate entities, are considered to be part of the primary government for financial reporting purposes: Sonoma County Fair and Exposition, Inc., the Sonoma County Securitization Corporation, Sonoma County Agricultural Preservation and Open Space District, and the Sonoma County Public Financing Authority. Seven discrete component units are presented in the financial statements, separate from the primary government: Sonoma County Community Development Commission (CDC), Sonoma County Water Agency (identified herein as Sonoma Water), four sanitation District, and Occidental County Sanitation District, and the Sonoma County Water and Wastewater Financing Authority.

The County is required by State law to adopt a final budget each year. This annual budget serves as the foundation for the County's financial planning and control. Budgets are adopted for governmental and proprietary funds. The County maintains budgetary controls to assure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the Board. The County also maintains an encumbrance accounting system to assist departments in accomplishing budgetary control. Unencumbered annual appropriations lapse at year-end. The legal level of control for appropriations is exercised at the division level within fund level. Appropriations at this level may be adjusted with Board approval or delegated Board approval. Management may make adjustments below this level. Such adjustments by the Board and management are reflected in the revised budgetary data presented in the required supplementary section of the CAFR.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

Requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Sonoma County Auditor-Controller-Treasurer-Tax Collector, 585 Fiscal Drive, Suite 100, Santa Rosa, California 95403.

FACTORS AFFECTING ECONOMIC CONDITION

Economy

- During fiscal year 2018-19 Sonoma County continued to see positive signs in economic conditions, including decreased unemployment and increased retail sales.
- The median home price decreased as housing has stabilized after the Sonoma County Fires of 2017.
 Sonoma County remains one of the more affordable Bay Area counties.

Unemployment

- The County's unemployment rate decreased to 2.8% as of June 2019 from 3.0% as of June 2018. This is lower than the California unemployment rate of 4.2% and the national unemployment rate of 3.7%.
- As of September 2019, the County unemployment rate decreased to 2.2%, and continues to be lower than both the California and national rates of 3.5% and 3.5%, respectively.

Unemployment Rate as of June 30

Annual Per Capita Income-Calendar Year



Income

 County per capita personal income increased to \$60,286 for the 2018 calendar year, from \$56,538 for the 2017 calendar year.

Retail Sales

- Retail sales county-wide increased 7.4% to \$10.2 billion for the 2018 calendar year, from \$9.5 billion for the 2017 calendar year.
- County unincorporated area retail sales increased 5.3% to \$2.0 billion in 2018 calendar year, from \$1.9 billion in the 2017 calendar year.





Real Estate

- As of June 2019 the median home price decreased to \$615,000 from \$635,000 in June 2018, a decrease of 3.1%.
- Certified valuation of secured and unsecured property, including residential and non-residential, increased 5.5% to \$90.2 billion for fiscal year 2018-19 from \$85.5 billion for fiscal year 2017-18.
- Certified valuation of residential property increased 4.5% to \$62.1 billion for fiscal year 2018-19 from \$59.5 billion for fiscal year 2017-18.
- Certified valuation of non-residential property increased 8.1% to \$28.1 billion for fiscal year 2018-19 from \$26.0 billion for fiscal year 2017-18.



- Preliminary results for calendar year 2019 indicate Sonoma County's lodging industry annual average occupancy increased to 78.3% in 2018 from 77.1% in 2017.
- County-wide transient occupancy tax (TOT) collections increased 11.4% to \$48.8 million in 2018 compared to \$43.8 million in 2017. TOT increased 6.6% to \$22.5 million for the first two quarters of 2019, compared to \$21.1 million for the first two quarters of 2018.





ECONOMIC INDICATORS

The County's General Fund forecast predicts slowing growth in future years. With the possibility of a coming recession, the County needs to build reserves while the economy is strong to prepare for future shortfalls. Funding challenges as a result of the October 2017 fires, February 2019 flood and the October 2019 Kincade fire will require the County to control costs as it strives to enrich our residents' quality of life through superior services.

Annual Transient Occupancy Tax-

FINANCIAL INDICATORS

Tax revenues increased in fiscal year 2018-19 for the County and other governmental agencies. Transient occupancy tax increased by 0.9%, local sales tax increased by 10.0%, and the County's largest revenue source, secured property taxes, increased by 5.9%. The County General Fund's share of secured property tax revenue increased by 5.8%.

California's 2019 Budget Act maintains a budget that continues to be positive. The budget allocates discretionary resources for ongoing spending and one-time programmatic spending and debt-related repayments. The State Assembly Budget Committee reports a warning that a recession is looming and recommends strengthening reserves in preparation for the future.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

The County completed many major initiatives in fiscal year 2018-19 including the consideration of strategic investments to support recovery and build increased community resiliency in the aftermath of the October 2017 fires. The following highlights only represent a partial list of the many accomplishments of the Sonoma County organization in fiscal year 2018-19:

Fire Recovery and Resiliency:

- Adopted the Board of Supervisor's Recovery and Resiliency Framework, incorporating *Living in a Fire Adapted Landscape: Priorities for Resiliency, Sonoma County Natural and Working Lands.*
- Completed a live trial of 280,700 landlines and SoCo Alert subscribers testing the Wireless Emergency Alerts (WEA) system, which forces warnings onto cellphones in designated areas.
- Negotiated agreements with U.C. San Diego and Scripps for donation, installation, and operation of fire cameras at Sonoma Mountain, Mt. Barham, and Sleepy Mountain.
- Established funding to develop and implement disaster mitigation plans to safeguard data systems and to support disaster resiliency efforts per the adopted Sonoma County Recovery and Resiliency Framework.
- Worked with County departments to maximize the County's reimbursement from State and Federal sources for disaster response and recovery costs from the October 2017 wildfires. During FY 2018-19 the County received \$10.4 million of the total estimated \$36 million in disaster related costs that will ultimately be reimbursed.
- Implemented key recommendations from the October 2017 Wildfires After Action Report including conducting Emergency Operations Center (EOC) Leadership Team meetings, reforming the EOC organization, delivering quarterly Disaster Workshops for the Board of Supervisors, and developing the County Supervisor's Guide to Emergency Operations.
- Partnered with local Fire Protection Districts to implement a Vegetation Management Inspection Program in coordination with CAL FIRE to increase access and reduce susceptibility to fires.

Other Initiatives:

- Acquired, implemented and secured matching funds from the State of California to provide \$1.7 million toward the purchase of a modern voting system which debuted during the March 2019 Special Election. With the acquisition of this new voting system, Sonoma County met the mandate by the Secretary of State for all counties to employ voting systems certified to California Voting System Standards.
- Implemented a new automated Board agenda countywide system to create legislative process efficiencies.
- Secured "Parks for All" funding through Measure M, a 1/8 cent sales tax funding county and city parks, supported by 72.6% of voters.
- Implemented Naloxone Program for Field Services to effectively treat and reduce fatal opiate/opioid overdoses in the field and provide additional safety for staff who may be accidentally exposed.
- Secured \$12 million in new, one-time funding from the State of California, three times the usual annual funding which will inject substantial new resources into local efforts to end homelessness.
- Developed new housing programs and an Area Agency on Aging (AAA) Housing Committee to support seniors and people with disabilities to secure stable housing in response to the housing crisis in Sonoma County.
- Started a streamlined enrollment process into the Housing & Disability Advocacy Program (HDAP) for disabled, homeless individuals coming in for services at the Paulin Office.
- Formed the Renewal Enterprise District (RED) Joint Powers Authority between the County and the City of Santa Rosa that will accelerate the pace of housing development for all income levels by pooling and leveraging financing, publicly-owned land, and other assets.
- Launched development of ACCESS Sonoma County, a coordinated, client-centered service delivery model that is a collaboration of multiple agencies. The system is intended to enroll high need homeless individual with co-occurring mental health and physical health issues to provide intensive case management.
- Formed a joint powers authority with the City of Santa Rosa to regionalize housing production, leverage funding, and share risks and benefits of development.
- Removed vacated easements impeding the Behavioral Health Housing Unit \$40 million construction award authorization by State Department of Finance.
- Repaired sixty-seven miles of roads as part of the fiscal year 2018-19 Pavement Preservation Program. A total of 309 miles of County roads have been repaired since the Board began allocating funds to this program in 2012.
- Utilized Criminal Justice Construction Fund revenues for ongoing safety and security improvements at the Main Adult Detention Facility.
- Improved family engagement strategies for all youth who enter the juvenile justice system, including: strengthening reentry services for youth in our Camp program; implementing protocols for Child and Family Teams (CFT) meetings for youth in placement; and creating a Probation handbook for both adult and juvenile clients to establish expectations, and help set clients up for success.

- Provided support to adult specialty courts by adding a Probation Officer as a "floater" position for programs such as the ACCESS Sonoma County collaborative, Drug Court, DUI Court, and FACT (forensic mental health) Court to serve a back-up role for coverage in each of these collaborative courts.
- Victim Services expanded outreached and provided various services to 3,669 individuals, including: safety
 planning, court accompaniment, counseling referrals, victim claims assistance, restitution, and emotional
 support.
- Completed several key facility improvement projects which included Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) upgrades to inmate housing units, improvements to the exercise yards, physical security enhancements, and redesigning and rebuilding the Inmate Dental Office to modernize and increase the functional space as well as adding new safety features.
- IOLERO staff and CAC members participated in numerous community outreach events, such as the annual Roseland Cinco de Mayo Celebration, "A Day On, Not A Day Off" Martin Luther King Jr. event at Community Baptist Church, and the Santa Rosa Juneteenth Festival.
- Reorganized Fire and Emergency Services and contracted with Fire Protection Agencies to manage volunteer fire companies.
- Developed and implemented the Sonoma County Operational Area Electrical System De-Energization Response Plan in response to potential and actual Pacific Gas & Electric utility electrical system shutoffs.
- Staffed the Emergency Operations and Local Assistance Centers for the February 2019 flood, as well as conducted Rapid Evaluation Safety Assessment field operations for 2,000+ flood affected properties and provided expedited permitting for flood recovery.
- Updated weather forecasts for the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers saving up to 11,650 acre-feet at Lake Mendocino, allowing up to 17 percent more water to be potentially stored, exemplifying how atmospheric river research and science help save water and improve flood management.
- Completed the Board's Pension Ad Hoc report and annual pension report.
- Implemented the County's Cannabis Ordinance, issuing zoning permits for the outdoor cultivation of cannabis, conducting numerous site monitoring inspections. Entered into a contract with the California Department of Food and Agriculture's (CDFA) CalCannabis Cultivation Licensing Division to perform local enforcement of the new state licensing regulations.

LONG-TERM FISCAL OUTLOOK

The October 2017 Sonoma Complex Fire was one of the worst disasters in California History. The County experienced another major disaster with the February 2019 flood events that further exemplified the need to become resilient and be prepared. The County continues to make recovery a priority, approving the Recovery and Resiliency Framework. Pursuing externally funded grants is viewed as a primary mechanism to finance the Sonoma County Recovery and Resiliency Framework.

The County's General Fund forecast predicts slowing growth in future years but does not try to predict when the next recession will hit. During the last recession, County's General Fund Revenues fell by 9% over a three-year period between fiscal year 2008-09 and fiscal year 2011-12. A major component of fiscal sustainability is a healthy reserve. The County needs to build reserves while the economy is strong to prepare for future shortfalls. The current financial policy follows the best practice to fund General Fund Reserves at two months of operating revenues, or approximately \$80 million in fiscal year 2019-20. The current balance of General Fund Reserves is \$40.7 million as the \$2.7 million transfer programmed to fill the fiscal year 2018-19 operational gap was not necessary due to increased fiscal year 2017-18 tax rolls, vacancies, and the hiring freeze implemented by the Board on December 11, 2018 that helped close the gap. The County is also continuing to assess the ongoing impact to revenues and expenditures from fires and floods, as well as unfunded liabilities.

Financial impacts to revenues and expenses for fiscal year 2018-19 are noted in the Management, Discussion and Analysis section of the CAFR.

Although the entire impact of the fires and flood on the County's fiscal position will not be known for several years, the following strategies were implemented to present a structurally balanced budget in the fiscal year 2019-20 while preparing the County for recovery, resiliency, and fiscal sustainability:

- Aligning ongoing uses with ongoing sources, distributing only available ongoing revenues rather than budgeting year-end savings for ongoing uses and controlling costs in our financially challenging post disaster environment.
- Addressing the County total unfunded liabilities with a \$6.8 million prepayment, the single largest pension liability prepayment in the history of the County of Sonoma. This prepayment is estimated to avoid interest costs of at least \$10 million over 20 years.
- Implementing a community preparedness plan to educate and empower Sonoma County residents to prepare for, respond to, and mitigate emergencies, and dedicate \$4.9 million for local match requirements to bring in over \$33 million in federal funds for Hazard Mitigation projects.
- Maintaining important infrastructure services, such as roads, public safety and mental health safety net services, appropriating \$19.9 million for roads services and pavement preservation projects and \$6.4 million for Safety Net departments to support the most vulnerable populations in our community.

The County holds preparedness, recovery and resiliency, and fiscal sustainability as its pillars. This focus provides a structurally balanced budget with strategic investments that will help strengthen our community resiliency and plan for economic uncertainty.

RELEVANT FINANCIAL POLICIES

Balanced Budget

The budget must balance expenditure appropriations with resources. The County must live within its own means and avoid disturbing other local jurisdictions' revenue sources to resolve its deficiencies. Furthermore, any deviation from a balanced budget is not permitted by the California State Government Code, which states: "In the recommended, adopted, and final budgets the funding sources shall equal the financing uses." (Government Code §29009).

Expenditure Management & Control

Federal and State program reductions will not be backfilled with County discretionary revenues except by the Board of Supervisors direction. The Board typically does not backfill these programs due to their sheer size and magnitude on the County's financial position.

Debt Management

The County has a Debt Advisory Committee (DAC) to provide guidance and support related to all County debt issuance and management. The DAC provides the County Administrator and the Board of Supervisors a review process to ensure that all potential debt obligations are evaluated for cost effectiveness, optimal structure and the ability to maintain post issuance compliance requirements.

Fund Balance Reserve

Sonoma County will create and maintain a prudent level of financial resources to protect against the need to reduce service levels or raise fees due to temporary revenue shortfalls or unpredicted one-time expenditures. Consistent with best practice recommendations from the GFOA, the County will strive to maintain a total unassigned General Fund Reserve balance equal to 1/6, or 2 months, of annual General Fund operating revenues.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Financial Reporting Certificate of Achievement: The GFOA awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the County's CAFR for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. This was the twenty-seventh consecutive year that the County has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of



Achievement, the government had to publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR that satisfied both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The current CAFR is expected to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and will be submitted to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Budget Presentation Award: The County received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its annual budget document for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2018. This was the twenty-fourth consecutive year that the County has achieved this prestigious award, which requires a governmental unit publish a budget document that meets program criteria as a policy document, operations guide, financial plan, and as a communications device.

Popular Financial Reporting Award: The County received the GFOA's Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting for its Popular Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The County has received this prestigious award twenty-one times. This award is a national award that recognizes conformance with the

highest standards for preparation of state and local government popular reports. In order to receive this award, a government must publish a Popular Annual Financial Report, whose contents conform to program standards of creativity, presentation, understandability and reader appeal.

Acknowledgments: The preparation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report was achieved through the combined efforts of numerous individuals. We are especially grateful to the Auditor-Controller-Treasurer-Tax Collector's Office staff for their special efforts and our auditors, Eide Bailly LLP, for their outstanding efforts and many hours, which helped us achieve our objectives of timely and accurate financial reporting. We would also like to thank all the County departments who participated in its preparation and the Board for its leadership, responsibility, and action that ensure the general fiscal health and integrity of the County.

Respectfully Submitted,



County Administrator



Auditor-Controller-Treasurer-Tax Collector



DIRECTORY OF APPOINTED AND ELECTED OFFICIALS

APPOINTED OFFICERS & DEPARTMENT HEADS

Agricultural Commissioner-Sealer of Weights & Measures	Tony Linegar
Agricultural Preservation & Open Space District General Manager	Bill Keene
Child Support Services Director	Jennifer Traumann
Community Development Commission Executive Director	Geoffrey Ross
County Administrator	Sheryl Bratton
County Counsel	Bruce Goldstein
Economic Development Director	Sheba Person-Whitley
Emergency Management Manager	Christopher Godley
Fair Manager	Rebecca Bartling
General Services Director	Caroline Judy
Health Services Director	Barbie Robinson
Human Resources Director	Christina Cramer
Human Services Director	Karen Fies
Information Systems Director	John Hartwig
Permit Sonoma Director	Tennis Wick
Chief Probation Officer	David Koch
Public Defender	Kathleen Pozzi
Regional Parks Director	Bert Whitaker
Transportation & Public Works Director	Johannes Hoevertsz
U.C. Cooperative Extension Director	Stephanie Larson
Sonoma Water General Manager	Grant Davis

DIRECTORY OF APPOINTED AND ELECTED OFFICIALS

ELECTED OFFICIALS

Board of Supervisors:

District One	Susan Gorin
District Two	David Rabbitt
District Three	Shirlee Zane
District Four	James Gore
District Five	Lynda Hopkins
Auditor-Controller-Treasurer-Tax Collector	Erick Roeser
County Clerk\Recorder\Assessor	Deva Proto
District Attorney	Jill Ravitch
Sheriff-Coroner	Mark Essick

COUNTY ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



FINANCIAL SECTION





CPAs & BUSINESS ADVISORS

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Supervisors County of Sonoma, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the businesstype activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Sonoma, California (County), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Sonoma County Agricultural Preservation and Open Space District (nonmajor governmental fund), First 5 Sonoma County Commission (nonmajor governmental fund), Refuse Fund (major enterprise fund), Airport Fund (major enterprise fund), Energy Independence Program Fund (major enterprise fund), Transit Fund (major enterprise fund), Community Development Commission (discretely presented component unit), Sonoma County Water Agency (discretely presented component unit), Sonoma Valley County Sanitation District (nonmajor discretely presented component unit), Russian River County Sanitation District (nonmajor discretely presented component unit), South Park County Sanitation District (nonmajor discretely presented component unit), South Park County Sanitation District (nonmajor discretely presented component unit), South Park County Sanitation District (nonmajor discretely presented component unit), South Park County Sanitation District (nonmajor discretely presented component unit), South Park County Sanitation District (nonmajor discretely presented component unit), South Park County Sanitation District (nonmajor discretely presented component unit), South Park County Sanitation District (nonmajor discretely presented component unit), South Park County Sanitation District (nonmajor discretely presented component unit), And Sonoma County Fair and Exposition, Inc. (nonmajor enterprise fund), which represent the following percentages of assets, net position/fund balance and revenues of the opinion units listed below:

		Net Position/			
_Opinion Unit	Assets	Fund Balances	Revenues		
Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units	100%	100%	100%		
Governmental Activities	22%	47%	3%		
Business-Type Activities	96%	95%	94%		
Aggregate remaining fund information	2%	4%	1%		
Major Enterprise Fund – Transit Fund	100%	100%	100%		
Major Enterprise Fund – Refuse Fund	100%	100%	100%		
Major Enterprise Fund – Airport Fund	100%	100%	100%		
Major Enterprise Fund – Energy Independence					
Program Fund	100%	100%	100%		

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Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for those entities is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require the management's discussion and analysis on pages 7 through 22, the schedules for the Sonoma County Employees' Retirement Association (SCERA) plan and the Sonoma County Other Postemployment Healthcare plan on pages 101 through 103, and the budgetary comparison information on pages 104 through 109, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We, and the other auditors, have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and the other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the reports of the other auditors, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 10, 2019, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

side Bailly LLP

Rancho Cucamonga, California December 10, 2019



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

(UNAUDITED)



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited)

As management of the County of Sonoma, California (County), we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information provided in the County's Basic Financial Statements, which immediately follow this section.

Financial Highlights

- The County's net position was \$1.1 billion at June 30, 2019, an increase from prior year of \$140.0 million.
- The County's net position included \$1.4 billion net investment in capital assets, \$277.2 million in restricted net position offset by a \$588.1 million deficit in unrestricted net position. The deficit is primarily the result of the County's unfunded pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liabilities.
- The County's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$526.5 million, an increase of \$77.9 million over prior year. Amounts available for spending include restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances and total 97.6% of ending fund balance. Of this amount, \$275.2 million is restricted by law or externally imposed requirements, \$9.2 million is committed for specific purposes, \$158.1 million is assigned to specific purposes determined by the Board of Supervisors and the County Administrator's Office, and \$71.3 million is unassigned. \$12.7 million is nonspendable.
- The General Fund unassigned fund balance was \$71.3 million, or 18.5% of total General Fund expenditures.

Additional information and analysis on the financial highlights follows in the sections and tables below.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements provide a broad overview of the County's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business. These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the County's overall financial status.

The Statement of Net Position is conceptually the same as a balance sheet in the private-sector. The Statement of Activities reports income (revenues) and expenses. Changes in net position (revenues and expenses) are reported as soon as the underlying event occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows, which may occur in a future fiscal year (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). Governmental activities include general government, public protection, public ways and facilities, health and sanitation, public assistance, education, and recreation and cultural services. Business-type activities include Refuse, the Charles M. Schultz Sonoma County Airport (Airport), Sonoma County Energy Independence Program (SCEIP), Sonoma County Transit, the Sonoma County Fair and Exposition Inc. (Fair), Marinas, and other districts.

Component units are included in government-wide financial statements and are legally separate entities for which the County is financially accountable. If the component unit provides services exclusively to the County, or has substantially the same governing board as the County, and there is a financial benefit or burden relationship or County

management has operational responsibility, then the component is classified as a blended component unit. If a component unit does not meet the preceding requirements it is presented as a discrete component unit.

The County's blended component units include:

- Sonoma County Fair and Exposition, Inc.
- Sonoma County Securitization Corporation
- Sonoma County Agricultural Preservation and Open Space District
- Sonoma County Public Financing Authority

The County's discrete component units include:

- Sonoma County Water Agency (identified herein as Sonoma Water)
- Sonoma County Community Development Commission
- Four sanitation districts: Sonoma Valley County Sanitation District, Russian River County Sanitation District, South Park County Sanitation District, and Occidental County Sanitation District
- Sonoma County Water and Wastewater Financing Authority

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are groupings of related accounts used to maintain control over resources that are segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. This information is useful in assessing what financial resources are available or may be needed in the future to finance County programs.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County maintains several individual governmental funds organized according to their type (general, special revenue, debt service, and capital projects). Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances.

The County maintains five major funds: General Fund, Human Services Special Revenue Fund, Health and Sanitation Special Revenue Fund, Open Space Special Tax Account Special Revenue Fund, and Roads Special Revenue Fund. Data from the other non-major governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund, special revenue, debt service and capital project funds. A budgetary comparison schedule is included for each of these funds.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The County maintains two different types of proprietary funds: enterprise funds and internal service funds.

Enterprise funds are included in the government-wide financial statements as business-type activities and include Refuse, Airport, SCEIP, Transit, Fair, Marinas, and other districts.

Internal service funds are included in the government-wide financial statements under governmental activities as they predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions. These funds are used to account for and allocate costs internally among the County's various internal functions. Internal service funds used by the County include: Insurance, Heavy Equipment Replacement, Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) System, Employee Retirement and Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB).

The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for Refuse, Airport, SCEIP, and Transit, all of which are considered to be major funds of the County. Conversely, all internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the non-major enterprise funds and internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government and therefore are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements - The notes provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information - In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, required supplementary information includes information on the County's Pension Plan, OPEB Plan, and budgetary comparison schedules.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds, nonmajor enterprise funds, internal service funds, and nonmajor component units are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Over time net position serves as a useful indicator of a government's financial condition. In the case of the County, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$1.1 billion at the close of the fiscal year.

All dollar amounts in the following charts and analytics are expressed in thousands unless stated otherwise.

Summary of Net Position June 30, (Dollars in Thousands)								
							Tota	1
	Government	al Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	То	tal	Dollar	Percent
	2019	2018	<u>2019</u>	2018	2019	2018	Change	Change
Assets:								
Current and other assets Capital assets, net of	\$ 712,041	\$ 644,313	\$ 112,361	\$ 94,650	\$ 824,402	\$ 738,963	\$ 85,439	11.6%
depreciation	1,307,306	1,277,246	165,454	169,326	1,472,760	1,446,572	26,188	1.8%
Total assets	2,019,347	1,921,559	277,815	263,976	2,297,162	2,185,535	111,627	5.1%
Deferred outflows of resources	235,384	110,069	2,477	1,850	237,861	111,919	125,942	112.5%
Liabilities:								
Current and other liabilities	154,974	163,310	10,801	11,522	165,775	174,832	(9 <i>,</i> 057)	(5.2%)
Long-term liabilities	1,114,946	949,637	63,185	50,573	1,178,131	1,000,210	177,921	17.8%
Total liabilities	1,269,920	1,112,947	73,986	62,095	1,343,906	1,175,042	168,864	14.4%
Deferred inflows of resources	62,319	132,334	37,764	39,016	100,083	171,350	(71,267)	(41.6%)
Net position: Net investment in capital								
assets	1,251,617	1,208,423	150,286	162,020	1,401,903	1,370,443	31,460	2.3%
Restricted	265,519	227,882	11,715	10,390	277,234	238,272	38,962	16.4%
Unrestricted	(594,644)	(649,958)	6,541	(7,695)	(588,103)	(657,653)	69,550	(10.6%)
Total net position	\$ 922,492	\$ 786,347	<u>\$ 168,542</u>	<u>\$ 164,715</u>	\$ 1,091,034	<u>\$ 951,062</u>	\$ 139,972	14.7%

Analysis of Net Position

The County's total net position increased 14.7% in the current fiscal year. Changes in the County's net position are described below.

Net Investment in Capital Assets

The largest portion of the County's net position is net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, roads, bridges, machinery, equipment, and intangible assets), less the outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; as such, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, the resources needed to repay this debt must be obtained from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The County's net investment in capital assets was \$1,401,903 at fiscal year-end, and consists of investment in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) of \$1,472,760, less related debt of \$70,857, an increase of \$31,460, or 2.3%.
Restricted Net Position

Restricted net position of \$277,234 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on their use, or by enabling legislation.

Restricted net position increased \$38,962 or 16.4%. The primary changes to restricted net position, by function, include:

- Health Services net position increased \$23,076 largely due to Mental Health Services Act annual adjustment funding; Behavioral Health services funding for FY19-20 received in FY 18-19 and decrease in salaries and benefits due to vacant positions during FY 18-19
- Public Assistance increased by \$8,633 due to increases in sales tax and vehicles license fees received from the state to support economic assistance, foster care and adoption programs and additional funding for In Home Supportive Services; Economic Assistance Division; and Employment & Training Division
- Public protection increased by \$4,275, due to revenue increases for October 2017 fire related construction and Cannabis activity

Unrestricted Net Position

The County's unrestricted net position deficit of \$657.7 million decreased \$69.6 million to a deficit of \$588.1 million. The majority of the deficit is due to the net pension and OPEB liabilities which are expected to remain a retained deficit until the plans are fully funded. See Long-Term Liabilities section for additional information.

Net position, end of year

Analysis of Primary Government

Change in net position of the Primary Government (Governmental and Business-Type Activities) increased 27.5% to \$142,107 from \$111,464 in prior year.

			cal Year Ended					
		(DOI)	ars in Thousa	nas)			T - + -	
							Tota	
			Business-Typ		Tot	al	Dollar	Percent
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	Change	Change
Revenues:								
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 108,337	\$ 98,936	\$ 33,803	\$ 33,311	\$ 142,140	\$ 132,247	\$ 9,893	7.5%
Operating grants and contributions	501,263	514,968	16,960	15,335	518,223	530,303	(12,080)	(2.3%)
Capital grants and contributions	3,318	3,071	3,255	2,868	6,573	5 <i>,</i> 939	634	10.7%
General revenues:								
Property taxes	259,239	245,274	-	-	259,239	245,274	13,965	5.7%
Documentary transfer taxes	5,585	6,201	-	-	5,585	6,201	(616)	(9.9%)
Transient occupancy taxes	22,377	22,237	-	-	22,377	22,237	140	0.6%
Grants and other unrestricted								
governmental revenues	53,018	48,721	-	-	53,018	48,721	4,297	8.8%
Unrestricted investment earnings	22,758	10,907	2,283	868	25,041	11,775	13,266	112.7%
Other	39,617	38,688	2,066	45	41,683	38,733	2,950	7.6%
Total operating revenues	1,015,512	989,003	58,367	52,427	1,073,879	1,041,430	32,449	3.1%
Expenses:								
General government	93,172	112,173	-	-	93,172	112,173	(19,001)	(16.9%)
Public protection	331,051	306,078	-	-	331,051	306,078	24,973	8.2%
Public ways and facilities	43,324	52,302	-	-	43,324	52,302	(8,978)	(17.2%)
Health and sanitation	134,918	136,228	-	-	134,918	136,228	(1,310)	(1.0%)
Public assistance	220,590	208,901	-	-	220,590	208,901	11,689	5.6%
Education	1,182	1,122	-	-	1,182	1,122	60	5.3%
Recreation and cultural services	27,355	33,943	-	-	27,355	33,943	(6,588)	(19.4%)
Interest on long-term debt	26,295	28,219	-	-	26,295	28,219	(1,924)	(6.8%)
Refuse	-	-	6,706	4,331	6,706	4,331	2,375	54.8%
Airport	-	-	9,941	8,821	9,941	8,821	1,120	12.7%
Energy Independence Program	-	-	2,299	2,253	2,299	2,253	46	2.0%
Transit	-	-	20,252	19,309	20,252	19,309	943	4.9%
Fair	-	-	10,818	11,495	10,818	11,495	(677)	(5.9%)
Marinas	-	-	2,734	2,332	2,734	2,332	402	17.2%
Other			1,135	1,092	1,135	1,092	43	3.9%
Total operating expenses	877,887	878,966	53,885	49,633	931,772	928,599	3,173	0.3%
Excess before transfers	137,625	110,037	4,482	2,794	142,107	112,831	29,276	25.9%
Transfers / special item	(1,480)	(2,695)	1,480	1,328		(1,367)	1,367	(100.0%)
Change in net position	136,145	107,342	5,962	4,122	142,107	111,464	30,643	27.5%
Net position - beginning	786,347	154,528	164,715	163,147	951,062	317,675	633,387	199.4%
Prior period adjustment	-	(265,826)	(2,135)	(2,554)	(2,135)	(268,380)	266,245	(99.2%)
Net position - beginning as restated	786,347	679,005	162,580	160,593	948,927	839,598	109,329	13.0%
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Changes in Net Position

<u>\$922,492</u> <u>\$786,347</u> <u>\$168,542</u> <u>\$164,715</u> <u>\$1,091,034</u> <u>\$951,062</u> <u>\$139,972</u>

14.7%

Analysis of Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased the County's net position \$136,145 accounting for 97.3% of the County's total increase in net position from current year activities. Governmental activities operating revenues exceeded operating expenses by \$137,625. Transfers to business-type activities, decreased net position by \$1,480.

Revenues:

Operating revenues for the County's governmental activities increased 2.7% from the prior year amount of \$989,003 to \$1,015,512. Revenues are divided into two categories: program revenues and general revenues.

Program Revenues:

Program revenues decreased \$4,057 or 0.7%, from the prior year to \$612,918. The majority of program revenues consist of charges for services and operating grants and contributions tied to federal and state reimbursements of County costs for mandated programs such as public assistance, public protection, health and behavioral wellness. Program revenues represent 60.4% of the County's funding for governmental activities.

- Net charges for services increased by \$9,401, or, 9.5%, from the prior year to \$108,337 due mainly to the October 2017 fire rebuilding and other service charges
- Operating grants and contributions decreased by \$13,705 or 2.7% to \$501,263 due primarily to:
 - General government decrease of \$17,500
 - \$8,755 increase due to State reimbursement for FY 17-18 and FY 18-19 property tax revenue losses related to the October 2017 fires
 - \$3,066 increase in tribal casino mitigation payments
 - \$1,955 increased state allocations for fire services
 - \$15,244 decrease in contributions to the Agricultural Preservation and Open Space District
 - \$12,304 decrease in Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and California Governor's Office of Emergency Services (CalOES) disaster reimbursements
 - Public protection increase of \$2,826 primarily due to an increase in Sonoma County's pro-rata sales tax allocation to law enforcement and fire services
 - Health and sanitation decrease of \$9,712 primarily due to:
 - \$6,807 increase in Mental Health Services Act annual adjustment, Whole Person Care grant funding and other program funding
 - \$13,333 decrease in intergovernmental program revenue over prior year, primarily related to a two year intergovernmental program transfer received in FY 17-18, offset with a onetime FY 18-19 decrease in the Substance Abuse Block Grant funding
 - \$2,194 decrease disaster revenue related to prior year costs incurred in response to the October 2017 fires
 - Public assistance increase of \$9,894 due to increased state allocations for In Home Supportive Services, Economic Assistance Division, Employment & Training Division, Innovation & Opportunity Act, and other program funding

General Revenues:

0

General revenues had an overall increase of \$30,566, or 8.2%, to \$402,594 from the prior year. These revenues include general taxes that provide the Board of Supervisors with discretionary spending ability. The primary reasons for the increase are as follows:

- Property tax revenue \$13,965 increase attributable to strong growth in assessed values
- Other governmental revenues not restricted for specific programs increased \$4,297 in most part due to a one time refund of penalty paid to IRS of \$3.9 million
- Investment earnings increased \$11,851 due to higher average yield over prior year and corresponding increase in asset base

Expenses:

Total expenses for governmental activities decreased \$1,079 from the prior year to \$877,887.

• The largest component of the variance is the \$21,682 employee benefit expense increase (Pension and OPEB) resulting from the FY 18-19 lower than expected rate of return on pension plan assets partially offset with OPEB decrease due in most part to a change in actuarial assumptions.

The increase in employee benefit expense was offset by other governmental expense decreases totaling \$22,761 as follows:

- General government expenses decreased by \$23,428, or 19.4% due in the most part to:
 - Decrease in services and supplies related to prior year costs of responding to the October 2017 fires
 - Increase in expenses offset by reimbursements
- Public protection function expenses increased \$17,774, or 5.4% primarily due to an increase in services and supplies related to the October 2017 fires rebuild projects
- Public ways and facilities expenses decreased \$9,801 or 17.9% due to:
 - \circ $\;$ Services, supplies and reimbursements related to reduction in non-disaster work
 - Decrease in FY 18-19 over FY 17-18 related to Roseland Annexation and related restoration and operational costs
- Health and sanitation expenses decreased \$5,537 largely related to decrease in salaries and benefits due to position vacancies during FY 18-19

Governmental Activities Comparisons





Business-Type Activities Comparison

Business-type activities net position increased by \$3,827, from \$164,715 to \$168,542 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Revenues for the County's business-type activities had a slight increase from the prior year of \$5,940 or 0.6% to \$58,367.





Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to comply with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, total fund balance less the nonspendable portion is a useful measure of a government's resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At June 30, 2019, the County's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$526,474, an increase of \$77,946 compared to 2018. The components of fund balance are as follows, and with the exception of nonspendable fund balance, are available for appropriation at any time (See Note 12 – Net Position/Fund Balances):

- Nonspendable fund balance, \$12,729, consists of amounts that are not spendable in form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact and primarily consists of advances of \$8,541, prepaid items and deposits of \$3,370 and inventories of \$818
- Restricted fund balance, \$275,209, consists of amounts with constraints put on their use by externally imposed creditors, grantors, laws, regulations and enabling legislation with amounts restricted to:
 - Agricultural Preservation and Open Space District \$64,791
 - Capital projects and equipment replacement \$36,158
 - First 5 Children and Families Commission \$10,200
 - Debt service \$12,764
 - Parks donations, mitigation and operations \$2,361
 - Courthouse/Criminal Justice Construction \$1,881
 - Health services programs \$55,423
 - Fire and emergency services \$2,627
 - Public assistance \$27,568
 - Lighting districts \$8,788
 - Public protection \$44,080
 - Clerk, Recorder, Assessor operations \$3,587
 - o Other \$4,981
- Committed fund balance, \$9,167, consists of amounts that have been committed to specific purposes by the Board of Supervisors and consists of amounts committed to:
 - Community investment \$7,848
 - Road activities and other- \$1,319
- Assigned fund balance, \$158,075, represents amounts intended for use as determined by the Board of Supervisors and County Administrator's Office consists of amounts assigned to:
 - Capital projects and equipment replacement \$51,569
 - Tribal development impact mitigation \$27,873
 - Redevelopment agencies \$13,726
 - General services \$9,682
 - Public protection \$5,977
 - Road maintenance \$11,164
 - Contract negotiations \$10,386
 - o October 2017 fires \$5,759
 - Cannabis program \$3,278
 - Encumbrances and other programs \$18,661

• Unassigned fund balance of \$71,294 represents the residual classification for the General Fund

Approximately 97.6%, or \$513,745, of the total fund balance is available to the County.

General Fund

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the County. The General Fund's total fund balance increased by 27.1%, or \$40,880, to \$191,859 at June 30, 2019. The nonspendable portion of fund balance was \$8,966. The spendable portion was \$182,893, an increase of \$43,220, or 30.9%, over the prior year balance of \$139,673. The increase in the spendable fund balance is mainly due to strategic cost saving measures implemented by the Board of Supervisors during the current year, and County-wide efforts to reduce spending.

As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it is useful to compare both total fund balance and spendable fund balance to total General Fund expenditures. Total fund balance equates to approximately 49.7% of total General Fund expenditures. Total spendable fund balance equates to 47.4% of total General Fund expenditures. Of the General Fund spendable fund balance, \$111,584, or 61.0%, was assigned. There was no restricted fund balance. General Fund unassigned fund balance at June 30, 2019, was \$71,294, or 39.0% of spendable fund balance, an increase of \$18,070 from the prior year balance of \$53,224.

Other - Governmental Funds

As compared with the prior year, the total fund balances of the remaining governmental funds increased 12.5%, or \$37,066, to \$334,615 with the following significant changes:

- Health and Sanitation Fund balance increased \$22,943 from \$30,220 to \$53,163 primarily due to increased program funding, intergovernmental transfers, Behavioral Health bridge funding and decreased salaries and benefits related to vacant positions
- Human Services fund balance increased \$9,230 primarily from increases in state revenue allocations for economic assistance, foster care and adoption programs

Proprietary Funds

The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. County enterprise activities increased net position by \$5,962 in the current year primarily due to:

- Refuse net position increased \$5,723, a \$1.3 million increase over prior year change in net position, and is primarily related to increased investment income and the annual Deferred Service Concession Arrangement amortization
- Transit net position decreased by \$2,503, due primarily to capital asset depreciation

Current year activities of the internal service funds (ISF) increased the net position of the ISF \$28,779 primarily due to the following:

- Employee retirement fund net position decreased \$20,678 due in the most part to lower than expected returns on pension plan assets
- Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) net position increased by \$43,262, the majority due to decreased OPEB expense related to change in actuarial assumptions

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The County's final budget appropriations for expenditures of the General Fund increased \$24,366 over the original budget, or 6.3%. The major changes in appropriations are increases to services and supplies, primarily related to disaster recovery for the 2019 winter floods and increased planning and permitting contract costs for the Fire Services Project.

Revenues:

General Fund actual revenues were \$26,425 more than the final budget revenue estimates. The main reasons are as follows:

- Tax revenues increased \$13,798 primarily due to growth in real property assessed values
- Intergovernmental revenues exceeded budgeted estimates by \$10,254 or 11.2%, primarily due to the State reimbursement of property tax revenue losses related to the October 2017 fires and increase in the Graton Casino mitigation payments

Expenditures:

General Fund variance between the final budget and actual expenditures resulted in \$20,922 of unspent appropriations. Key variances are as follows:

- \$6,953 savings in salaries and benefits, primarily in general government and public protection due to higher than anticipated vacant positions
- \$17,100 savings in services and supplies, primarily in general government and public protection due to expenditures not incurred in FY 18-19 but most likely to be incurred in FY 19-20 for Information Services Department projects, disaster recovery for the 2019 winter floods and the Fire Service Project fund
- \$3,410 decrease in expense reimbursements resulting from less spending as noted above

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The County's capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2019 were \$1,472,760. Capital assets include land, intangible assets, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, highways, and bridges. The total net increase in the County's capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$26,188 or 1.8%.

Capital asset activities during the current fiscal year included the following:

														Tota	al
	Go	overnmen	tal A	ctivities	Bu	siness-Ty	be /	Activities		To	tal		Do	ollar	Percent
		2019		2018		2019		2018		2019		2018	Ch	ange	Change
Capital assets, non-depreciable:															
Land	\$	376,876	\$	394,524	\$	26,393	\$	24,780	\$	403,269	\$	419,304	\$ (1	6,035)	(3.8%)
Intangible assets		370,860		334,249		-		-		370,860		334,249	3	6,611	11.0%
Work in progress		6,856		6,819		-		-		6,856		6,819		37	0.5%
Construction in progress		63,543		84,292		3,268		12,164		66,811		96,456	(2	9 <i>,</i> 645)	(30.7%)
Total capital assets, non- depreciable		818,135		819,884		29,661		36,944		847,796		856,828		<u>9,032</u>)	(1.1%)
Capital assets, depreciable:															
Intangible assets		17,273		19,168		4,390		4,478		21,663		23,646	(1,983)	(8.4%)
Infrastructure		157,684		129,246		12,540		3,390		170,224		132,636	3	7,588	28.3%
Buildings and improvements		277,771		279,953		105,033		109,550		382,804		389 <i>,</i> 503	(6,699)	(1.7%)
Land improvements		8,682		736		148		40		8,830		776		8,054	1,037.9%
Machinery and equipment		27,761		28,259	_	13,682	_	14,924		41,443		43,183		1,740)	(4.0%)
Total capital assets,															
depreciable		489,171		457,362	_	135,793		132,382		624,964		589,744	3	5,220	6.0%
Total	<u>\$ 1</u> ,	,307,306	\$ 1	,277,246	\$	165,454	\$	169,326	\$ 1	1,472,760	\$ 3	1,446,572	\$2	6,188	1.8%

Capital Assets (net of depreciation) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, (Dollars in Thousands)

Non-depreciable intangible assets for governmental activities increased \$36,611 as a result of easement acquisitions and reclassifying assets previously recorded as land by the Open Space District. This activity was largely responsible for the reduction in land of \$16,035.

Land improvements increased \$8,054 due to the completion of multiple Regional Parks projects.

The County purchases and constructs capital assets throughout the year. When a capital project will be completed in a subsequent fiscal year, related current year expenditures are recorded as construction in progress (CIP) or work in progress (WIP). In the year of completion, a project's CIP/WIP is allocated to the appropriate capital asset category.

Total CIP decreased \$29,645. Capital outlay of \$40,153 was offset by project completions, transfers, and retirements of \$69,798. CIP decreased \$20,749 for governmental activities and \$8,896 for business-type activities.

The \$37,588 infrastructure increase resulted from completed CIP capital road improvement projects by Transportation & Public Works and the completion of parking lot and runway projects by Airport.

The County completed and capitalized CIP projects totaling approximately \$68,562. Major completed projects include:

- Transportation & Public Works, improvements to multiple county roads \$31,588
- Transportation & Public Works, Huaser Bridge improvement \$6,979
- Airport, new parking lot \$5,833
- Regional Parks, Unity Park construction \$5,715
- Airport, runway extension- \$3,521
- General Services, Various ADA improvements-multiple County buildings -\$2,797
- Sheriff, new evidence storage building \$1,945
- Regional Parks, Tolay Park \$1,821
- Veteran's buildings capital improvements \$1,662

The County acquired an additional \$7,546 in depreciable assets and recorded total depreciation of \$39,200 against all depreciable capital assets. Capital asset disposals totaled \$2,767 net of accumulated depreciation.

Additional information on capital assets is available in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Note 6 – Capital Assets.

Debt Administration

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total long-term liabilities of \$1.3 billion.

		(1	Dollars in Tho	usands)				
							Tota	al
	Governme	ntal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Тс	otal	Dollar	Percent
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	Change	Change
Compensated absences	\$ 29,651	\$ 27,636	\$ 508	\$ 498	\$ 30,159	\$ 28,134	\$ 2,025	7.2%
Self-Insurance	44,268	41,377	-	-	44,268	41,377	2,891	7.0%
Certificates of participation	14,929	16,538	-	-	14,929	16,538	(1,609)	(9.7%)
Bonds and bond premium								(11.6%)
payable	36,353	42,876	28,311	30,307	64,664	73,183	(8,519)	(11.070)
Pension obligation bonds	352,370	379,925	-	-	352,370	379,925	(27,555)	(7.3%)
Notes payable	-	3,360	320	400	320	3,760	(3,440)	(91.5%)
Loans payable	67,974	69,633	17,037	48	85,011	69,681	15,330	22.0%
Other Long-term obligations	9,703	10,071	11,877	16,426	21,580	26,497	(4,917)	(18.6%)
Net pension liability	414,252	133,108	4,098	3,183	418,350	136,291	282,059	207.0%
Net OPEB liability	225,720	302,402	4,092	2,786	229,812	305,188	(75,376)	(24.7%)
Total	<u>\$ 1,195,220</u>	\$ 1,026,926	<u>\$ 66,243</u>	\$ 53,648	<u>\$ 1,261,463</u>	\$ 1,080,574	\$ 180,889	16.7%

Long Term Liabilities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, (Dollars in Thousands)

Long-term liabilities increased by \$180,889, or 16.7%, during the current fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

The increase was primarily due to the following:

- Net pension liability increase of \$282,059, due to unfavorable returns on investments at Sonoma County Employee's Retirement Association (SCERA); offset by
- Net OPEB liability decrease of \$75,376, due to a change in actuarial assumptions regarding the contribution rate for future year employer contributions
- Pension obligation bonds decrease of \$27,555, due to scheduled principal payments

Additional information on long-term liabilities is available in the notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Note 9 – Long-Term Liabilities.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The fiscal year 2019-20 Recommended Budget provides a structurally balanced budget with strategic investments that will strengthen community resiliency. Fiscal year 2019-20 budget highlights include:

- Recovery and Resiliency Framework Projects
- Safety Net Services
- Roads and Infrastructure
- Fiscal Sustainability

In addition, the County experienced the Kincade fire in October 2019, which may impact the fiscal year 2019-20 final budget.

Requests for Information

As part of management's commitment to transparency, open government, and citizen engagement, a budget tool is available to facilitate the public's review of the County's budget. The Sonoma County Budget link is https://sonomacounty.ca.gov/CAO/Public-Reports/Budget-Reports/

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019 (Dollars in Thousands)

	Pri	mary Governme	ent	Discrete Component Units					
	Governmenta	Business- I Type		Community Development		Nonmajor Component			
	Activities	Activities	Total	Commission	Sonoma Water	Units			
ASSETS									
Cash and investments	\$ 536,175	5 \$ 64,937	\$ 601,112	\$ 36,583	\$ 154,013	\$ 33,867			
Restricted cash and investments	13,767	9,663	23,430	676	26,466	6,572			
Receivables, net	27,520	32,129	59,649	75,295	11,492	1,708			
Inventories	818	882	1,700	-	5	-			
Assets held for resale	10,959) -	10,959	4,200	-	-			
Due from other governments	116,354	4,704	121,058	-	-	27			
Advances to other governments	242	2 17	259	-	-	-			
Advances to discrete component unit	2,520) -	2,520	-	-	-			
Prepaid expenses and deposits	3,381	334	3,715	166	1,923	11			
Internal balances	305	6 (305)) -	-	-	-			
Capital assets:									
Nondepreciable	818,135	5 29,661	847,796	6,750	137,185	15,347			
Depreciable, net	489,171	135,793	624,964	2,420	203,802	102,007			
Total assets	2,019,347	277,815	2,297,162	126,090	534,886	159,539			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Deferred charge on refunding/other	2,667		2,667	28	550	113			
Deferred amounts related to pensions	204,422	1,822	206,244	1,741	13,299	-			
Deferred amounts related to OPEB	28,295	655	28,950	321	2,232	-			
Total deferred outflows of resources	235,384	2,477	237,861	2,090	16,081	113			
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	42,834	4,787	47,621	1,395	11,869	1,338			
Due to other governments	7,939	354	8,293	-	66	-			
Advances from grantors and third parties	12,444	l 589	13,033		-	-			
Advances from primary government	-		-	2,520	-	-			
Deposits from others	899	9 457	1,356	-	697	-			
Interest payable	2,682	2 577	3,259	-	2,253	349			
Other liabilities	7,902	979	8,881	722	4,557	-			
Long-term liabilities:									
Due within one year	80,274	3,058	83,332	45	8,938	2,610			
Due in more than one year	1,114,946		1,178,131	7,501	165,746	23,669			
Total liabilities	1,269,920	73,986	1,343,906	12,183	194,126	27,966			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Service concession arrangement		- 36,149	36,149	-	-	-			
Deferred amounts related to pensions	5,548		6,410	55	453	-			
Deferred amounts related to OPEB	56,771		57,524		4,688	-			
Total deferred inflows of resources	62,319		100,083	688	5,141				

Statement of Net Position (Continued) June 30, 2019 (Dollars in Thousands)

	Prim	ary Governme	nt	Discr	nits	
		Business-		Community		Nonmajor
	Governmental	Туре		Development		Component
	Activities	Activities	Total	Commission	Sonoma Water	Units
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	1,251,617	150,286	1,401,903	8,416	220,218	94,303
Restricted:						
Capital projects	26,468	-	26,468	-	-	-
Debt service	12,764	-	12,764	-	-	-
Agricultural preservation and open spaces	64,791	-	64,791	-	-	-
First 5 Children and Families Commission	10,200	-	10,200	-	-	-
Health services programs	55,423	-	55,423	-	-	-
Public protection	44,080	-	44,080	-	-	-
Public assistance	27,568	-	27,568	-	-	-
Parks donations, mitigation and operations	2,361	-	2,361	-	-	-
Lighting districts	8,788	-	8,788	-	-	-
Fire and emergency services	2,627	-	2,627	-	-	-
Courthouse/Criminal Justice Construction	1,881	-	1,881	-	-	-
Clerk, Recorder, Assessor operations	3,587	-	3,587	-	-	-
Other programs	4,981	2,130	7,111	-	-	-
Refuse agreements	-	9,585	9,585	-	-	-
Discrete Component Units				11,973	96,992	5,130
Total restricted	265,519	11,715	277,234	11,973	96,992	5,130
Unrestricted	(594,644)	6,541	(588,103)	94,920	34,490	32,253
Total net position	\$ 922,492	\$ 168,542	<u>\$ 1,091,034</u>	\$ 115,309	\$ 351,700	\$ 131,686

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Dollars in Thousands)

Program Revenues

					Oper	ating Grants	Capita	l Grants and
		Expenses	Charg	es for Services	and C	Contributions	Cont	tributions
FUNCTION/PROGRAM ACTIVITIES								
Primary government:								
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$	93,172	Ś	40,737	Ś	28,750	Ś	1,055
Public protection	Ŧ	331,051	Ŧ	45,579	Ŧ	114,504	Ŧ	181
Public ways and facilities		43,324		3,766		28,491		-
Health and sanitation		134,918		10,842		123,134		-
Public assistance		220,590		1,421		202,187		473
Education		1,182		-		13		-
Recreation and cultural services		27,355		5,992		4,184		1,609
Interest on long-term debt		26,295		-		-		-
Total governmental activities		877,887		108,337		501,263		3,318
Business-type activities:								
Refuse		6,706		7,619		2,067		-
Airport		9,941		6,888		33		2,341
Energy Independence Program		2,299		2,033		-		-
Transit		20,252		1,804		14,860		895
Fair		10,818		12,260		-		-
Marinas		2,734		2,396		-		19
Other		1,135		803		-		-
Total business-type activities		53,885		33,803		16,960		3,255
Total primary government	\$	931,772	\$	142,140	\$	518,223	\$	6,573
Discrete Component Units:								
Community Development Commission	\$	52,826	\$	256	\$	66,279	\$	-
Sonoma Water		102,436		62,489		5,909		1,309
Sonoma Valley Sanitation District		14,360		16,794		54		480
Russian River Sanitation District		5,710		5,017		1		29
South Park Sanitation District		3,734		4,099		844		76
Occidental Sanitation District		2,069		636		800		450
Total Discrete Component Units	\$	181,135	\$	89,291	\$	73,887	\$	2,344
					-		-	

GENERAL REVENUES:

Taxes:

Property

Documentary transfer

Transient occupancy

Grants and other governmental revenue

not restricted to specific programs

Unrestricted investment earnings

Other

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position, beginning of year, as restated

Net position, end of year

	Prin	nary Governme	ent		Discre	te C	Component	Unit	S	
		Business-		Со	mmunity			N	onmajor	
Go۱	vernmental	Туре		Dev	elopment		Sonoma	Со	mponent	
Д	ctivities	Activities	Total		nmission		Water		Units	
										FUNCTION/PROGRAM ACTIVITIES Primary government: Governmental activities:
\$	(22,630)	-	\$ (22,630)							General government
	(170,787)	-	(170,787)							Public protection
	(11,067)	-	(11,067)							Public ways and facilities
	(942)	-	(942)							Health and sanitation
	(16,509)	-	(16,509)							Public assistance
	(1,169)	-	(1,169)							Education Recreation and cultural services
	(15,570) (26,295)	-	(15,570) (26,295)							Interest on long-term debt
	(264,969)		(264,969)							Total governmental activities
	(204,909)		(204,909)							Total governmental activities
	-	2,980	2,980							Business-type activities: Refuse
	-	(679)	(679)							Airport
	-	(266)	(266)							Energy Independence Program
	-	(2,693)	(2,693)							Transit
	-	1,442	1,442							Fair
	-	(319)	(319)							Marinas
	-	(332)	(332)							Other
		133	133							Total business-type activities
	(264,969)	133	(264,836)							Total primary government
				\$	13,709 - - - -	\$	- (32,729) - - -	\$	2,968 (663) 1,285 (183)	Discrete Component Units: Community Development Commission Sonoma Water Sonoma Valley Sanitation District Russian River Sanitation District South Park Sanitation District Occidental Sanitation District
					13,709		(32,729)		3,407	Total Discrete Component Units
	259,239		259,239		<u>,</u>		28,876		1	GENERAL REVENUES: Taxes: Property
	5,585	-	5,585		-				-	Documentary transfer
	22,377	-	22,377		-		-		-	Transient occupancy
										Grants and other governmental revenue
	53,018	-	53,018		-		-		-	not restricted to specific programs
	22,758	2,283	25,041		2,488		6,351		1,348	Unrestricted investment earnings
	39,617	2,066	41,683		-		-		-	Other
	(1,480)	1,480			-		-		-	Transfers
	401,114	5,829	406,943		2,488		35,227		1,349	Total general revenues and transfers
	136,145	5,962	142,107		16,197		2,498		4,756	Change in net position
	786,347	162,580	948,927		99,112		349,202		126,930	Net position, beginning of year, as restated
\$	922,492	\$ 168,542	\$ 1,091,034	\$	115,309	\$	351,700	\$	131,686	Net position, end of year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2019 (Dollars in Thousands)

		Human Services		nd Sanitation
	 General Fund	Special Revenue	Specia	l Revenue
ASSETS				
Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 172,834	\$ 11,294	\$	27,162
Cash and investments with trustee	30	-		-
Receivables, net				
Accounts	1,400	-		65
Interest and other	14,451	532		1,369
Due from other funds	2,427	2,981		57
Inventories	170	-		-
Due from other governments	28,311	23,321		49,276
Advances to other funds	8,541	-		-
Advances to other governments	2,762	-		-
Prepaid items and deposits	255	2,844		89
Total assets	\$ 231,181	\$ 40,972	\$	78,018
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued salaries and benefits	\$ 23,796	\$ 1,223	\$	8,270
Due to other funds	-	481		-
Due to other governments	376	4,462		1,787
Advances from grantors and third parties	5,305	3,716		3,030
Deposits from others	877	-		-
Other liabilities	 2,797			3,491
Total liabilities	 33,151	9,882		16,578
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable revenue	 6,171	704		8,277
Total deferred inflows of resources	 6,171	704		8,277
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable	8,966	2,844		89
Restricted	-	27,542		53,074
Committed	15	-		-
Assigned	111,584	-		-
Unassigned	 71,294			-
Total fund balances	 191,859	30,386		53,163
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 231,181	\$ 40,972	\$	78,018

	pace Special ount Special	R	oads Special				
	evenue		Revenue		Other Funds		Total
	evenue		Revenue	· <u> </u>	Other Fullus		Total
ć	40.200	ć	46.010	ć	120 501	¢	427.265
\$	49,396	\$	46,018	\$	130,561 12,766	\$	437,265
	-		-		12,766		12,796
	-		5		1,305		2,775
	4,206		222		3,611		24,391
	-		-		-		5,465
	-		636		12		818
	-		2,976		12,219		116,103
	-		-		-		8,541
	-		-		-		2,762
	-		33		149		3,370
\$	53,602	\$	49,890	\$	160,623	\$	614,286
\$	-	\$	3,481	\$	3,404 3,640	\$	40,174
Ŷ	-	Ŷ		Ŷ	3,640	Ŷ	4,121
	-		-		1,314		7,939
	-		-		393		12,444
	-		12		10		899
	_		404		26		6,718
			3,897		8,787		72,295
			231		134		15,517
			231		134		15,517
			231		154		13,317
	-		669		161		12,729
	53,602		11,448		129,543		275,209
	-		1,304		7,848		9,167
	-		32,341		14,150		158,075
	-		-		-		71,294
	53,602		45,762		151,702		526,474
\$	53,602	\$	49,890	\$	160,623	\$	614,286



Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to Statement of Net Position Governmental Funds June 30, 2019 (Dollars in Thousands)

Fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 526,474
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. This amount represents capital assets net of accumulated depreciation/amortization		1,295,488
Assets held for sale used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds		10,959
Certain amounts are not available to pay current period expenditures and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds		
Deferred charge on refunding		2,667
Deferred amounts related to pensions		1,552
Deferred amounts related to OPEB		(204)
Certain amounts are not available to pay current period expenditures and therefore are deferred		
inflows of resources in the governmental funds		15,517
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of other activities to individual funds. The accepted deformed sufflaxes likely likely and deformed inflaxes of contain funds are included.		
funds. The assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows of certain funds are included		(764 022)
as governmental activities in the statement of net position		(764,823)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds		
Accrued interest payable	(996)	
Compensated absences	(29,367)	
Contracts payable	(5,296)	
Bonds payable	(32,440)	
Bond premium	(3,913)	
Loans payable	(67,974)	
Certificates of participation	(14,929)	
Net pension liability	(3 <i>,</i> 658)	
Net OPEB liability	(2,158)	
Capital lease obligations	(4,407)	 (165,138)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 922,492

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Dollars in Thousands)

	(General Fund	Human Services Special Revenue	Health and Sanitation Special Revenue
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$	290,632	\$-	\$-
Licenses, permits and franchise fees		22,612	-	7,129
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		11,871	-	1,068
Use of money and property		9,656	865	471
Intergovernmental		101,765	175,835	110,404
Charges for services		46,172	1,421	4,126
Other		11,769	8,385	13,868
Total revenues		494,477	186,506	137,066
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government		78,107	-	-
Public protection		277,587	-	6,245
Public ways and facilities		223	-	-
Health and sanitation		-	-	123,889
Public assistance		-	203,310	-
Education		1,132	-	-
Recreation and cultural services		18,611	-	-
Capital outlay		7,775	635	6
Debt service:				
Principal		1,936	-	-
Interest and other		653		
Total expenditures		386,024	203,945	130,140
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		108,453	(17,439)	6,926
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in		9,646	26,669	16,336
Transfers out		(78,299)	-	(320)
Issuance of long-term debt		654	-	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		426	-	1
Total other financing sources (uses)		(67,573)	26,669	16,017
Net change in fund balances		40,880	9,230	22,943
Fund balances, beginning of year, as restated		150,979	21,156	30,220
Fund balances, end of year	\$	191,859	\$ 30,386	\$ 53,163

	Space Special count Special	Roads Special				
Re	evenue	Revenue		Other Funds		Total
\$	26,732	\$-	\$	22,855	\$	340,219
	-	1,543		2,794		34,078
	-	295		3,013		16,247
	1,811	1,293		4,962		19,058
	-	28,460		88,117		504,581
	-	1,570		4,723		58,012
	-	1,964		10,840		46,826
	28,543	35,125		137,304		1,019,021
	-	-		10,172		88,279
	-	-		56,982		340,814
	-	34,170		835		35,228
	-	-		17,252		141,141
	-	-		28,282		231,592
	-	-		-		1,132
	-	-		8,577		27,188
	-	21,610		28,292		58,318
	-	-		7,432		9,368
	-			5,355		6,008
	-	55,780		163,179		939,068
	28,543	(20,655)		(25,875)		79,953
		20.450		40.000		101 415
	-	20,158		48,606 (13,033)		121,415 (124,507)
	(32,306)	(549)		(15,055)		
	-	-		- 4		654 431
·	(32,306)	19,609	_	35,577	_	(2,007)
	(3,763)	(1,046)		9,702		77,946
	57,365	46,808	_	142,000		448,528
\$	53,602	\$ 45,762	\$	151,702	\$	526,474



Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Dollars in Thousands)

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds:		\$ 77,946
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense		
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	58,318 (27,866)	
Other related capital adjustments	(1,168)	29,284
The statement of activities reports gains or losses from the sale of capital assets as the difference between the proceeds from sale of capital assets and the book value of the sold capital assets, while the governmental funds report the proceeds from sale of capital assets. The difference is		
the book value of the sold capital assets		(444)
Donations of capital assets increase net position in the statement of activities but do not appear in the governmental funds because they are not financial resources		4,276
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in governmental funds.		(11,495)
Issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds. Neither has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums when debt is issued,		
whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities		
Issuance of long-term debt Principal repayments	(654) 9,368	
Contract payments	662	
Amortization of bond premium	359	9,735
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds		
Change in accrued interest Change in compensated absences		119 (2,000)
Change in net pension liability		(433)
Change in net OPEB liability		378
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with		
governmental activities		 28,779
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 136,145

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2019 (Dollars in Thousands)

			(Dollars II		ousanusj							c	
							-	-				G	overnmental
			В	usine	ess-Type Activ	/ities	-Enterpri	se F	unds				Activities
					Energy								
		Independence										Internal	
		Refuse	Airport		Program	Transit		Other		Other Total		Se	ervice Funds
ASSETS													
Current assets:													
Cash and investments	\$	53,821	\$ 2,365	\$	3,808	\$	1,761	\$	3,182	\$	64,937	\$	98,910
Cash and investments with trustee		-	4,559		-		29		4,157		8,745		971
Restricted cash and investments		-	-		-		-		918		918		-
Receivables, net													
Accounts		1,444	573		9		186		1,613		3,825		354
Loans		-	672		-		-		-		672		-
Contractual assessments receivable		-	-		988		-		-		988		-
Interest and other		-	1		-		-		-		1		-
Due from other funds		1,000	-		-		-		-		1,000		500
Inventories		-	-		-		828		54		882		-
Due from other governments		1,978	241		-		2,485		-		4,704		251
Advances to other governments		-	-		-		-		17		17		-
Prepaid expenses and deposits		217	81		18		18		-		334		11
Total current assets		58,460	8,492		4,823		5,307		9,941	_	87,023		100,997
Noncurrent assets:													
Contractual assessments receivable		-	-		26,643		-		-		26,643		-
Capital assets:													
Nondepreciable		3,162	19,386		-		3,362		3,751		29,661		-
Depreciable, net		15,948	78,911		269		23,502		17,163		135,793	_	11,818
Total noncurrent assets		19,110	98,297		26,912		26,864		20,914		192,097		11,818
Total assets		77,570	106,789	_	31,735		32,171		30,855		279,120		112,815
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES													
Deferred amounts related to pensions		356	577		-		249		640		1,822		202,811
Deferred amounts related to OPEB	_	125	161	_	-		40		329	_	655	_	27,910
Total deferred outflows of resources		481	738	_	-		289	_	969	_	2,477		230,721

Statement of Net Position (Continued) Proprietary Funds June 30, 2019 (Dollars in Thousands)

		P.		iting Fatanan			Governmental
		BL	isiness-Type Activ	lities-Enterpri	ise Funds		Activities
			Energy Independence				Internal
	Refuse	Airport	Program	Transit	Other	Total	Service Funds
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	608	495	110	2,336	1,238	4,787	2,660
Due to other funds	-	1,000	200	-	12	1,212	1,632
Due to other governments	-	-	-	289	65	354	-
Advances from grantors and third parties	-	-	-	589	-	589	-
Deposits from others	-	14	-	-	423	437	-
Interest payable	-	250	261	-	66	577	1,686
Compensated absences	60	118	-	70	260	508	284
Advances from other governments	-	-	-	-	383	383	-
Self-funded insurance	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,739
Bonds payable	-	-	1,668	-	-	1,668	30,955
Notes payable	-	-	-	-	64	64	-
Loans payable	-	426	-	-	9	435	-
Contract retention payable	-	-	-	-	20	20	-
Other liabilities	_	8	339	238	394	979	1,184
Total current liabilities	668	2,311	2,578	3,522	2,934	12,013	49,140
Noncurrent portion of long-term liabilities:							
Self-funded insurance	-	-	-	-	-	-	33,529
Advances from other funds	-	-	-	-	93	93	8,448
Advances from other governments	-	-	-	-	1,986	1,986	-
Bonds payable	-	-	26,643	-	-	26,643	321,415
Notes payable	-	-	-	-	256	256	-
Loans payable	-	16,574	-	-	28	16,602	-
Landfill closure and postclosure costs	9,508	-	-	-	-	9,508	-
Net pension liabilities	832	1,433	-	568	1,265	4,098	410,594
Net OPEB liabilities	632	887	-	326	2,247	4,092	223,562
Total noncurrent liabilities	10,972	18,894	26,643	894	5,875	63,278	997,548
Total liabilities	11,640	21,205	29,221	4,416	8,809	75,291	1,046,688
				.,			2)010)000
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Service concession arrangement	36,149	-	-	-	-	36,149	-
Deferred amounts related to pensions	130	15	-	14	703	862	5,489
Deferred amounts related to OPEB	158	222	-	87	286	753	56,182
Total deferred inflows of resources	36,437	237		101	989	37,764	61,671
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets	19,110	85,856	269	26,865	18,186	150,286	11,818
Restricted:	-, -	,		-,	-,	,	,
Settlement agreement	4,844	-	-	-	-	4,844	-
Central landfill agreement	4,741	-	-	-	-	4,741	-
Other program charges	-	1,793	-	-	337	2,130	-
Total restricted	9,585	1,793			337	11,715	-
Unrestricted	1,279	(1,564)	2,245	1,078	3,503	6,541	(776,641)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ 29,974	\$ 86,085	\$ 2,514	\$ 27,943	\$ 22,026	\$ 168,542	\$ (764,823)



Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

(Dollars in Thousands)

Business-Type Activities-Enterprise Funds											Governmental Activities			
		Energy Independence												
	5 (•										C • •	Internal	
	Refuse	A	irport		Program	_	Transit		Other		Total	Service Funds		
Operating revenues:														
Charges for services	\$ 1,030	\$	557	\$	54	\$	1,804	\$	1,819	\$	5,264	\$	179,923	
Rents and concessions	6,498		6,142		-		-		13,401		26,041		2,514	
Interest income	-		-		1,979		-		-		1,979		-	
Sales and miscellaneous	44		49		-	_	-		239		332		4,110	
Total operating revenues	7,572		6,748		2,033		1,804		15,459		33,616		186,547	
Operating expenses:														
Services and supplies	4,438		3,753		1,433		15,974		7,323		32,921		17,948	
Salaries and employee benefits	830		2,297								98,081			
Claim expenses	-		-								24,000			
Depreciation and amortization	1,438		2,973	24 3,482 1,131 9,048							2,286			
Total operating expenses	6,706		9,023	23 1,457 20,252 14,582 5					52,020		142,315			
Operating income (loss)	866		(2,275)		576		(18,448)		877		(18,404)		44,232	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):														
Investment income	1,778		133		156		87		129		2,283		3,700	
Interest expense	-		(918)		(842)		-		(105)		(1,865)		(20,784)	
Intergovernmental	2,067		33		-		14,860		-		16,960		-	
Gain (Loss) on disposal of capital assets	47		140		-		-		-		187		19	
Miscellaneous	-		1,018		-		103		945		2,066		-	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	3,892		406	_	(686)	_	15,050		969	_	19,631		(17,065)	
Income (loss) before capital contributions														
and transfers	4,758		(1,869)		(110)		(3,398)		1,846		1,227		27,167	
Capital contributions	-		2,341		-		895		19		3,255		-	
Transfers in	969		4		5		-		519		1,497		1,787	
Transfers out	(4))	(7)		(5)		-		(1)		(17)		(175)	
Total capital contributions and transfers	965		2,338		-	_	895	_	537	_	4,735		1,612	
Change in net position	5,723		469		(110)		(2,503)		2,383		5,962		28,779	
Net position, beginning of year, as restated	24,251		85,616	_	2,624		30,446		19,643		162,580		(793,602)	
Net position, end of year	<u>\$ 29,974</u>	\$	86,085	\$	2,514	\$	27,943	\$	22,026	\$	168,542	\$	(764,823)	

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Dollars in Thousands)

		Вι	usiness-Type Act	tivities-Enter	prise Funds		Governmental Activities
			Energy				
			Independence				Internal
	Refuse	Airport	Program	Transit	Other	Total	Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:							
Received from customers	\$ 6,123	\$ 6,546	\$ 45	\$ 2,000	\$ 15,262	\$ 29,976	\$-
Received from interfund services provided	-	-	-	-	-	-	195,204
Received from assessments	-	-	4,426	-	-	4,426	-
Received for interest	-	-	1,983	-	-	1,983	-
Payments for assessments	-	-	(2,450)	-	-	(2,450)	-
Payments to suppliers for goods and services	(3,000)	(3,813)	(282)	(15,752)	(6,806)	(29,653)	(47,976)
Payments to employees for services	(1,053)	(2,205)	-	(787)	(6,446)	(10,491)	(95,174)
Payments for interfund services used	(1,340)	(829)	(1,292)	-	-	(3,461)	-
Net cash provided by (used in) operating							
activities	730	(301)	2,430	(14,539)	2,010	(9,670)	52,054
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:							
Transfers in	969	4	5	-	519	1,497	1,787
Transfers out	(4)	(7)	(5)	-	(1)	(17)	(175)
Proceeds from other funds	9,000	-	-	-	1	9,001	15,279
Payments to other funds	-	(9,000)	-	-	-	(9,000)	-
Advances made to other funds		(-,,			(12)	(12)	(1,631)
Payments to other governments	-	-	-	-	-	-	(409)
Proceeds from bonds	-	-	2,450	-	-	2,450	-
Principal paid on bonds	-	-	(4,446)	-	-	(4,446)	(27,555)
Interest paid on bonds	-	-	(865)	-	-	(865)	(20,784)
Proceeds from other governments Miscellaneous noncapital financing	88	33	-	12,159	-	12,280	-
sources (uses)	-	15	-	103	1,024	1,142	-
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital					<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
financing activities	10,053	(8,955)	(2,861)	12,262	1,531	12,030	(33,488)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activit	ies:						
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	-	(3,955)	-	(1,042)	(614)	(5,611)	(290)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	47	140	-	-	-	187	-
Receipts from charges	-	1,095	-	-	-	1,095	-
Principal paid on capital debt	-	-	-	-	(80)	(80)	-
Interest paid on loans	-	-	-	-	(11)	(11)	-
Repayments to other governments	-	-	-	-	(17)	(17)	-
Advances made to other governments	-	-	-	-	(387)	(387)	-
Proceeds from state loan	-	17,000	-	-	-	17,000	-
Principal paid on state loans	-	(3,856)	-	-	-	(3 <i>,</i> 856)	-
Proceeds from contracts payable	-	-	-	-	20	20	-
Capital contributions	-	4,828	-	1,027	19	5,874	-
Interest paid		(714)			(116)	(830)	(111)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and							
related financing activities	47	14,538	-	(15)	(1,186)	13,384	(401)
Cash flows from investing activities:							
Interest received on investments	1,778	133	156	87	32	2,186	3,700
Proceeds on loan receivable - sale of capital asset	-	57	-	-	-	57	-
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	1,778	190	156	87	32	2,243	3,700
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash						_,	
equivalents	12,608	5,472	(275)	(2,205)	2,387	17,987	21,865
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	41,213	1,452	4,083	3,995	5,870	56,613	78,016
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 53,821	\$ 6,924	\$ 3,808	\$ 1,790	\$ 8,257	\$ 74,600	\$ 99,881
· · · ·	- 00,021	- 5,524	- 0,000	÷ 1,750	- 0,207	1,000	- 55,001

Statement of Cash Flows (continued) Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

(Dollars in Thousands)

	_			Bu	ısin	ess-Type Act	ivi	ties-Enterp	orise	e Funds			ernmental ctivities
						Energy							
					Inc	dependence						I	nternal
		Refuse	4	Airport		Program		Transit		Other	 Total	Serv	vice Funds
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating	\$	866	\$	(2,275)	\$	576	\$	(18,448)	\$	877	\$ (18,404)	\$	44,232
activities													
Depreciation and amortization		1,438		2,973		24		3,482		1,131	9,048		2,286
Net pension activity		(123)		176		-		62		(57)	58		48,240
Net OPEB activity		(68)		(102)		-		(62)		(230)	(462)		(39,587)
Miscellaneous		(1,390)		-		-		-		373	(1,017)		(3,285)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:											,		,
Decrease (increase) in:													
Accounts receivable		(58)		(164)		1,967		163		(457)	1,451		4
Inventories		-		-		-		(40)		9	(31)		-
Prepaid expenses and deposits		8		(18)		(18)		(5)		-	(33)		(10)
Other assets		-		-		-		-		19	19		-
Increase (decrease) in:													
Accounts payable		411		(871)		(123)		268		330	15		(2,733)
Customer deposits		-		(41)		-		-		-	(41)		-
Unearned revenue		-		3		4		32		-	39		-
Landfill closure and postclosure costs		(323)		-		-		-		-	(323)		-
Self-funded insurance		-		-		-		-		-	-		2,891
Compensated absences		(31)		18		-		9		15	 11		16
Net cash provided by (used in) operating						_							
activities	\$	730	\$	(301)	\$	2,430	\$	(14,539)	\$	2,010	\$ (9,670)	\$	52,054
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents to the Statement of Net Position:													
Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments, current	\$	53,821 -	\$	6,924 -	\$	3,808	\$	1,790 -	\$	7,339 918	\$ 73,682 918	\$	98,910 971
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	53,821	\$	6,924	\$	3,808	\$	1,790	\$	8,257	\$ 74,600	\$	99,881
Noncash investing, capital and financing activities: Acquisition of capital assets through payables	\$	-	\$	202	\$	-	\$	13	\$	-	\$ 215	\$	-

Fiduciary Funds Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019 (Dollars in Thousands)

				Other					
			Poster	nployment					
			Bene	fits (OPEB)	Private Purpo	se			
	Inve	stment Trust		Trust	Trust		Agency		
ASSETS:									
Cash and investments	\$	1,300,558	\$	-	\$5	,985	\$	405,215	
Restricted cash and investments:									
OPEB Trust Investments:									
Cash and equivalents		-		1,326		-		-	
Mutual funds		-		54,000		-		-	
Corporate obligations		-		5,576		-		-	
Government obligations		-		5,158		-		-	
Restricted investments with trustee:									
Mutual funds		-		-		13		-	
Receivables:									
Taxes		-		-		-		15,805	
Notes, net		-		-		792		-	
Interest and other		-		-		77		13,127	
Due from other governments		-		-		-		4,059	
Total assets		1,300,558		66,060	6	,867	\$	438,206	
LIABILITIES:									
Accounts payable		-		-		6	\$	-	
Interest payable		-		-		169		-	
Due to other agencies		-		-		-		438,206	
Long-term debt:									
Due within one year		-		-		395		-	
Due in more than one year		-			9	,868		-	
Total liabilities		-		-	10	,438	\$	438,206	
NET POSITION (DEFICIT):									
Net position held in trust for pool participants		1,300,558		-		-			
Net position restricted for OPEB		-		66,060		-			
Net position held in trust for other purposes		-		-	(3	,571 <u>)</u>			
Total net position (deficit)	\$	1,300,558	\$	66,060	\$ (3	,571)			

Fiduciary Funds Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Dollars in Thousands)

		Other	
		Benefits (OPEB)	Private Purpose
	Investment Trust	Trust	Trust
ADDITIONS:			
Contributions	\$ 8,855,275	\$-	\$-
Employer contributions	-	24,580	-
OPEB employer contributions outside of trust	-	1,613	-
Property taxes	-	-	737
Investment income:			
Net increase in fair value of investments	-	4,301	-
Interest and dividends	42,808	94	224
Less investment expense		(195)	
Net investment income	42,808	4,200	224
Miscellaneous	-	-	9
Total additions	8,898,083	30,393	970
DEDUCTIONS:			
Distributions	8,938,502	-	653
Employer plan expense	-	19,347	-
OPEB employer expense outside of trust	-	1,613	-
Administrative expense	-	1,233	-
Services and salaries	-	-	215
Legal expense	-	-	302
Interest expense	-		314
Total deductions	8,938,502	22,193	1,484
Change in net position	(40,419)	8,200	(514)
Net position (deficit) held in trust, beginning of year	1,340,977	57,860	(3,057)
Net position (deficit) held in trust, end of year	\$ 1,300,558	\$ 66,060	\$ (3,571)



NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2019 (Dollars in Thousands)

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the County of Sonoma (the County) conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental entities. The following is a summary of significant accounting policies:

(a) Definition of Reporting Entity

The County is a legal subdivision of the State of California and is charged with general governmental powers. The County's powers are exercised through a five member Board of Supervisors (the Board), which, as the governing body of the County, is responsible for the legislative and executive control of the County. The County provides certain services to its citizens, such as road construction and maintenance, law enforcement and criminal justice, regional parks, growth management, and health and social services. In addition, the County administers various special districts governed by the Board (the Special Districts) and provides services to other special districts governed by independent local boards. The Special Districts are located within the boundaries of the County and were established under various sections of the California Government Code. The County provides fiscal agent and accounting services to many of these districts.

As required by generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the United States of America, these financial statements present the County (the primary government) and its component units, entities for which the County is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the County's operations, and the Board is typically the governing body. Blended component units are presented in the same manner as funds of the primary government. Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County.

Blended Component Units

<u>Sonoma County Fair and Exposition, Inc. (Fair)</u> – The governing body of the Fair is the County's governing body. The County owns the Fairgrounds property and has a contract with the Fair for operations. All debts and obligations of the Fair are County debts and obligations. The Fair's financial statements use calendar year reporting. The financial statements are presented as of December 31, 2018, which is the latest period audited.

<u>Sonoma County Securitization Corporation (Corporation)</u> – The Corporation is a California non-profit public benefit corporation established by the County Board of Supervisors in October 2000. The Corporation is governed by a Board of 3 directors, 2 of which are officials of the County. Transactions related to the Corporation are included in these financial statements as a blended component unit of the County including a liability for Series 2005 Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Refunding Bonds. However, in the event of a decline in the tobacco settlement revenues that are used to repay the loan payable, including the default or bankruptcy of a participating cigarette manufacturer, resulting in a possible default on the loan payable, neither the California County Tobacco Securitization Agency, the County nor the Corporation have any liability to make up any such shortfall. Corporation transactions are reported within the Mandated Revenues Special Revenue Fund.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Sonoma County Agricultural Preservation and Open Space District</u> – The governing body of the District is the County's governing body. Voters approved a ¼% County levied sales tax to fund District activities and the County issued bonds secured by the sales tax revenues. The District regularly donates land to the County's Regional Parks and other entities for use by citizens.

<u>Sonoma County Public Financing Authority</u> – The governing body of the Authority is the County's governing body. The Authority was formed for the purpose of assisting in financing public improvements of the County and other local agencies. The County has operational responsibility for the Authority and manages it in the same manner as its own departments. The Authority is combined with the Sonoma County Energy Independence Program (SCEIP) and reported as an enterprise fund.

Discretely Presented Component Units

The entities noted below are discretely presented component units. The County's Board of Supervisors has the ability to exert its will on these entities, however the County is not involved in management of these entities.

<u>Sonoma County Water Agency (identified herein as Sonoma Water)</u> – The governing body of Sonoma Water is the County's governing body. Sonoma Water is managed differently than other County departments and its employees are not civil service employees. Sonoma Water's activities include the transportation of water and the generation of electrical power to eight prime contractors (the cities of Santa Rosa, Petaluma, Sonoma, Rohnert Park and Cotati, the Town of Windsor; and two water districts, Valley of the Moon and North Marin) along with the engineering, administration, and operational services of four sanitation zones. These activities are primarily financed from user fees.

<u>Sonoma County Community Development Commission (Community Development Commission)</u> – The governing body of the Commission is the County's governing body. The Commission is not managed the same as other County departments and its employees are not civil service employees. The Commission, established as a separate public and corporate entity pursuant to Section 34110 of the Health and Safety Code, provides the community with the option of operating and governing its housing authority. The Board of Supervisors designated itself as the Board of Commissioners of the Community Development Commission, and Sonoma County Housing Authority, which is also the governing body of the Housing Successor Agency to the former Redevelopment Agency.

<u>Sanitation Districts</u> – Several sanitation districts managed by Sonoma Water are discretely presented component units of the County and include the following districts:

- Sonoma Valley County Sanitation District
- Russian River County Sanitation District
- South Park County Sanitation District
- Occidental County Sanitation District

Sonoma Water provides administrative, engineering, operational and maintenance services to the Districts. Each District is responsible for operating and maintaining local sanitation collection systems, pump stations and treatment plants. The Districts' activities are primarily financed through user fees.
Sonoma County Water and Wastewater Financing Authority (The Financing Authority) was created to issue conduit debt obligations for the express purpose of providing capital financing on behalf of Sonoma Water and various sanitation districts located within the County. The Financing Authority and County have no obligation to remit to bondholders anything beyond what is received from the parties on whose behalf the debt was issued. The Financing Authority is governed by the Board of Supervisors of the County who act ex-officio as the Board of Directors. The exercise of this oversight responsibility causes the Financing Authority to be a component unit of the County.

The Financing Authority does not issue separate financial statements as the disclosure of its conduit debt is included in the discrete component financial information presented herein for Sonoma Water, and the Sonoma Valley and South Park Sanitation Districts.

Financial statements for each of the discretely presented component units, except the Sonoma County Water and Wastewater Financing Authority, can be obtained from the Auditor-Controller-Treasurer-Tax Collector's Office at 585 Fiscal Drive, Room 100, Santa Rosa, California, 95403.

(b) Basis of Presentation

Government - Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information about the primary government (the County) and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations are made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the County. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on user fees and charges to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the County and for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include 1) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are separately aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities. Operating expenses for enterprise and internal service funds include services and supplies, salaries and employee benefits, self-insurance claims and depreciation on capital assets. All expenses not falling within these categories are reported as nonoperating expenses.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

- The **General Fund** accounts for all revenues and expenditures necessary to carry out the basic governmental activities of the County that are not accounted for through other funds. Revenues are primarily derived from taxes; licenses, permits and franchise fees; fines, forfeitures and penalties; use of money and property; intergovernmental revenues; charges for services; and other revenues. Expenditures are primarily expended for functions of general government, public protection, public ways and facilities, public assistance, education, recreation and cultural services, capital outlay, and debt service.
- The Human Services Special Revenue Fund accounts for proceeds restricted for the activities of the County's various state and federally funded public assistance programs.
- The **Health and Sanitation Special Revenue Fund** accounts for proceeds restricted for public health and mental health programs, which are primarily funded by state and federal agencies.
- The **Open Space Special Tax Account Special Revenue Fund** accounts for revenues received from County levied sales tax Measure F which restricts funds to certain activities of the Sonoma County Agricultural Preservation and Open Space District.
- The **Roads Special Revenue Fund** accounts for proceeds restricted for the planning, design, construction, maintenance and administration of County roads. The Roads Special Revenue Fund is reimbursed by highway user tax (gas tax) distributions from the state, federal and state reimbursement for road-related construction and improvement projects, and by billing other County departments and non-county entities for time and materials spent on activities not related to roads.

The County reports the following major proprietary funds:

- The **Refuse Enterprise Fund** accounts for Sonoma County integrated waste management activities throughout the County and is administered as a division of the Sonoma County Department of Transportation and Public Works. Activities include management of one sanitary landfill and five transfer stations; regulation of two franchised commercial refuse haulers; and development, administration, and implementation of the County Integrated Waste Management Plan.
- The Airport Enterprise Fund accounts for activities related to the operations of the Charles M. Schultz Sonoma County Airport (Airport). Airport operations include commercial passenger services as well as air cargo, private and corporate flights, military, search and rescue, firefighting, and law enforcement services.
- The Sonoma County Energy Independence Program Enterprise Fund (SCEIP or Energy Independence Fund) accounts for activities related to the passage of California Assembly Bill 811 (AB 811) in July 2008. Activities include financing to commercial and residential property owners for energy and water efficiency improvements on existing buildings.
- The **Transit Enterprise Fund** accounts for activities related to the provision of fixed-route transit and ADA paratransit services operating throughout Sonoma County. Operation of the system is largely funded through Transportation Development Act contributions from local governments. The route network consists of a mix of local, intercity and SMART connector routes.

The County reports the following additional fund types:

- Internal Service Funds account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the County or other governmental units on a cost reimbursement basis. Activities include the County's self-insurance programs, heavy equipment replacement, the County's ERP System, the County's employee retirement program, and the County's other postemployment benefits (OPEB) program.
- Investment Trust Funds account for the assets of legally separate entities, which invest in the County Treasurer's investment pool. These entities include school and community college districts, other special districts governed by local boards, regional boards and authorities and pass through funds for tax collections for cities. These funds represent the assets, primarily cash and investments held in trust for these entities.
- Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Trust Fund accounts for assets held in trust by the Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS) for future postemployment healthcare plan benefits. The trust is used to accumulate resources to fund future benefits.
- **Private-Purpose Trust Fund** established by the County to report trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit other governments. This fund reports the assets, liabilities and activities of the Sonoma County Redevelopment Successor Agency.
- Agency Funds established by the County are custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of results of operations. These funds account for assets held by the County in an agency capacity for individuals or other government units.

(c) Basis of Accounting

The government-wide, proprietary funds and fiduciary trust funds financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the County gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property and sales taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenues from property taxes are recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenues from sales taxes are recognized when the underlying transactions take place. Revenues from grants, entitlements and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental funds financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Property taxes are accrued when the receipt occurs within sixty days of the end of the fiscal year. Sales and other taxes, interest, certain state and federal grants and charges for services are accrued when the receipt occurs within three hundred sixty five days of the end of the fiscal year so as to be both measurable and available. Licenses, permits, fines, forfeitures, and other revenues are recorded as revenues when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds from the issuance of general long-term debt, capital leases and the sale of capital assets are reported as other financing sources.

Agency funds apply the accrual basis of accounting but do not have a measurement focus.

(d) Non-Current Governmental Assets/Liabilities

Non-current governmental assets and liabilities, such as capital assets and long-term liabilities, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide statement of net position.

(e) Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the accompanying statement of cash flows, the enterprise and internal service funds consider all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased, and equity in the County Treasurer's investment pool, to be cash equivalents.

(f) Investments

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools" and GASB Statement No. 72, "Fair Value Measurement and Application", investments are stated at fair value in the statement of net position and the corresponding changes in the fair value of investments are recognized in the year in which the change occurred. The County follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds with the County Treasurer except for certain restricted funds held by outside custodians, funds held by a trustee, or funds in dedicated investments for the benefit of an individual pool participant.

The fair value of investments is determined annually. Interest earned on pooled investments is allocated quarterly to the appropriate funds based on the respective average daily balance for that quarter. At the Board's direction, the investment income related to certain County funds is allocated to the General Fund.

(g) Restricted Cash and Investments

Restricted assets in the governmental funds represent cash and investments that are restricted for debt service pursuant to various debt covenants. Restricted assets in the enterprise funds primarily represent cash and investments that are restricted for debt service pursuant to various debt covenants and customer deposits.

(h) Inventories

Inventories for governmental and proprietary funds, consist of materials and supplies held for consumption, valued at cost, using the first-in, first-out method. Governmental funds inventory costs are recorded as expenditures when consumed, rather than when purchased. Inventories reported in governmental funds are offset by nonspendable fund balance, which indicates that inventories do not represent expendable available financial resources.

(i) Assets Held for Sale

Assets held for sale, are valued at the lower of cost or market for both governmental and proprietary funds, consist of real estate assets no longer in operational use and are intended to be sold on the open market.

(j) Prepaid Items/Expenses and Deposits

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid expenses in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid expense is recorded when consumed rather than when purchased. In the fund financial statements, prepaid expenses and deposits are offset by corresponding nonspendable fund balance to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

(k) Contractual Assessments Receivable

Contractual assessments receivable result from assessments levied against developed properties, with the owner's consent, and are reported in the Sonoma County Energy Independence Program (SCEIP) enterprise fund. Proceeds are used to finance projects that enhance the energy efficiency of real property as permitted by SCEIP.

(I) Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, infrastructure (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks), and intangible assets (e.g. land easements and computer software). Assets purchased or constructed are reported at historical cost or at estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at estimated acquisition value on the date of donation.

Normal maintenance and repairs are charged to operations when incurred. Betterments and major improvements that significantly increase values, change capacities, or extend useful lives are capitalized. Upon sale or retirement of capital assets, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in the results of operations.

Capital outlays are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and as additions to capital assets in the proprietary and fiduciary funds and the government-wide financial statements, in accordance with the County's capitalization policy.

Assets acquired under capital lease are amortized over the lesser of the useful life of the asset or the lease term. Capital assets used in operations are depreciated or amortized using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life in the government-wide statements, proprietary funds, and fiduciary trust funds statements.

The capitalization thresholds and estimated useful lives for capital assets are as follows:

	Capitalization Threshold	Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$ -	N/A
Land improvements	25	15 to 50 years
Buildings and improvements:		
Buildings	25	50 years
Service and safety systems	25	20 years
Building improvements	25	15 years
Machinery and equipment		
Equipment, construction and grounds equipment	5	5 to 15 years
Vehicles	15	5 to 15 years
Furniture	25	5 years
Infrastructure:		
Pavement	100	25 years
Bridges	100	50 years
Other small systems	100	25 years
Intangible assets:		
Purchased canned software	25	3 years
Internally created software	25	10 years
Leasehold improvements	25	Life of Lease
Other capital assets		
Works of art or historical treasures	5	Varies
Library books and equipment	5	Varies
Easements	-	N/A
Construction in progress / work in progress	Expected to exceed capitalization threshold	N/A

(m) Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The County recognizes deferred outflows and inflows of resources. A deferred outflow of resources is defined as a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. A deferred inflow of resources is defined as an acquisition of net position by the government applicable to a future reporting period.

(n) Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary trust fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the respective statements of net position.

In governmental fund types, bond and certificate of participation premiums, discounts and issuance costs are recognized in the period issued. In the government-wide statement of net position, and proprietary and fiduciary trust funds statement of net position premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the terms of the issuance using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method.

(o) Net Position/Fund Balance

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as net investment in capital assets (net of related debt), restricted or unrestricted.

- Net Investment in Capital Assets All capital assets, including intangible assets and infrastructure; net of debt related to the acquisition of capital assets.
- **Restricted** External restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or other governments regulations; or restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- **Unrestricted** Net position not restricted for any project or other purpose.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on how specific amounts can be spent.

- Nonspendable Fund Balance Amounts that cannot be spent because they are not spendable in form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- **Restricted Fund Balance** Amounts with constraints placed on use by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or other governments regulations; or restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- **Committed Fund Balance** Amounts used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by ordinance or resolution of the County's highest decision-making authority (Board of Supervisors) and that remain binding unless removed by an equally binding action.
- Assigned Fund Balance Amounts constrained by the County's intent to be used for specific purposes. The intent can be established by the County's highest level of decision-making authority (Board of Supervisors) or by a body or an official to which the Board has delegated the authority (i.e. County Administrator). The Board has delegated the authority to assign fund balance to the County Administrator.
- Unassigned Fund Balance The residual classification for the County's General Fund that includes amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other funds the unassigned classification is used only if the expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes (i.e. negative fund balance).

The Board of Supervisors establishes, modifies or rescinds fund balance commitments by passage of an ordinance or resolution, each resulting in equally binding constraints, and through adoption of the budget and subsequent budget amendments that occur throughout the year.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, followed by committed, assigned and unassigned resources as they are needed.

(p) Property Tax Levy, Collection and Maximum Rates

Property taxes, including tax rates, are regulated by the State and are administered locally by the County. The County is responsible for assessing, collecting and distributing property taxes in accordance with state law. Liens on real property are established January 1 for the ensuing fiscal year. The property tax is levied as of July 1 on all taxable property located in the County. Secured property taxes are due in two equal installments on November 1 and February 1 and are delinquent after December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are due in a single installment due July 31 and are delinquent after August 31. Unsecured property taxes added to the unsecured roll after July 31 are delinquent after the last day of the month succeeding the month of enrollment. Additionally, supplemental property taxes are levied on a pro rata basis when changes in assessed valuation occur due to sales transactions or the completion of construction.

Since the passage of Article XIII of the California Constitution (commonly referred to as Proposition 13), beginning with fiscal year 1978/1979, general property taxes are based either on a flat one percent rate applied to the 1975/1976 full value of the property or on one percent of the sales price of the property on sales transactions and construction after the 1975/1976 valuation. Taxable values on properties (exclusive of increases related to sales and construction) can rise at a maximum of two percent per year.

Net taxable valuation for the year ended June 30, 2019 was approximately \$90.2 billion, which includes secured, unsecured, Home Owner Property Tax Relief, and unitary values. The tax rate was \$1 per \$100 of valuation (\$0.35 for the County and Special Districts, \$0.48 for schools, \$0.09 for cities, and \$0.08 for redevelopment activities within the County of Sonoma). On February 1, 2012, the State of California dissolved all redevelopment agencies (see Note 19 – Successor Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund). Taxes are collected by the County and apportioned to each taxing agency in accordance with state law. In addition, special assessments are levied to provide for debt service on general obligations that were voter-approved. Delinquencies for the year amounted to approximately 1.0% of the current secured and unsecured property tax revenue assessed.

In fiscal year 1993-94, the County adopted the Alternate Method of Property Tax Allocation (commonly referred to as the Teeter Plan). Under the Teeter Plan, the County Auditor-Controller-Treasurer-Tax Collector, an elected official, is authorized to pay 100 percent of the property taxes billed (secured, supplemental, and debt service) to the taxing agencies within the County. The County recognizes property tax revenues in the period for which the taxes are levied, and retains all penalties and interest upon collection of the applicable delinquent taxes.

(q) Compensated Absences

County employees are entitled to certain compensated absences based on length of employment and position held. Vacation pay is subject to certain maximum accumulations and is payable upon termination. Sick leave may be accumulated without limitation. An average of the most recent three years cost to convert sick leave to service credits for employees separating due to retirement from the County has been included in the compensated absence liability. Because vacation, sick leave and other compensated absence balances do not require the use of current financial resources, no liability is recorded within the governmental funds.

This liability is reflected in the government-wide statement of net position. In proprietary funds, the liability for compensated absences is recorded in the period that the benefits accrue to employees. In compliance with GASB Statement No. 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, the amounts reported include estimated employer liability for taxes and workers' compensation premiums.

(r) Pension

The County recognizes a net pension liability, which represents the County's proportionate share of the excess of the total pension liability over the fiduciary net position of the pension plan as stated in the actuarial report provided by the Sonoma County Employees' Retirement Association (SCERA). Changes in the net pension liability are recorded, in the period incurred, as pension expense or as deferred inflows or outflows of resources. Benefit contributions are recognized when due and payable. Investments are reported at fair value.

(s) Other Postemployment Benefits

The County recognizes a net other postemployment benefit (OPEB) liability, which represents the County's excess of the total OPEB liability over the fiduciary net position of the OPEB plan as stated in the actuarial report completed by an external actuarial firm. Changes in the net OPEB liability are recorded, in the period incurred, as OPEB expense or as deferred inflows or outflows of resources. Benefit contributions are recognized when due and payable. Investments are reported at fair value.

(t) Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(u) Implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements

The following GASB statements have been implemented as noted, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019:

GASB Statement No. 83, *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations*. Establishes uniform criteria for governments to recognize and measure certain asset retirement obligations. No impact to the County. *Effective FY 2018-19*.

GASB Statement No. 88, *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements:* Increased requirements on debt information disclosed in the notes to the financial statements The County included the required additional information in the notes to financial statements. *Effective FY 2018-19.*

GASB Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period. Impacts capital assets and the cost of borrowing and simplifies accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. The County early implemented GASB 89 this year. *Effective FY 2020-21*.

(v) Future GASB Pronouncements

The following GASB statements were issued. The County has not determined the effect on the financial statements:

GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*: This Statement established criteria for identifying fiduciary activities *Effective FY 2019-20*.

GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. Requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases. Establishes a single model for lease accounting. *Effective FY2020-21*.

GASB Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests*: Modifies previous guidance for reporting a government's majority equity interests in legally separate organizations. *Effective FY 2019-20*.

GASB Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*: Clarifies the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation. *Effective FY 2021-22*.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

(a) Financial Statement Presentation

Total cash and investments at June 30, 2019 were presented on the County's financial statements as follows:

	Son	ments Held by oma County Treasury	nd Investments d with Third Parties	Petty Cash			Total Cash and Investments			
Primary government Discrete component units Investment trust fund Other postemployment benefits trust Private purpose trust fund Agency funds	\$	601,083 217,532 1,300,558 - 5,985 405,215	\$ 23,430 40,644 - 66,060 13	\$	29 1 - -	\$	624,542 258,177 1,300,558 66,060 5,998 405,215			
	\$	2,530,373	\$ 130,147	\$	30	\$	2,660,550			

(b) Investment Guidelines and Investment Policy

The County's cash and investments are invested by the County Treasurer in accordance with investment policy guidelines and California Government Code. The objectives of the policy are, in order of priority, safety of capital, liquidity, and yield. The policy addresses the soundness of financial institutions in which the County will deposit funds, types of investment instruments as permitted by the California Government Code, and the percentage of the portfolio that may be invested in certain instruments with longer terms to maturity. The Treasury Oversight Committee requires an annual audit to ensure the County's Investment Portfolio is in compliance with its policy and California Government Code Section 53601.

The investment policy restricts the maximum investment the Sonoma County Pooled Investment Fund may invest in one issuer for the following investment types:

- Bankers' Acceptance 30%
- Commercial Paper 10%
- Mutual Funds 10%
- Money Market Mutual Funds 10%

Investments held with trustees under bond indentures or other restrictive agreements are invested by the County Treasurer, and reviewed and approved by the Board of Supervisors.

A copy of the County investment policy is available upon request from the Sonoma County Treasurer at 585 Fiscal Drive, Room 100, Santa Rosa, California, 95403 or can be found online at <u>www.Sonoma-County.org</u> on the Auditor-Controller-Treasurer-Tax Collector's page.

The table on the following page identifies the investment types that are authorized and references the respective California Government Code and section of the County's investment policy. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustees that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the County, rather than the general provisions of the County's investment policy.

Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Maximum % of Pool	Rating
U.S Treasury and Agency Securities (§53601 (b & f))	5 years	100	N/A
Obligations Issued or Unconditionally Guaranteed by the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, International Finance Corporation or Inter-American Development Bank (§53601 (q))	5 years	30	AA
Bonds and Notes issued by local agencies	5 years	100	N/A
(§53601 (a & e)) Registered State Warrants and Municipal Notes and Bonds (§53601 (c & d))	5 years	100	N/A
Bankers' Acceptances (See Section 10) (§53601 (g))	180 days	40	N/A
Commercial Paper (See Section 11) (§53601 (h) and (§53635 (a))	270 days	40	A-1/F-1/P-1
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit (§53601 (i))	5 years	30	N/A
Repurchase Agreements (See Section 12) (§53601 (j))	1 year	100	N/A
Reverse Repurchase Agreements and Securities Lending Agreements (See Section 12) (§53601 (j))	92 days	20	N/A
Medium Term Corporate Notes (§53601 (k))	5 years	30	A
Mutual Funds & Money Market Mutual Funds (See Section 13) (§53601 (I))	N/A	20	Aaa & AAAm
Collateralized Mortgage Obligations (§53601 (o))	5 years	20	AA
Joint Powers Agreement (See Section 14) (§53601 (p))	N/A	20	N/A
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) (§16429.1)	N/A	As limited by LAIF	N/A
Investment Trust of California (CalTRUST) (§6509.7)	N/A	As limited by CalTRUST	N/A
Collateralized Time Deposits (§53649et seq.)	5 years	N/A	N/A

(c) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In a rising interest rate market, the fair value of investments could decline below original cost. Conversely, in a declining interest rate market, the fair value of investments will generally increase. The County investment policy does not contain requirements that would limit the exposure to interest rate risk. The County manages its exposure to interest rate risk by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations, which precludes the County from having to sell investments below original cost. Of the County's \$2.5 billion portfolio as of June 30, 2019, 49% of the investments have a maturity of one year or less. Of the remainder less than 1%, all of which are SCEIP bonds, have a maturity of more than 5 years.

(d) Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the County's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits and securities lending transactions:

- The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law. The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies.
- California law also allows financial institutions to secure the County's deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.
- The California Government Code limits the total of all securities lending transactions to 20% of the fair value of the investment portfolio.

(e) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. It is the County's policy to purchase investments meeting ratings requirements established by the California Government Code.

(f) Concentration of Credit Risk

The County investment policy contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code. Investments in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds or external investment pools) that represent 5% or more of total County pooled investments are as follows:

lssuer	Investment Type	Amount	Percentage Holdings
Federal Farm Credit Bank	Federal Agency Security	\$ 459,739	18.15 %
Federal Home Loan Bank	Federal Agency Security	402,110	15.87
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp.	Federal Agency Security	580,084	22.90
Federal National Mortgage Association	Federal Agency Security	250,177	9.87

(g) Treasury Pool

The Treasury Pool includes amounts held for various school districts, whose participation in the Treasury Pool is mandated by State code. Cash on deposit with the Treasury Pool at June 30, 2019 is stated at fair value. The Treasury Pool's fair value calculations at fiscal year-end are based on quoted market values provided by the County's investment software. The fair value adjustment increased the Treasury Pool's investment income and carrying value by \$20,963 at June 30, 2019. Involuntary participants of the County's investment pool totaled \$1,593,058 at June 30, 2019. Investments held in the Treasury Pool are summarized as follows:

Investment	 Cost	Fa	hir Value	Interest Rate Range	Maturity Range
U.S. Agency securities	\$ 1,673,817	\$	1,692,110	1.00-3.15 %	7/5/19-6/27/24
U.S. Treasury notes	24,998		25,927	1.00	10/15/2019
Corporate and medium term notes	296,758		298,301	1.10-3.124	7/18/19-8/8/23
Other government obligations	28,236		28,237	1.50-3.00	7/1/19-9/2/35
Certificates of deposit	310,001		310,077	2.07-3.01	7/8/18-6/29/20
Money market mutual funds	9,700		9,700	2.32	1 day
CalTRUST	16,919		16,924	2.274	1 day
CAMP	 152,258		152,374	2.482	1 day
Totals	\$ 2,512,687	\$	2,533,650		

(h) Condensed Pool Statements

The Treasury Pool includes investments with a fair value of \$2,533,650 and deposits of \$95,057. The following represents a condensed statement of net position and changes in net position for the Treasury Pool as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019:

Statement of Net Position		
Cash and investments	\$	2,628,707
Less: Investments held by fiscal agent		(78,849)
Net position held in trust for pool participants	\$	2,549,858
Equity of internal participants	Ś	1,249,300
Equity of external pool participants	Ŷ	1,300,558
Net position held in trust for pool participants	\$	2,549,858
Statement of Changes in Net Position		
Net position at July 1, 2018	\$	2,435,834
Net change in pooled cash and investments		114,024
Net position held in trust for pool participants at June 30, 2019	\$	2,549,858

(i) Investment Credit Ratings and Maturity

As of June 30, 2019, the County's investments and credit ratings are as follows:

				Maturity			
	Credit Rating (Moody's / S & P)	Under 30 Days	31-180 Days	181-365 Days	1-5 Years	Over 5 Years	Fair Value
Non-pooled investments:	70017				101000		
Money market mutual funds	AAAm	\$ 7,393	\$ -	\$-	\$-	Ś -	\$ 7,393
Corporate obligations	Aa3/AA-	-	5,396	-	-	-	5,396
OPEB trust investments:							
Cash and cash equivalents	Not rated	1,326	-	-	-	-	1,326
Mutual funds	Not rated	54,000	-	-	-	-	54,000
Corporate obligations	Ba1/Aaa	-	80	80	2,962	2,454	5,576
Government obligations	Aaa/AA+		249	214	800	3,895	5,158
Total investments held by fiscal agents		62,719	5,725	294	3,762	6,349	78,849
Investments managed by County Treasurer: U.S. Agency Securities:							
Federal Farm Credit Bank	Aaa/AA+	46,853	60,737	80,871	271,278	-	459,739
Federal Home Loan Bank	Aaa/AA+	-	30,940	100,891	270,279	-	402,110
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp.	Aaa/AA+	16,084	32,911	65,419	465,670	-	580,084
Federal National Mortgage Association	Aaa/AA+	23,249	89,785	25,256	111,887		250,177
Subtotal U. S. Agency Securities		86,186	214,373	272,437	1,119,114	-	1,692,110
U.S. Treasury notes		-	25,927	-	-	-	25,927
Corporate and medium term notes	AAA/A-	15,584	38,215	78,797	165,705	-	298,301
Other government obligations	Not rated	405	8,140	2,520	796	16,376	28,237
Certificates of deposit	A1/AA-	54,812	160,181	95,084	-	-	310,077
Money market mutual funds	AAAm	9,700	-	-	-	-	9,700
Joint Powers Authority Pool:							
CalTRUST	AAAm	16,924	-	-	-	-	16,924
CAMP	AAAm	152,374					152,374
Total investments managed by County Treasu	rer	\$ 335,985	\$ 446,836	\$ 448,838	\$ 1,285,615	\$ 16,376	2,533,650
Cash and deposits	N/A						35,525
Less outstanding warrants	N/A						(38,802)
Subtotal cash and investments managed by							
County Treasurer							2,530,373
Cash and deposits - other							19,485
Subtotal cash and investments							\$ 2,549,858

Discrete Component Units											
<u>Sonoma Water</u>	Credit Rating (Moody's /S & P)		2 Months or Less		13 – 24 Months		5 – 60 1onths	More than 60 Months		F	air Value
Non-pooled investments: Money market mutual funds U.S. Treasury STRIPS SCEIP bonds	AAAm N/A N/A	\$	1,523 - 375	\$	6,142 422	\$	11,976 1,454	\$	9,045	\$	1,523 18,118 11,296
Total investments held by bond trustees		\$	1,898	\$	6,564	\$	13,430	\$	9,045	\$	30,937
<u>Sonoma Valley County Sanitation District</u> Non-pooled investments: Money market mutual funds	P-1/A-1+	\$	906							\$	906
Total cash and investments										\$	2,660,550

(j) Joint Powers Authorities

The County is a voluntary participant in two Joint Powers Authorities (JPAs), the California Asset Management Program (CAMP) and the Investment Trust of California (CalTRUST), which fall under California Government Code 53601(p). CAMP and CalTRUST are each directed by a Board of Trustees made up of experienced investment officers, local government finance directors, and treasurers of the public agency members. The value of pool shares in CAMP and CalTRUST that may be withdrawn is determined on an amortized cost basis, which is the same as the fair value of the County's portion in the pool. As of June 30, 2019 the County's total investment in JPAs was \$169,298.

(k) Tobacco Endowment

In accordance with California Government Code Section 53601, any investment with a maturity in excess of five years requires the express authorization of the County's Board of Supervisors. In 2002, the County established the Sonoma County Tobacco Endowment Fund (Endowment) for the purpose of funding future capital improvements. The Endowment was funded from a portion of the proceeds of the Series 2002B Tobacco Securitization Bonds. Pursuant to a resolution by the Board of Supervisors on October 24, 2000, the County Treasurer was authorized to purchase tax-exempt municipal obligations of any state or local government with a final maturity no later than the final maturity of the Bonds in 2030. As of June 30, 2019, the County's investment in the Tobacco Endowment was invested in money market mutual funds totaling \$9,700.

(I) Sonoma County Energy Independence Program (SCEIP)

On March 24, 2009, the Board of Supervisors authorized the creation of the Sonoma County Energy Independence Program (SCEIP) enabling Sonoma County property owners to finance energy conservation and generation improvements through voluntary contractual property assessments. State Assembly Bill 811 is the authorizing legislation for SCEIP and was signed into law the fall of 2008. To finance the program, on April 21, 2009, the Board of Supervisors authorized the Sonoma County Treasury Pooled Investment Fund to purchase up to \$60,000 of SCEIP bonds issued by the Sonoma County Public Financing Authority with maturities of 10 and 20 years. As of June 30, 2019, the County's investment in SCEIP bonds, included in other governmental obligations was \$17,015.

(m) Fair Value Measurements

The County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The three levels of the hierarchy are based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset and are described as follows:

- Level 1: Investments reflect prices quoted in active markets for identical assets
- Level 2: Investments reflect prices that are based on a similar observable asset either directly or indirectly, which may include inputs in markets that are not considered to be active
- Level 3: Investments reflect prices based on unobservable inputs which reflect the County's own assumptions about the inputs market participants would use in pricing the asset (including assumptions about risk). Unobservable inputs are developed based on the best information available in the circumstances and may include the County's own data

The County's investments measured at fair value as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

		Fair Va	Fair Value Measuremen									
		Quoted Prices	Significant Other	Significant								
		in Active	Observable	Unobservable								
		Markets	Inputs	Inputs								
Investments	Amount	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)								
U.S. Agency securities	\$ 1,692,110	\$-	\$ 1,692,110	\$-								
U.S. Treasury notes	25,927	-	25,927	-								
Corporate and medium term notes	298,301	-	298,301	-								
Other government obligations	28,237	-	-	28,237								
Certificates of deposit	310,077		310,077									
Total investments measured at fair value	2,354,652	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 2,326,415	\$ 28,237								
Investments not subject to fair value hierachy:												
Money market mutual funds	9,700											
CalTRUST	16,924											
CAMP	152,374											
Total pooled and directed investments	\$ 2,533,650											
Discrete Component Units												
Sonoma Water												
U.S. Treasury STRIPS	\$ 18,118	\$ 18,118	\$-	\$-								
SCEIP bonds	11,296			11,296								
Total investments measured at fair value	\$ 29,414	\$ 18,118	\$-	\$ 11,296								
Investments not subject to fair value hierachy:												
Money market mutual funds	1,523											
Total investments	\$ 30,937											

NOTE 3 – RECEIVABLES

Receivables for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, for the County's individual major funds, nonmajor and internal service funds in the aggregate are as follows:

	Open Space															
			Human Special Tax													
			S	Services Health and				Account Roads			Internal					
				Special	Sanitation			Special Special		pecial				Service		
Governmental Activities		General	R	Revenue S		Special Revenue		Revenue	Revenue		nue Other Fund			Funds		Total
Accounts receivables	\$	1,400	\$	-	\$	65	\$	-	\$	5	\$	1,305	\$	354	\$	3,129
Interest and other		14,451		532		1,369		4,206		222		3,611		-		24,391
Due from other governments		28,311		23,321		49,276		-		2,976		12,219		251		116,354
Total	\$	44,162	\$	23,853	\$	50,710	\$	4,206	\$	3,203	\$	17,135	\$	605	\$	143,874

Energy Independence

F	Refuse	Airport		Program			Transit	Oth	er Funds		Total
\$	1,444	\$	573	\$	9	\$	186	\$	1,613	\$	3,825
	-		672		-		-		-		672
	-		-		988		-		-		988
	-		1		-		-		-		1
	1,978		241		-		2,485		-		4,704
	-		-		26,643		-		-		26,643
\$	3,422	\$	1,487	\$	27,640	\$	2,671	\$	1,613	\$	36,833
	آ \$ \$	- - 1,978 -	\$ 1,444 \$ - - 1,978	\$ 1,444 \$ 573 - 672 - 1 1,978 241 	Refuse Airport \$ 1,444 \$ 573 \$ - 672 - - - - 1 1,978 241 - - - - -	\$ 1,444 \$ 573 \$ 9 - 672 - 988 - 1 - 1,978 241 - <u>- 26,643</u>	Refuse Airport Program \$ 1,444 \$ 573 \$ 9 \$ - 672 - - 988 - - 988 - 1 - 1,978 241 - - 26,643 -	Refuse Airport Program Transit \$ 1,444 \$ 573 \$ 9 \$ 186 - 672 - - - - 988 - - 1 - - 1,978 241 - 26,643	Refuse Airport Program Transit Oth \$ 1,444 \$ 573 \$ 9 \$ 186 \$ - 672 - - - - 7 988 - - - 1 - - - 1,978 241 - 2,485 - - - 26,643 - -	Refuse Airport Program Transit Other Funds \$ 1,444 \$ 573 \$ 9 \$ 186 \$ 1,613 - 672 - - - - 72 - - - - 988 - - - - 1 - - - 1,978 241 - 2485 - - - 26,643 - -	Refuse Airport Program Transit Other Funds \$ 1,444 \$ 573 \$ 9 \$ 186 \$ 1,613 \$ - 672 - - - - - 672 - - - - - 1 - - - - 1,978 241 - 2,485 - - - - 26,643 - - -

Governmental receivables of \$15,517 are not expected to be collected within the next fiscal year. See Note 11 for further discussion on unavailable revenues.

NOTE 4 – DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Deferred outflows of resources for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, for the County's individual major funds, nonmajor and internal service funds in the aggregate are as follows:

		Internal							
Governmental Activities	Ser	Service Funds		Other Funds		Total			
Deferred charge on refunding	\$	-	\$	2,667	\$	2,667			
Deferred amounts related to pension		202,811		1,611		204,422			
Deferred amounts related to OPEB		27,910		385		28,295			
Total	\$	230,721	\$	4,663	\$	235,384			
Business-Type Activities		Refuse		Airport		Transit	Other	- Funds	 Total
Deferred amounts related to pension	\$	356	\$	577	\$	249	\$	640	\$ 1,822
Deferred amounts related to OPEB		125		161		40		329	 655
Total	\$	481	\$	738	\$	289	\$	969	\$ 2,477

For additional information on deferred amounts related to pensions see Note 13, and for deferred amounts related to OPEB see Note 14.

NOTE 5 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

(a) Interfund Receivables/Payables

Interfund receivables and payables result from the time lag between the dates that 1) transactions are recorded in the accounting system or 2) payments between funds are made. The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2019 is as follows:

Due to/from other funds : Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount			
General Fund	Human Services Special Revenue Fund	\$	481		
	Energy Independence Program		200		
	Internal service funds		1,632		
	Other governmental funds		102		
	Other enterprise funds		12		
			2,427		
Human Services Special Revenue Fund	Other governmental funds		2,981		
Health and Sanitation Special Revenue Fund	Other governmental funds		57		
Refuse Enterprise Fund	Airport Enterprise Fund		1,000		
Internal service funds	Other governmental funds		500		
			4,538		
Total		\$	6,965		
Advances to/from other funds:					
Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	An	nount		
General Fund	Other enterprise funds		93		
	Internal service funds		8,448		
Total		\$	8,541		

(b) Transfers

Transfers are used to fund capital projects, lease payments for debt service, subsidies of various County operations, and re-allocations of special revenue. The following schedules summarize the County's transfer activity during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019:

(1) Between Governmental and Business-Type Activities:

Transfer from	Transfer To	sfer To Amount		Purpose of Funding
Governmental Activities:	Business-Type Activities			
General Fund	Refuse Enterprise Fund	\$	969	Operations
	Airport Enterprise Fund		4	Operations
	Energy Independence Program		5	Operations
	Other enterprise funds		380	Operations
			1,358	
Other governmental Funds	Other enterprise funds		139	Operations and capital projects
			1,497	
Business-Type Activities	Governmental Activities:			
Refuse Enterprise Fund	General Fund		(4)	Operations
Airport Enterprise Fund	General Fund		(7)	Operations
Energy Independence Program	General Fund		(5)	Operations
Other enterprise funds	General Fund		(1)	Operations
			(17)	
Total		\$	1,480	

NOTE 5 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

(2) Between Funds within the Governmental Activities:

Transfer from Transfer To		Amount	Purpose of Funding
General Fund	Human Services Special Revenue Fund	\$ 26,369	Operations
	Health and Sanitation Special Revenue Fund	16,336	Operations
	Roads Special Revenue Fund	19,133	Operations
	Internal service funds	1,287	Operations and capital projects
	Other governmental funds	13,816	Operations and capital projects
		76,941	
Health and Sanitation Special			
Revenue Fund	General Fund	320	Operations
Open Space Special Tax Account			
Special Revenue Fund	Other governmental funds	7,501	Debt service
	Agricultural Preservation and		
	Open Space District	24,805	Operations
		32,306	
Roads Special Revenue Fund	General Fund	49	Operations
	Internal service funds	500	Capital outlay
		549	
Other governmental funds	General Fund	9,085	Operations
	Human Services Special Revenue Fund	300	Operations
	Roads Special Revenue Fund	1,025	Operations
	Other governmental funds	2,484	Operations and capital projects
		12,894	
Internal service funds	General Fund	175	Operations
Total		\$ 123,185	

NOTE 6 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 are as follows:

	Balance								
	Ju	ulv 1. 2018	Additions	Re	tirements	т	ransfers		Balance <u>e 30. 2019</u>
<u>Governmental Activities</u>									
Capital assets, non-depreciable:									
Land	\$	394,524	\$-	\$	-	\$	(17,648)	\$	376,876
Intangible assets		334,249	18,460		-	-	18,151		370,860
Work in progress		6,819	1,943		(55)		(1,851)		6,856
Construction in progress		84,292	35,344		(1,167)		(54,926)		63,543
Total capital assets, non-depreciable		819,884	55,747		(1,222)		(56,274)		818,135
Capital assets, depreciable:									· · · ·
Intangible assets		41,728	185		-		1,174		43,087
Infrastructure		540,577	-		(10,358)		, 38,568		568,787
Buildings and improvements		438,750	-		(3,113)		8,006		443,643
Land improvements		873	-		-		, 7,983		8,856
Machinery and equipment		94,852	6,972		(3,810)		543		98,557
Total capital assets, depreciable		1,116,780	7,157		(17,281)		56,274		1,162,930
Less accumulated depreciation for:					<u>(=:)= = =</u>)				
			(2.25.4)						(25.01.4)
Intangible assets		(22,560)	(3,254)		-		-		(25,814)
Infrastructure		(411,331)	(9,907)		10,135		-		(411,103)
Buildings and improvements		(158,797)	(9,108)		2,033		-	(165,872	
Land improvements		(137)	(37)		-		-	(174	
Machinery and equipment		(66,593)	(7,846)	3,643				- (70,79	
Total accumulated depreciation		(659,418)	(30,152)	15,811					(673,759)
Total capital assets, depreciable, net		457,362	(22,995)	(1,470)		56,274		489,17	
	-		<u> </u>					-	
Total capital assets	\$	1,277,246	\$ 32,752	\$	(2,692)	\$		\$	1,307,306
	\$	1,277,246		\$		\$			
Total capital assets	\$ 	1,277,246 Balance	\$ 32,752	<u> </u>	(2,692)	<u> </u>	- ransfers		Balance
Total capital assets Business-Type Activities	\$ <u>J</u>	1,277,246	\$ 32,752	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	ransfers		
Total capital assets <u>Business-Type Activities</u> Capital assets, non-depreciable:		1,277,246 Balance Jly 1, 2018	\$32,752 Additions	Re	(2,692)	Ţ		Jun	Balance e 30, 2019
Total capital assets <u>Business-Type Activities</u> Capital assets, non-depreciable: Land	<u>\$</u> الا	1,277,246 Balance Ily 1, 2018 24,780	\$ <u>32,752</u> Additions \$53	<u> </u>	(2,692) tirements	<u> </u>	1,560		Balance <u>e 30, 2019</u> 26,393
Total capital assets <u>Business-Type Activities</u> Capital assets, non-depreciable: Land Construction in progress		1,277,246 Balance Ily 1, 2018 24,780 12,164	\$ 32,752 Additions \$ 53 4,809	Re	(2,692) tirements - (69)	Ţ	1,560 (13,636)	Jun	Balance <u>e 30, 2019</u> 26,393 3,268
Total capital assets <u>Business-Type Activities</u> Capital assets, non-depreciable: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, non-depreciable		1,277,246 Balance Ily 1, 2018 24,780	\$ <u>32,752</u> Additions \$53	Re	(2,692) tirements	Ţ	1,560	Jun	Balance <u>e 30, 2019</u> 26,393
Total capital assets Business-Type Activities Capital assets, non-depreciable: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, non-depreciable Capital assets, depreciable:		1,277,246 Balance ily 1, 2018 24,780 12,164 36,944	\$ 32,752 Additions \$ 53 4,809	Re	(2,692) tirements - (69)	Ţ	1,560 (13,636) (12,076)	Jun	Balance e 30, 2019 26,393 3,268 29,661
Total capital assets Business-Type Activities Capital assets, non-depreciable: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, non-depreciable Capital assets, depreciable: Intangible assets		1,277,246 Balance 11,2018 24,780 12,164 36,944 11,798	\$ 32,752 Additions \$ 53 4,809	Re	(2,692) tirements - (69)	Ţ	1,560 (13,636) (12,076) 409	Jun	Balance e 30, 2019 26,393 3,268 29,661 12,207
Total capital assets Business-Type Activities Capital assets, non-depreciable: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, non-depreciable Capital assets, depreciable: Intangible assets Infrastructure		1,277,246 Balance Jly 1, 2018 24,780 12,164 36,944 11,798 3,694	\$ 32,752 Additions \$ 53 4,809	Re	(2,692) tirements - (69)	Ţ	1,560 (13,636) (12,076) 409 9,354	Jun	Balance e 30, 2019 26,393 3,268 29,661 12,207 13,048
Total capital assets Business-Type Activities Capital assets, non-depreciable: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, non-depreciable Capital assets, depreciable: Intangible assets Infrastructure Land improvements		1,277,246 Balance 11/2,2018 24,780 12,164 36,944 11,798 3,694 51	\$ 32,752 Additions \$ 53 4,809 4,862	Re	(2,692) tirements (69) (69) - - -	Ţ	1,560 (13,636) (12,076) 409 9,354 119	Jun	Balance e 30, 2019 26,393 3,268 29,661 12,207 13,048 170
Total capital assets Business-Type Activities Capital assets, non-depreciable: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, non-depreciable Capital assets, depreciable: Intangible assets Infrastructure Land improvements Buildings and improvements		1,277,246 Balance Jly 1, 2018 24,780 12,164 36,944 11,798 3,694 51 249,412	\$ 32,752 Additions \$ 53 4,809 4,862 - - - 78	Re	(2,692) tirements (69) (69) - - - (264)	Ţ	1,560 (13,636) (12,076) 409 9,354 119 1,268	Jun	Balance e 30, 2019 26,393 3,268 29,661 12,207 13,048 170 250,494
Total capital assets Business-Type Activities Capital assets, non-depreciable: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, non-depreciable Capital assets, depreciable: Intangible assets Infrastructure Land improvements Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment		1,277,246 Balance ilv 1, 2018 24,780 12,164 36,944 11,798 3,694 51 249,412 40,563	\$ 32,752 Additions \$ 53 4,809 4,862 - - - 78 311	Re	(2,692) tirements (69) (69) - - - (264) (540)	Ţ	1,560 (13,636) (12,076) 409 9,354 119 1,268 926	Jun	Balance e 30, 2019 26,393 3,268 29,661 12,207 13,048 170 250,494 41,260
Total capital assets Business-Type Activities Capital assets, non-depreciable: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, non-depreciable Capital assets, depreciable: Intangible assets Infrastructure Land improvements Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Total capital assets, depreciable		1,277,246 Balance Jly 1, 2018 24,780 12,164 36,944 11,798 3,694 51 249,412	\$ 32,752 Additions \$ 53 4,809 4,862 - - - 78	Re	(2,692) tirements (69) (69) - - - (264)	Ţ	1,560 (13,636) (12,076) 409 9,354 119 1,268	Jun	Balance e 30, 2019 26,393 3,268 29,661 12,207 13,048 170 250,494
Total capital assets Business-Type Activities Capital assets, non-depreciable: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, non-depreciable Capital assets, depreciable: Intangible assets Infrastructure Land improvements Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Total capital assets, depreciable Less accumulated depreciation for:		1,277,246 Balance Jly 1, 2018 24,780 12,164 36,944 11,798 3,694 51 249,412 40,563 305,518	\$ 32,752 Additions \$ 53 4,809 4,862 - - - 78 311 389	Re	(2,692) tirements (69) (69) - - - (264) (540)	Ţ	1,560 (13,636) (12,076) 409 9,354 119 1,268 926	Jun	Balance e 30, 2019 26,393 3,268 29,661 12,207 13,048 170 250,494 41,260 317,179
Total capital assets Business-Type Activities Capital assets, non-depreciable: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, non-depreciable Capital assets, depreciable: Intangible assets Infrastructure Land improvements Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Total capital assets, depreciable Less accumulated depreciation for: Intangible assets		1,277,246 Balance Jly 1, 2018 24,780 12,164 36,944 11,798 3,694 51 249,412 40,563 305,518 (7,320)	\$ 32,752 Additions \$ 53 4,809 4,862 - - - 78 311 389 (497)	Re	(2,692) tirements (69) (69) - - - (264) (540)	Ţ	1,560 (13,636) (12,076) 409 9,354 119 1,268 926	Jun	Balance e 30, 2019 26,393 3,268 29,661 12,207 13,048 170 250,494 41,260 317,179 (7,817)
Total capital assets Business-Type Activities Capital assets, non-depreciable: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, non-depreciable Capital assets, depreciable: Intangible assets Infrastructure Land improvements Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Total capital assets, depreciable Less accumulated depreciation for: Intangible assets Infrastructure		1,277,246 Balance ily 1, 2018 24,780 12,164 36,944 11,798 3,694 51 249,412 40,563 305,518 (7,320) (303)	<u>\$ 32,752</u> Additions \$ 53 <u>4,809</u> <u>4,862</u> - - - 78 <u>311</u> <u>389</u> (497) (205)	Re	(2,692) tirements (69) (69) - - - (264) (540)	Ţ	1,560 (13,636) (12,076) 409 9,354 119 1,268 926	Jun	Balance e 30, 2019 26,393 3,268 29,661 12,207 13,048 170 250,494 41,260 317,179 (7,817) (508)
Total capital assets Business-Type Activities Capital assets, non-depreciable: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, non-depreciable Capital assets, depreciable: Intangible assets Infrastructure Land improvements Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Total capital assets, depreciable Less accumulated depreciation for: Intangible assets Infrastructure Land improvements Machinery and equipment Total capital assets, depreciable Less accumulated depreciation for: Intangible assets Infrastructure Land improvements		1,277,246 Balance 11, 2018 24,780 12,164 36,944 11,798 3,694 51 249,412 40,563 305,518 (7,320) (303) (11)	<u>\$ 32,752</u> Additions \$ 53 <u>4,809</u> <u>4,862</u> - - - 78 <u>311</u> <u>389</u> (497) (205) (11)	Re	(2,692) tirements (69) (69) - - - (264) (540) (540) (804) - - -	Ţ	1,560 (13,636) (12,076) 409 9,354 119 1,268 926	Jun	Balance e 30, 2019 26,393 3,268 29,661 12,207 13,048 170 250,494 41,260 317,179 (7,817) (508) (22)
Total capital assets Business-Type Activities Capital assets, non-depreciable: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, non-depreciable Capital assets, depreciable: Intangible assets Infrastructure Land improvements Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Total capital assets, depreciable Less accumulated depreciation for: Infrastructure Land improvements Buildings and improvements Buildings and preciation for: Intangible assets Infrastructure Land improvements Buildings and improvements Buildings and improvements		1,277,246 Balance Jly 1, 2018 24,780 12,164 36,944 11,798 3,694 51 249,412 40,563 305,518 (7,320) (303) (11) (139,861)	\$ 32,752 Additions \$ 53 4,809 4,862 - - 78 311 389 (497) (205) (11) (5,852)	Re	(2,692) tirements (69) (69) (69) - - - (264) (540) (804) (804) - - - 252	Ţ	1,560 (13,636) (12,076) 409 9,354 119 1,268 926	Jun	Balance <u>e 30, 2019</u> 26,393 <u>3,268</u> 29,661 12,207 13,048 170 250,494 41,260 <u>317,179</u> (7,817) (508) (22) (145,461)
Total capital assets Business-Type Activities Capital assets, non-depreciable: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, non-depreciable Capital assets, depreciable: Intangible assets Infrastructure Land improvements Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Total capital assets, depreciable Less accumulated depreciation for: Intangible assets Infrastructure Land improvements Buildings and improvements Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment		1,277,246 Balance Jly 1, 2018 24,780 12,164 36,944 11,798 3,694 51 249,412 40,563 305,518 (7,320) (303) (11) (139,861) (25,641)	\$ 32,752 Additions \$ 53 4,809 4,862 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Re	(2,692) tirements (69) (69) (69) - - (264) (540) (540) (804) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Ţ	1,560 (13,636) (12,076) 409 9,354 119 1,268 926	Jun	Balance e 30, 2019 26,393 3,268 29,661 12,207 13,048 170 250,494 41,260 317,179 (7,817) (508) (22) (145,461) (27,578)
Total capital assets		1,277,246 Balance Jly 1, 2018 24,780 12,164 36,944 11,798 3,694 51 249,412 40,563 305,518 (7,320) (303) (11) (139,861) (25,641) (173,136)	<u>\$ 32,752</u> Additions \$ 53 <u>4,809</u> <u>4,862</u> - - 78 <u>311</u> <u>389</u> (497) (205) (11) (5,852) <u>(2,483)</u> (9,048)	Re	(2,692) tirements (69) (69) (69) (264) (540) (804) (804) (804) - - 252 546 798	Ţ	1,560 (13,636) (12,076) 409 9,354 119 1,268 926 12,076 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Jun	Balance e 30, 2019 26,393 3,268 29,661 12,207 13,048 170 250,494 41,260 317,179 (7,817) (508) (22) (145,461) (27,578) (181,386)
Total capital assets Business-Type Activities Capital assets, non-depreciable: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, non-depreciable Capital assets, depreciable: Intangible assets Infrastructure Land improvements Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Total capital assets, depreciable Less accumulated depreciation for: Intangible assets Infrastructure Land improvements Buildings and improvements Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment		1,277,246 Balance Jly 1, 2018 24,780 12,164 36,944 11,798 3,694 51 249,412 40,563 305,518 (7,320) (303) (11) (139,861) (25,641)	\$ 32,752 Additions \$ 53 4,809 4,862 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Re	(2,692) tirements (69) (69) (69) - - (264) (540) (540) (804) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Ţ	1,560 (13,636) (12,076) 409 9,354 119 1,268 926	Jun	Balance e 30, 2019 26,393 3,268 29,661 12,207 13,048 170 250,494 41,260 317,179 (7,817) (508) (22) (145,461) (27,578)

NOTE 6 – CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

	Balance July 1, 2018 Additions			Detiremente	Balance June 30, 2019				
Sonoma Water	<u>JU</u>	<u>iy 1, 2018</u>	<u>AC</u>	altions	<u>Retirements</u>	<u> 11</u>	ransfers	<u>June 30, 2019</u>	
Capital assets, non-depreciable:									
Intangible assets	\$	107,714	\$	-	\$ -	\$	181	\$	107,895
Land	,	12,606		-	-		15		12,621
Intangible work in progress		3,559		754	(49)		(2,270)		1,994
Construction in progress		12,883		4,795	(634)		(2,369)		14,675
Total capital assets, non-depreciable		136,762		5,549	(683)		(4,443)		137,185
Capital assets, depreciable:									
Intangible assets		2,443		-	-		2,089		4,532
Infrastructure		321,042		-	-		2,354		323,396
Land improvements		4,362		-	-		-		4,362
Buildings and improvements		56,422		-	-		-		56,422
Machinery and equipment		14,628		1,467	(654)		-		15,441
Total capital assets, depreciable		398,897		1,467	(654)		4,443		404,153
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Intangible assets		(1,604)		(277)	-		-		(1,881)
Infrastructure		(161,126)		(8 <i>,</i> 958)	-		-		(170,084)
Land and improvements		(2,207)		(199)	-		-		(2,406)
Buildings and improvements		(15,494)		(1,641)	-		-		(17,135)
Machinery and equipment		(8 <i>,</i> 380)		(1,114)	649		-		(8,845)
Total accumulated depreciation		(188,811)		(12,189)	649		-		(200,351)
Total capital assets, depreciable, net		210,086		(10,722)	(5)		4,443		203,802
Total capital assets, net	\$	346,848	\$	(5,173)	\$ (688)	\$	-	\$	340,987
Community Development Commission									
Capital assets, non-depreciable:									
Land	\$	6,750	\$	-	<u>\$</u> -	\$	-	\$	6,750
Total capital assets, non-depreciable		6,750		-			_		6,750
Capital assets, depreciable:									
Buildings and improvements		3,642		26	-		-		3,668
Machinery and equipment		81		-			-		81
Total capital assets, depreciable		3,723		26	-		-		3,749
Less accumulated depreciation:		(1,191 <u>)</u>		(138)			-		(1,329)
Total capital assets, depreciable, net		2,532		(112)			-		2,420
Total capital assets, net	\$	9,282	\$	(112)	<u>\$</u> -	\$	-	\$	9,170

NOTE 6 – CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation

Depreciation expense charged for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 are as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General government	\$ 6,532
Public protection	8,004
Public ways and facilities	10,026
Health and sanitation	882
Public assistance	937
Education	50
Recreation and cultural services	1,435
Depreciation on capital assets held by the Heavy Equipment Replacement ISF	600
Depreciation on capital assets held by Replacement and Enterprise	
Resource Planning (ERP) ISF	 1,686
Total depreciation expense	\$ 30,152
Business-Type Activities:	
Refuse	\$ 1,438
Airport	2,973
Energy Independence Program	24
Transit	3,482
Fair	834
Marinas	90
Other Districts	 207
Total depreciation expense	9,048

NOTE 7 – PAYABLES

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, for the County's individual major funds, nonmajor and internal service funds in the aggregate are as follows:

<u>Governmental Activities</u>	General	Human Services Special Revenue	Health and Sanitation Special Revenue	Roads Special Revenue	Other Funds	Total	
Total accounts payable, accrued salaries, and benefits	<u>\$ 23,796</u>	<u>\$ 1,223</u>	<u>\$ 8,270</u> Energy Independence	<u>\$ 3,481</u>	<u>\$ 3,404</u>	<u>\$ 2,660</u>	<u>\$ 42,834</u>
Business-Type Activities	Refuse	Airport	Program	Transit	Other Funds	Total	
Total accounts payable, accrued salaries, and benefits	<u>\$ 608</u>	<u>\$ 495</u>	<u>\$ 110</u>	<u>\$ 2,336</u>	<u>\$ 1,238</u>	<u>\$ 4,787</u>	

NOTE 8 – OPERATING LEASES

The County has non-cancelable operating leases that are primarily for office space and equipment. Future minimum lease payments under these operating leases at June 30, 2019, are as follows:

Future Minimum					
Lease Payments					
\$	10,033				
	9,494				
	7,834				
	6,280				
	4,674				
	15,588				
\$	53,903				
	Lease				

Total rental expense for operating leases for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 was \$9,611.

NOTE 9 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

(a) Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of long-term liabilities activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019:

	Balance							Balance	Due Within		
<u>Governmental Activities</u>	July 1, 2018		Additions		R	Retirements		June 30, 2019		ne Year	
Compensated absences	\$	27,636	\$	26,058	\$	(24,043)	\$	29,651	\$	29,651	
Self-insurance (1)		41,377		31,028		(28,137)		44,268		10,739	
Certificates of participation -											
direct borrowing		16,538		-		(1,609)		14,929		1,758	
Bonds payable		38,180		-		(5,740)		32,440		6,035	
Pension obligation bonds -											
direct placement (1)		379,925		-		(27,555)		352,370		30,955	
Loans payable - direct borrowing		69,633		-		(1,659)		67,974		4	
Contracts payable		5,958		-		(662)		5,296		662	
Capital lease obligations		4,113		654		(360)		4,407		470	
Net pension liability (1)		133,108		281,144		-		414,252		-	
Net OPEB liability (1)		302,402		-		(76,682)		225,720		-	
Subtotal long-term liabilities		1,018,870		338,884		(166,447)		1,191,307		80,274	
Unamortized issuance premiums		4,696		-		(783)		3,913		-	
Total long-term liabilities	\$	1,023,566	\$	338,884	\$	(167,230)	\$	1,195,220	\$	80,274	

(1) Internal Service Funds (ISF) predominantly serve governmental funds, therefore ISF long-term obligations are included as part of the above totals for governmental activities.

	В	alance					Balance		Du	e Within
Business-Type Activities	July 1, 2018		Α	dditions	Re	etirements	June 30, 2019		One Year	
Compensated absences	\$	498	\$	419	\$	(409)	\$	508	\$	508
Landfill closure and postclosure		9,831		216		(539)		9,508		-
Advances from other governments -										
direct borrowing		6,595		-		(4,226)		2,369		383
Energy bonds payable - direct										
placement		30,307		2,450		(4,446)		28,311		1,668
Notes payable		400		-		(80)		320		64
Loans payable - direct borrowing		48		17,000		(11)		17,037		435
Net pension liability		3,183		915		-		4,098		-
Net OPEB liability		2,786		1,306		-		4,092		-
Total long-term liabilities	\$	53,648	\$	22,306	\$	(9,711)	\$	66,243	\$	3,058

Discrete Component Units

	В	alance					В	alance	Due	Within
Sonoma Water	Jul	y 1, 2018	Ad	ditions	Ret	irements	June	e 30, 2019	Or	e Year
Compensated absences	\$	2,289	\$	2,169	\$	(2,024)	\$	2,434	\$	2,434
Pollution remediation		185		-		(29)		156		-
Advances from other governments -										
direct borrowing		9,021		-		(794)		8,227		405
Revenue and general obligation										
bonds - direct placement		3,410		-		(370)		3,040		375
Revenue bonds		32,360		-		(1,225)		31,135		1,260
Contracts payable		81,277		-		(3,664)		77,613		3,783
Capital lease obligations		3,168		-		(653)		2,515		681
Net pension liability		9,689		20,936		-		30,625		-
Net OPEB liability		24,083		-		(6,444)		17,639		-
Subtotal long-term liabilities		165,482		23,105		(15,203)		173,384		8,938
Unamortized issuance premiums		1,380		-		(80)		1,300		-
Total long-term liabilities	\$	166,862	\$	23,105	\$	(15,283)	\$	174,684	\$	8,938
Community Development Commission										
Compensated absences	\$	197	\$	17	\$	-	\$	214	\$	38
Loans payable-direct borrowing		759		-		(5)		754		7
Net pension liability		1,343		2,784		-		4,127		-
Net OPEB liability		3,319		-		(868)		2,451		-
Total long-term liabilities	\$	5,618	\$	2,801	\$	(873)	\$	7,546	\$	45

(b) Long term obligations outstanding

Individual issues of bonds, notes, loans, capital leases and certificates of participation outstanding at June 30, 2019 are as follows:

		Interest Rates/	Annual Principal	Original Issue	Outstanding Balance
Governmental Activities	Maturity	Ranges	Installments	Amount	June 30, 2019
Certificates of Participation from direct borrowi	ng:				
2010 Administration Building COP	2024	2.89-3.8%	\$ 71-138	\$ 1,475	\$ 594
2017 General Services Energy	2020	2 450/	CC0 1 000	17 225	
(Refunding 2009 COP)	2026	2.45%	660-1,080	17,225	14,335
Bonds Payable:					14,929
2015 Series A Agricultural Preservation and					
Open Space (Measure F)	2024	2.00-5.00%	0-7,010	43,335	32,440
Open Space (measure r)	2024	2.00 5.0070	0-7,010	45,555	52,440
Pension Obligation Bonds from direct placemen	t:				
2003 Series A	2022	1.55-5.07%	7,685-25,970	210,200	78,205
2003 Series B	2022	1.55-5.07%	0-21,000	21,000	21,000
2010 Series	2030	2.12-6.0%	0-38,030	289,355	253,165
					352,370
Loans payable from direct borrowing:					
Sonoma County Tobacco Securitization					
Corporation	2045	4.25-5.25%	755-4,200	83,060	67,970
Pacific Gas & Electric Loans	2020	0.00%	6-17	398	4
					67,974
Contracts Payable:					
City of Santa Rosa Annexation	2028	0.00%	662	6,620	5,296
Capital lease obligations					
Multiple leases	2029	3.62-6.77%	26-245	7,009	4,407
Total long-term liabilities					\$ 477,416

Business-Type Activities		Interest Rates/	Annual Principal	Original Issue	Ва	standing Ilance
	Maturity	Ranges	Installments	Amount	June	30, 2019
Advances from other governments from direct borrowin California Department of Boating and	ng:					
Waterways to Spud Point Marina Various state and local agencies	2023	4.50%	\$ 192-356	\$ 6,000	\$	1,336
for the County's other enterprise funds	2053	2.75-3.41%	4-213	4,172		1,033 2,369
Bonds Payable from direct placement:						
Energy Independence Program	2037	3.00%	93-2,926	99,584		28,311
Notes Payable:						
Fair	2021	3.00%	100	500		320
Loans Payable from direct borrowing:						
Russian River Utility Co., Inc.	2023	0.00%	2-8	42		26
Pacific Gas & Electric Loan	2025	0.00%	0-2	20		11
iBank	2048	3.52-3.56%	462-3,991	17,000		17,000
						17,037
Total long-term liabilities					\$	48,037
Discrete Component Units						
<u>Sonoma Water</u>						
Advances from other governments from direct borrowing	-					
California Department of Water Resources	2027	2.79%	\$ 653-1,019	\$ 15,857	Ş	8,227
Revenue and General Obligation Bonds from direct plac	ement:					
General Obligation Bonds	2017-2020	5.00%	31-41	800		27
2017 Water and Wastewater Revenue Bonds	2026	2.33%	333-409	3,690		3,013
Devenue Develo						3,040
Revenue Bonds: 2012A Water Revenue Refunding Bonds	2032	.30-5.00%	0-815	12,265		9,350
2015A & AT Water Revenue Refunding Bonds	2040	2.25-5.0%	0-1,335	23,865		21,785
						31,135
Contracts payable	2034	3.23%	2,934-6,286	102,371		77,613
Capital Lease Obligations	2020-2023	4.08-4.30%	260-505	8,585		2,515
Total long term liabilities					\$	122,530
Community Development Commission						
USDA Loan from direct borrowing	2037	5.63%	6	Ş 817	\$	754
Total long-term liabilities					\$	754

Debt Related Disclosures

Additional information related to debt including unused lines of credit; assets pledged as collateral for the debt; and terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences, significant termination events with finance-related consequences, and significant subjective acceleration clauses as required by GASB Statement No. 88, *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements* are noted below:

Certificates of Participation (COP) – The County issued the 2010 Administration Building COP, as a direct borrowing, to provide financing for acquisition, construction, rehabilitation and building improvements.

The County refunded the 2009 Energy COP, as a direct borrowing in March 2017 to defease outstanding debt of \$16,515, issuing new debt of \$17,225 to be fully paid by the end of 2026. The proceeds provided funding for a comprehensive energy project.

Debt service payments for the COPs are funded by legally available resources of the County and are fully collateralized by the facilities financed with the proceeds of the certificates of participation. The COP agreements contain provisions, that in the event of default the interest rate increases on the outstanding balance. In the event of default or termination, the County would be responsible for all costs incurred.

Bonds payable – In 2015 \$72,770 in Open Space revenue bonds were issued with the proceeds used to refund the Open Space 2007A bonds. Bond proceeds fund the acquisition and preservation of open space in the County.

The bonds are payable by legally available resources of the Open Space Special Tax Account (OSSTA) and are fully collateralized by the Measure F quarter cent sales tax revenue and assets financed with the proceeds. For the year ended June 30, 2019, principal and interest paid, and total sales tax revenues, were \$7,506 and \$26,732 respectively An event of default would require the immediate liquidation of the repurchase securities, however there are no repurchase securities held by the County as of June 30, 2019. The County would be required to transfer to the Trustee all revenues held with the County.

Pension Obligation Bonds – Pension obligation bonds were issued as direct placement debt in 2003 and 2010 to fund the County's unfunded pension liability.

Debt service payments are funded by charges to County departments based on the proportionate share of salaries and benefit expenses. In the event of default, the County treasury would be required to transfer funds sufficient to pay the principal and interest due and for expenses of the Trustee incurred in the performance of its powers and duties.

Loans Payable – The Sonoma County Securitization Corporation (Corporation) borrowed, as direct borrowing, from the California County Tobacco Securitization Agency the proceeds of the Series 2005 Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Refunding Bonds to provide additional resources and to refund the Series 2002 A and B Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Bonds issued by the Agency. The Corporation has pledged all revenue from the tobacco Master Settlement Agreement (MSA) for the repayment of the Bonds. The MSA was originally entered into by the four major cigarette manufacturers, 46 states and six other U.S. jurisdictions (Settling States) to provide state governments (including California) with compensation for smoking related medical costs and to help reduce smoking in the United States.

There is no limit to the annual settlement payments; they are perpetual. In addition, a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) and a supplemental agreement (ARIMOU) was agreed to by the State of California and all California counties and four California cities, granting those California municipalities the right to receive tobacco settlement allocation payments, (also known as Tobacco Settlement Revenues (TSRs)). Under the terms of the tobacco bond indenture, the bonds are payable solely from certain funds held under the indenture, including TSRs and earnings on such funds. However, actual payments on the bonds depend on the amount of TSRs received by the County. The amount of these TSRs is affected by cigarette consumption and the financial capability of the participating manufacturers. There are a number of risks associated with the amount of actual TSRs the County receives each year, including a decline in cigarette consumption materially beyond forecasted levels, and other future adjustments to the calculation of the TSRs. If actual events deviate from one or more of the assumptions underlying the Base Case, the amount of TSRs available to make Turbo Redemption, interest, and principal payments will be affected. No assurance can be given that the projected payments and Turbo Redemptions will be realized. The Sonoma County Securitization Corporation has pledged all revenues to be received from the tobacco Master Settlement Agreement (MSA) to repay the outstanding principal of \$67,970. Total principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$138,793 payable through 2045. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, principal and interest payments were \$5,212 while tobacco settlement revenue was \$4,964. Based on the information above, the County presents the bonds debt service to maturity assuming no further turbo payments.

Contracts Payable – As part of the Roseland Annexation by the City of Santa Rosa, the County has agreed to make payments over the next eight years for the improvement of infrastructure. Payments are funded by legally available resources of the County.

Capital Lease Obligation – The County has entered into capital lease obligations to acquire various machinery and equipment. Debt service payments are funded by legally available resources. In the event of default or termination all current amounts are immediately due and payable. The Lessor has the right to retake possession of the equipment.

Energy Bonds Payable – The Sonoma County Public Financing Authority sold increments of special Contractual Assessment Revenue Bonds to the County's Treasury and to Sonoma Water as direct placement debt. The proceeds of the bonds were lent to the Energy Independence Program major enterprise fund to finance the County's Energy Independence program.

Loans and Advances – Advances from other governments represent direct borrowings: (a) loans from the California Department of Boating and Waterways and the California Coastal Conservancy and (b) loans from various state and local agencies for which debt service payments are funded by the operations of the related fund or activity. Real and personal property and net revenues are irrevocably pledged as security for this loans. In the event of default the lenders may declare all principal and accrued interest immediately due and payable.

Discrete component unit detailed disclosures on debt as required by GASB Statement No. 88, *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements,* are not replicated here in the County notes.

(c) Arbitrage

The Tax Reform Act of 1986 instituted certain arbitrage restrictions with respect to the issuance of tax-exempt bonds after August 31, 1986. Arbitrage regulations deal with the investment of all tax-exempt bond proceeds at an interest yield greater than the interest yield paid to bondholders. Generally, all interest paid to bondholders can be retroactively rendered taxable if applicable rebates are not reported and paid to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) at least every five years. During the current year, the County performed calculations of excess investment earnings on various bonds and financings, and at June 30, 2019, does not expect to incur a liability.

(d) Debt service requirements

Following is a schedule of debt payment requirements to maturity for long-term obligations outstanding at June 30, 2019, excluding compensated absences, OPEB, and self-insurance liabilities that have indefinite maturities:

Governmental Activities

	Ce	rtificates of	Par	ticipation						n Bonds			
		from direct borrowing				Bonds Payable				from direct placement			
Year ending June 30:	F	rincipal		Interest	P	rincipal		nterest		Principal		Interest	
2020	\$	1,758	\$	367	\$	6,035	\$	1,471	\$	30,955	\$	19,400	
2021		1,919		322		6,340		1,162		34,725		17,636	
2022		2,063		271		6,665		837		38,810		15,660	
2023		2,143		217		7,010		495		42,935		13,457	
2024		2,126		162		6,390		160		21,065		11,665	
2025-2029		4,920		174		-		-		153,505		34,251	
2030-2034		-		-		-		-		30,375		911	
Subtotals		14,929		1,513		32,440		4,125		352,370		112,980	
Issuance premiums		-		-		3,913		-		-		-	
Total	\$	14,929	\$	1,513	\$	36,353	\$	4,125	\$	352,370	\$	112,980	

		Loans F	Paya	able									
	f	from direct borrowings				Contracts Payable				Capital Lease Obligations			
Year ending June 30:	P	rincipal		Interest	F	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	
2020	\$	4	\$	3,505	\$	662	\$	-	\$	470	\$	158	
2021		-		3,505		662		-		488		142	
2022		-		3,505		662		-		507		125	
2023		-		3,505		662		-		526		107	
2024		-		3,505		662		-		510		88	
2025-2029		9,665		16,078		1,986		-		1,906		168	
2030-2034		-		15,111		-		-		-		-	
2035-2039		31,045		13,520		-		-		-		-	
2039-2043		-		7,156		-		-		-		-	
2045-2049		27,260		1,431		-		-		-		-	
Total	\$	67,974	\$	70,821	\$	5,296	\$	-	\$	4,407	\$	788	

Business-type Activities

	Loans P	ayable	Advances From Other						
	from	direct	Governm	ents from	Engergy Bonds				
	borro	wing	Notes P	ayable	direct be	orrowing	Payable		
Year ending June 30:	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2020	\$ 436	\$ 595	\$ 64	\$ 10	\$ 386	\$ 88	\$ 1,668	\$ 803	
2021	452	580	51	8	354	72	1,687	786	
2022	467	564	-	6	365	57	1,687	735	
2023	477	548	205	2	381	41	1,746	685	
2024	492	531	-	-	25	24	1,848	631	
2025-2029	2,722	2,376	-	-	135	110	10,782	2,251	
2030-2034	3,239	1,849	-	-	118	93	6,766	747	
2035-2039	3,854	1,223	-	-	131	76	2,051	149	
2040-2044	3,845	490	-	-	150	57	76	1	
2045-2049	1,053	78	-	-	172	36	-	-	
2050-2054					152	11			
Total	<u>\$ 17,037</u>	<u>\$ 8,834</u>	<u>\$ 320</u>	<u>\$ 26</u>	<u>\$ 2,369</u>	\$ 665	\$ 28,311	\$ 6,788	

Discrete Component Units

<u>Sonoma Water</u>

<u>Sonoma water</u>								
	Long-tern	n Contracts	Bonds from di	rect placement	Revenue Bonds			
Year ending June 30:	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest		
2020	\$ 3,783	\$ 2,503	\$ 375	\$ 67	\$ 1,260	\$ 1,059		
2021	3,905	2,381	360	58	1,305	1,013		
2022	4,030	2,255	361	49	1,365	955		
2023	4,160	2,125	372	41	1,420	892		
2024	4,295	1,991	377	32	1,490	828		
2025-2029	23,642	7,786	1,195	42	8,350	3,177		
2030-2034	27,709	3,719	-	-	8,870	1,811		
2035-2039	6,089	196	-	-	5,430	688		
2040-2044	-	-	-		1,645	58		
Subtotals	77,613	22,956	3,040	289	31,135	10,481		
Issuance premiums			1,300					
Total	\$ 77,613	\$ 22,956	\$ 4,340	\$ 289	\$ 31,135	\$ 10,481		

Advances from other

	Capital Lease Obilgations					Governments from direct borrowing				
Year ending June 30:	Pr	incipal	In	Interest		Principal		Interest		
2020	\$	681	\$	106	\$	405	\$	235		
2021		586		71		827		213		
2022		483		48		851		189		
2023		504		28		875		166		
2024		261		6		899		141		
2025-2029		-		-		4,370		311		
Total	\$	2,515	\$	259	\$	8,227	\$	1,255		

Community Development Commisssion

	Loans Payable						
	fro	m direct	borro	owing			
Year ending June 30:	Prii	ncipal	Int	erest			
2020	\$	7	\$	24			
2021		7		24			
2022		8		24			
2023		8		13			
2024		8		12			
2025-2029		50		54			
2030-2034		66		38			
2035-2039		600		17			
Total	\$	754	\$	206			

NOTE 10 – ADVANCES FROM GRANTORS AND THIRD PARTIES

Under both the modified accrual and accrual basis of accounting, revenue may be recognized only when earned. Therefore, governmental and enterprise funds report advances from grantors and third parties in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned, as a liability. At June 30, 2019, advances from grantors and third parties are as follows:

			Ser	man vices ecial	Sani	th and tation ecial				
<u>Governmental Activities</u> Total advances from grantors and third parties	<u>Genera</u> <u>\$5</u>	al ,305	<u>Rev</u> \$	enue 3,716	<u>Rev</u> \$	<u>enue</u> 3,030	Other \$	Funds	<u>\$</u>	<u>Total</u> 12,444
Business-Type Activities Total advances from grantors and third parties	Transi \$	t 589	<u> </u>	otal 589						

NOTE 11 – DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

At June 30, 2019, deferred inflows of resources are as follows:

				He	ealth and					
		Humar	n Services	Sa	initation	Roa	ds Special			
<u>Governmental Funds</u>	 General	Special	l Revenue	Speci	al Revenue	R	evenue	Othe	r Funds	Total
Unavailable revenue	\$ 6,171	\$	704	\$	8,277	\$	231	\$	134	\$ 15,517

	In	ternal							
Governmental Activities	Servi	ce Funds	Ot	her Funds	 Total				
Deferred amounts related to pension Deferred amounts related to OPEB	\$	5,489 56,182	\$	59 589	\$ 5,548 56,771				
Total	\$	61,671	\$	648	\$ 62,319				
Business-Type Activities	R	efuse		Airport	 Transit	Othe	r Funds		Total
Service concession arrangement	\$	36,149	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	36,149
Deferred amounts related to pension		130		15	14		703		862
Deferred amounts related to OPEB		158		222	87		286		753
		120		222	 07		200	_	755

For additional information on the service concession arrangement see Note 18, for deferred amounts related to pension see Note 13, and for deferred amounts related to OPEB see Note 14.

NOTE 12 – NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES

(a) Classification

Fund balances at June 30, 2019 were classified as follows:

	(General	man Services ecial Revenue	Health and Sanitation Special Revenue	Open Space Special Tax Account Special Revenue
Nonspendable:					
Inventories	\$	170	\$ -	\$-	\$-
Prepaid items and deposits		255	2,844	89	-
Advances		8,541	 -		
Total nonspendable fund balances		8,966	 2,844	89	
Restricted:					
Agricultural Preservation and Open Space District		-	-	-	53,602
Capital projects and equipment replacement		-	-	-	-
First 5 Children and Families Commission		-	-	-	-
Debt service		-	-	-	-
Park donations, mitigations and operations		-	-	-	-
Courthouse/Criminal justice construction		-	-	-	-
Health services programs		-	-	53,074	-
Fire and emergency services		-	-	-	-
Public assistance		-	27,542	-	-
Lighting districts		-	-	-	-
Road maintenance		-	-	-	-
Public protection		-	-	-	-
Clerk, recorder, assessor operations		-	-	-	-
Other programs		-	 		
Total restricted fund balances			 27,542	53,074	53,602
Committed:					
Road activities		-	-	-	-
Advertising activities		-	-	-	-
Other programs		15	 -		
Total committed fund balances		15	 		
Capital projects and equipment replacement		16,242	-	-	-
Tribal development impact mitigation		27,873	-	-	-
Redevelopment agencies		13,726	-	-	-
General services		9,682	-	-	-
Public protection		5,977	-	-	-
Road maintenance		-	-	-	-
Encumbrances		4,711	-	-	-
Contract negotiations		10,386	-	-	-
October 2017 Fires		5,759	-	-	-
Cannabis program		3,278	-	-	-
Other programs		13,950	 		
Total assigned fund balances		111,584	 -		
Unassigned		71,294	 -		
Total fund balances	\$	191,859	\$ 30,386	\$ 53,163	\$ 53,602

Roads Special			
Revenue	Other Funds	Total	
			Nonspendable:
\$ 636	\$ 12	\$ 818	Inventories
33	149	3,370	Prepaid items and deposits
		8,541	Advances
669	161	12,729	Total nonspendable fund balances
			Restricted:
-	11,189	64,791	Agricultural Preservation and Open Space District
11,095	25,063	36,158	Capital projects and equipment replacement
-	10,200	10,200	First 5 Children and Families Commission
-	12,764	12,764	Debt service
-	2,361	2,361	Park donations, mitigations and operations
-	1,881	1,881	Courthouse/Criminal justice construction
-	2,349	55,423	Health services programs
-	2,627	2,627	Fire and emergency services
-	26	27,568	Public assistance
-	8,788	8,788	Lighting districts
353	862	1,215	Road maintenance
-	44,080	44,080	Public protection
-	3,587	3,587	Clerk, recorder, assessor operations
	3,766	3,766	Other programs
11,448	129,543	275,209	Total restricted fund balances
			Committed:
1,304	-	1,304	Road activities
-	7,848	7,848	Advertising activities
		15	Other programs
1,304	7,848	9,167	Total committed fund balances
21,177	14,150	51,569	Capital projects and equipment replacement
-	-	27,873	Tribal development impact mitigation
-	-	13,726	Redevelopment agencies
-	-	9,682	General services
-	-	5,977	Public protection
11,164	-	11,164	Road maintenance
-	-	4,711	Encumbrances
-	-	10,386	Contract negotiations
-	-	5,759	October 2017 Fires
-	-	3,278	Cannabis program
		13,950	Other programs
32,341	14,150	158,075	Total assigned fund balances
		71,294	Unassigned
\$ 45,762	\$ 151,702	\$ 526,474	Total fund balances

NOTE 12 - FUND BALANCES (Continued)

(b) Retained Deficits

Internal Service Funds

The County's Employee Retirement Internal Service Fund has a retained deficit of \$560,781 at June 30, 2019. This fund is used to account for the County's pension related activities and includes the pension obligation bonds as well as the net pension liability. The County funds contributions to the pension plan and debt service payments for the pension obligation bonds with charges collected from departments through bi-weekly payroll. Collections from departments are sufficient to cover the annual contributions to the pension plan and debt service payments but are not intended to build an asset balance in this fund. Consequently, this fund is expected to have a retained deficit until the pension obligation bonds are repaid and the pension plan is fully funded.

The County's Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Internal Service Fund has a retained deficit of \$248,811 at June 30, 2019. This fund is used to account for the County's other postemployment benefit related activities and includes the net OPEB liability. The County funds contributions to OPEB with charges collected from departments through bi-weekly payroll. Collections from departments are sufficient to cover the annual contributions to annual OPEB costs and contribute to the PARS OPEB trust to fund future OPEB payments. Consequently, this fund is expected to have a retained deficit until the OPEB obligation is fully funded.

Private Purpose Trust Fund

The Private Purpose Trust Fund has retained deficit of \$3,571 at June 30, 2019. This fund reports the assets and liabilities of the Sonoma County Redevelopment Successor Agency. Debt service payments for these bonds are funded with property tax revenues, which are allocated to the Private Purpose Trust Fund semi-annually in an amount based on a Recognized Obligation Payment Schedule. Property tax revenues allocated to the trust annually are sufficient to pay the annual debt service payments, but are not intended to build an asset balance in the trust. Therefore, this trust is expected to have a retained deficit until the tax allocation refunding bonds are repaid.

NOTE 13 – EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLANS

(a) Plan Description

The Sonoma County Employees' Retirement Association (SCERA) was established January 1, 1946, under the provisions of the 1937 County Employees Retirement Act. SCERA is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Plan), legally separate entity from the County.

All General and Safety employees hired on or after January 1, 2013, with the exception of employees who are eligible for reciprocity with another qualified California retirement system, are part of a tier called Plan B. General and Safety employees hired before January 1, 2013 are part of the original Plan called Plan A.

Plan members include employees in a permanent position of at least half time for employees of the County of Sonoma, Sonoma County Transportation Authority, Valley of the Moon Fire District, and Superior Courts of California. Plan members are classified as either General or Safety (e.g., eligible Sheriff, Fire, and Probation Department employees). Membership becomes effective on the first day of service. The Plan provides benefits as defined by the law upon retirement, death, or disability of members and may be amended by the Board of Supervisors and then shall be implemented by the Board of Retirement.

At December 31, 2018, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation, Plan membership consisted of the following:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	5,096
Current active members	4,021
Inactive vested members	1,295
Total	10,412

SCERA issues a financial report available to the public that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Plan, available upon request from SCERA at 433 Aviation Boulevard, Santa Rosa, California, 95403, or can be found online at www.SCRETIRE.com.

(b) Benefits Provided

Benefit Tiers

The tiers and the basic provisions are listed in the following table:

Tier Name	Membership Effective Date	Basic Provisions	Final Average
Plan A			
General Membership	Before January 1, 2013	3% at 60	Highest 1-year
Safety Membership	Before January 1, 2013	3% at 50	Highest 1-year
Plan B			
General Membership	January 1, 2013	2.5% at 67	Highest 3-year
Safety Membership	January 1, 2013	2.7% at 57	Highest 3-year

Vesting

Upon completing five years of creditable service, employees have non-revocable rights to receive benefits attributable to employer's contributions, provided employee contributions have not been withdrawn. Plan A members are eligible to retire at age 50 with ten years of service from the date of membership or thirty years of service (safety members-twenty years of service) regardless of age. Plan B General members are eligible to retire at age 52 with five years of service; Plan B Safety members are eligible to retire at age 50 with five years of service. Members in all plans are eligible to retire at age 70, regardless of years of service.

NOTE 13 - EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Benefit Payments

Benefits are based upon a combination of age, years of service, final compensation and the benefit payment option selected by the member. For Plan A members, final compensation is defined as the highest 12 consecutive months of compensation earnable. The maximum benefit payable to a member or beneficiary is 100% of the final compensation. For Plan B members, final compensation is based on the highest 36 months of pensionable compensation. Additionally Plan B members are limited in the amount of compensation used to calculate a benefit to 100% of the Social Security taxable wage base limit.

Cost of Living Adjustments

SCERA has approved, on an ad hoc basis, several one-time, post-retirement cost of living increases (COLAs), the last of which was in 2008. These cost of living increases have been fully funded by transfers from the Undistributed Earnings Reserve, Cost of Living Future Reserve, or Interest Fluctuation Reserve into the Cost of Living Current Reserve account.

Death Benefit – Prior to Retirement

In addition to the return of contributions, a death benefit is payable to the member's beneficiary or estate equal to one month's salary for each completed year of service under the retirement system (based on the final compensation preceding the member's death), but not to exceed 6 months of salary. If a member dies while eligible for service retirement or non-service connected disability, his or her spouse/domestic partner receives 60% of the allowance that the member would have received for retirement on the day of the member's death. If a member dies in the performance of duty, the spouse/domestic partner will receive a lifetime benefit equal to 50% of the member's highest average compensation or a service retirement benefit, whichever is higher.

Death Benefit – After Retirement

As part of the retirement process, members are required to select among several options for benefits continuation upon the member's death. For married/domestic partner retirees, the most common retirement option is the unmodified option, which pays the retiree's eligible spouse or domestic partner a lifetime benefit equal to 60% of the benefit the retiree was receiving.

Disability Benefit

Members with 5 years of service, regardless of age, are eligible for non-service connected disability. The benefit for Plan A members is 1.8% of final compensation for each year of service; and the benefit for Plan B members is 1.5% of final compensation for each year of service. The maximum benefit for both Plans is 1/3 of final compensation. All employees, regardless of years of service are eligible for service connected disability. The benefit of a service connected disability is the greater of 50% of the highest average compensation or service retirement benefit.

Return of Contributions

If a member should resign or die before becoming eligible for retirement, his or her contribution plus interest may be refunded. In lieu of receiving a return of contributions, a member may elect to leave his or her contributions on deposit. Members with at least five years of service may choose to receive a deferred vested benefit when eligible for retirement.
NOTE 13 - EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

(c) Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The table below summarizes the actuarial methods and assumptions of Plan A and Plan B for the actuarial valuation and measurement date of December 31, 2018:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age
Asset valuation method	5 –year smoothed market value
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	7.00%
Projected salary increases - General	3.75% to 8.75%
Projected salary increases - Safety	4.00% to 10.75%
Inflation	2.75%
Cost-of-living adjustments	None

In the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation, Plan A used the entry age normal cost method. Under the entry age normal cost method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the working lifetime of the individual. Plan B uses a single rate methodology, regardless of entry age, where members pay 50% of the normal cost. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a 5-year period. The funding policy adopted by the Board of Retirement is to amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) at December 31, 2007 as well as any new UAAL established on each subsequent actuarial valuation after the December 31, 2007 valuation over separate 20-year declining periods. The UAAL established as a result of including as pensionable salary a cash allowance of \$3.45 per hour for General-County and Safety-County members is amortized over a 20-year declining period, with 9 years remaining as of December 31, 2018.

(d) Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of Plan members and the County are determined by an independent actuary, approved by the SCERA Board of Retirement, and adopted by the Board of Supervisors. The contribution rates for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 were based on the Plan's valuation dated December 31, 2015. The contribution rates determined in each actuarial valuation take effect at the beginning of the fiscal year starting at least twelve months after the beginning of the valuation year, except when significant benefit or actuarial assumption changes occur. Plan A members are required to contribute between approximately 10% and 15% of their annual covered salary, and the member's particular rate is based upon age at entry into the system. Plan B members are required to contribute a flat rate as calculated by the actuary. The County is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the coverage of employees through periodic contributions at actuarially determined rates. Employer and member contributions are funded and recognized through the County and District payroll systems via employer benefit payments and employee deductions. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the County contributed \$57,797 or approximately 18.79% of covered payroll.

(e) Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the County reported a liability of \$418,350 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability and discrete component units reported their proportionate share of \$34,752. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2018 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the County's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all Plan participants, actuarially determined. At December 31, 2018, the County's proportion was 84.64%, an increase of 3.91% compared to December 31, 2017, and the discrete component unit's proportion was 7.03%, an increase of 0.50%, compared to December 31, 2017.

NOTE 13 - EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County recognized a pension expense of \$106,515 and the discrete component units recognized a pension expense of \$8,855. At June 30, 2019, the County and discrete component units reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of		Deferred Inflows of	
	Resources		F	Resources
Governmental Activities				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	9,516	\$	(444)
Changes in assumptions		19,825		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments		105,719		-
Changes in proportion and differences between County contributions and proportionate				
share of contributions		10,913		(5,104)
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		26,973		-
County prepayment of future year contributions		31,476		-
Total	\$	204,422	\$	(5,548)
Business-Type Activities				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	81	\$	(27)
Changes in assumptions		249		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments		869		(549)
Changes in proportion and differences between County contributions and proportionate				
share of contributions		99		(286)
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		524		-
Total	\$	1,822	\$	(862)
Discrete Component Units				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	811	\$	(51)
Changes in assumptions		1,760		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments		9,089		-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions		1,215		(457)
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		2,165		-
Total	\$	15,040	\$	(508)

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources above represent the unamortized portion of changes to net pension liability to be recognized in future periods in a systematic and rational manner. Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date are recorded as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and will be recognized as a reduction of net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020 totaling \$27,497 for the County and \$2,165 for discrete component units. The County has prepayments of future year contributions on deposit with SCERA of \$31,476 at June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Governmental Activities (1)		Business-Type Activities (1)	Discrete Component Units (1)		
2020	\$	43,711	\$ 256	\$	3,877	
2021		19,719	40		1,884	
2022		25,906	(66)		2,417	
2023		51,089	 206		4,189	
Total	\$	140,425	\$ 436	\$	12,367	

(1) Brackets indicate negative expense

NOTE 13 - EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

(f) Discount Rate

The discount rates used to measure the total pension liability were 7.00% and 7.25% as of December 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. For this purpose, only employee and employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of both December 31, 2018 and 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on assets was determined using a building block approach in which an expected future real rate of return is developed for each major asset class. These expected rates are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage adjusted by inflation and a risk margin. The target allocation and projected arithmetic real rates of return, after deducting inflation, but before investment expenses, used in the derivation of the long-term expected investment rate of return assumption as of December 31, 2018 are summarized in the table below:

	Long-term Expected			
			Arithmetic Real	
Asset Class	Target Allocation	<u> </u>	Rate of Return	
Large Cap Equity	17.97	%	5.34 %	
Small Cap Equity	5.45	%	6.08 %	
Developed International Equity	16.71	%	6.80 %	
Global Equity	15.55	%	6.44 %	
Emerging Market Equity	5.57	%	8.75 %	
Core Bonds	14.75	%	1.12 %	
Bank Loan	3.00	%	3.55 %	
Real Estate	10.00	%	4.58 %	
Farmland	5.00	%	6.81 %	
Unconstrained Bonds	3.00	%	3.22 %	
Infrastructure	3.00	%	6.70 %	
Total	100.00	%		

(g) Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

The following presents the governmental activities, business-type activities and discrete component units proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate.

	 1% DecreaseCurrent Discount Rate(6.00%)(7.00%)		1% Increase (8.00%)		
Governmental Activities	\$ 712,859	\$	414,252	\$	166,149
Business-Type Activities	8,020		4,098		834
Discrete Component Units	 59,802		34,752		13,938
Total	\$ 780,681	\$	453,102	\$	180,921

NOTE 14 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

(a) Plan Description

The County of Sonoma (County) maintains an Other Postemployment Healthcare Plan (OPEB or Plan). The Plan is a single employer defined benefit plan which is administered by the County. The authority to establish and amend benefit provisions of the Plan resides with the County Board of Supervisors.

The County established an OPEB trust with the Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS) in 2008 to accumulate resources to fund future benefit payments of the Plan. The OPEB trust is reported in the County of Sonoma's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR).

In accordance with a County Board of Supervisors approved salary resolution and memorandum of understanding, the Plan includes unrepresented and represented employees hired prior to January 1, 2009, with at least 10 consecutive years of regular full-time paid employment. The Plan was closed to new participants on January 1, 2009.

(b) Benefits Provided

Retirees and the County share in the cost of monthly premiums for medical coverage. The County contribution toward General plan member premiums is a \$500 per month maximum contribution. Retired Safety and Law Enforcement Management receive a County contribution of \$500 per month to the Deputy Sheriff Association Retiree Medical Trust. Retirees may enroll eligible dependents in the County medical plan elected by the retiree, but the retiree is responsible for all premium costs in excess of the County's contribution. In the case of a Safety employee's line-of-duty death pursuant to the California labor code, dependents of the deceased employee are eligible to receive County-subsidized medical coverage. In addition to the monthly contribution, the County reimburses General retirees hired prior to January 1, 2009, a fixed amount of \$96.40 per month for Medicare Part B premiums. Safety and Law Enforcement Management retirees are not eligible for the Medicare Part B reimbursement.

(c) Timeframes for GASB 75

For financial accounting and reporting purposes, GASB 75 requires using a reporting date of June 30, 2019. The County elected to use a measurement date of June 30, 2018 for the actuarial valuation due to the availability of certain information.

The net OPEB liability and asset information is reported within certain defined timeframes as listed below:

Reporting Date	June 30, 2019
Valuation Date	June 30, 2018
Measurement Date	June 30, 2018

As of June 30, 2018 measurement date, plan membership consisted of the following:

Retirees, beneficiaries, and dependents currently receiving benefits	4,110
Retirees eligible but not yet receiving benefits	136
Active members eligible for OPEB	<u>1,775</u>
Total	<u>6,021</u>

(d) Contributions

The Plan funding policy provides for periodic contributions by the County. The contributions rate as a percentage of covered payroll was 8.8% for 2018-19, 8.3% for 2019-20 and will be 8.8% thereafter, and is authorized annually by the County Board of Supervisors to finance the costs of benefits for plan members, with an additional amount to finance the unfunded accrued liability. Employees do not contribute to the Plan.

(e) Net OPEB Liability – Employer GASB 75

At June 30, 2019 the County's governmental activities, business activities and discrete component units reported net OPEB liabilities of \$225,720, \$4,092 and \$20,090 respectively. The net OPEB liability decreased 25.46%.

(f) Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The Net OPEB Liability (NOL) was measured as of June 30, 2018 and 2017 and determined based on the total OPEB liability from actuarial valuations as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement. The Excise Tax imposed by the Affordable Care Act and related statutes was first reflected in the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017:

Actuarial cost method Inflation	Entry Age Normal 3.00%
Investment rate of return	
	6.50%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation
Projected salary increases	3.50%
Other assumptions	Analysis of actuarial experience per the January 1, 2012 through December 31,
	2014 Actuarial Experience Study dated October 2, 2015 and the Economic
	Actuarial Assumption Study for December 31, 2015 Actuarial Valuation dated
	September 30, 2015 for the Sonoma County Employees' Retirement Association
	(SCERA)

(g) Investments

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB Plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These returns are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation and subtracting expected investment expenses and a risk margin. The target allocation and projected arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class, after deducting inflation, but before investment expenses, were used in the derivation of the long-term expected investment rate of return assumptions.

The County's Investment Guidelines for OPEB are detailed in the "Investment Guidelines Document – County of Sonoma Post-Employment Health Care Plan Investment Policy Document – June 2017". The Board's adopted asset allocation policy for OPEB as of June 2017 follows below:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Large Cap U.S.Equity	30%	6.7%
Mid Cap U.S. Equity	4%	6.7%
Small Cap U.S. Equity	8%	6.7%
International Equity	8%	7.7%
Global Equity	6%	7.7%
U.S. Core Fixed Income	31%	2.1%
Alternatives	8%	3.9%
Cash	1%	1.1%
Real Estate	4%	5.2%
Total	100%	

(h) Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability (TOL) was 6.50% as of June 30, 2018; as of June 30, 2017 the discount rate was 3.78%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates proportional to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments.

(i) Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

<u> </u>	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total OPEB P			n Fiduciary	Net OPEB	
		Liability	Ne	t Position		Liability
Balances at June 30, 2018, as restated	\$	384,645	\$	49,743	\$	334,902
Changes for the year:						
Service Cost		10,829		-		10,829
Interest		14,500		-		14,500
Differences between expected and actual experience		3,176		-		3,176
Changes of assumptions		(83,322)		-		(83,322)
Contributions – employer		-		26,667		(26,667)
Net investment income		-		3,699		(3,699)
Benefit payments		(22,168)		(22,168)		-
Administrative expense		-		(183)		183
Net changes		(76,985)		8,015		(85,000)
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$	307,660	\$	57,758	\$	249,902

The net OPEB liability decreased primarily due to increasing the discount rate from 3.78% to 6.50%. The current assumption projects future contributions of 8.80% of future open payroll and that plan assets will be sufficient to make all benefit payments. The schedule above does not agree to the Fiduciary Plan net position due to the Sonoma County Fair and other non-County entities (Sonoma County Transportation Authority).

(j) Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018 calculated using the discount rate of 6.50%, as well as what the County's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

	1	% Decrease	Current Discou	int Rate	1	1% Increase
		(5.50%)	(6.50%)			(7.50%)
Governmental Activities		249,513		225,720		205,034
Business-Type Activities		4,550		4,092		3,696
Discrete Component Units		22,208		20,090		18,249
Total	\$	276,271	\$	249,902	\$	226,979

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018, calculated using the trend rates of +1% higher, as well as what the County's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using trend rate that are 1% lower than the current rates:

	1% Decrease		Current Trend			1% Increase		
		(Trend -1%)		Rates (1)		(Trend +1%)		
Governmental Activities	\$	223,564	\$	225,720	\$	232,610		
Business-Type Activities		4,013		4,092		4,232		
Discrete Component Units		19,898		20,090		20,703		
Total	\$	247,475	\$	249,902	\$	257,545		

(1) The County Health Plan Medical trends for ages under 65 grade from 7.50% in 2018/2019 down to 4.50% over 6 years. County Health Plan Medical trends for ages over 65 grade from 6.00% in 2018-2019 down to 4.50% over 6 years. County Health Plan Drug trends grade from 6.50% in 2018-2019 down to 4.50% over 4 years. HMO Medical/Drug trends grade from 6.50% in 2018-2019 down to 4.50% over 8 years. ASO fees assumed trend in 5.00% in 2018-2019, then 4.50% thereafter.

(k) Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2019 the County recognized OPEB expense of (\$15,968). The discrete component units recognized OPEB expense of (\$1,522). At June 30, 2019, the County and its component units reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
<u>Governmental Activities</u>				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,810	\$ (449)	
Changes in assumptions		-	(54 <i>,</i> 859)	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments		-	(1,132)	
Changes in proportion and differences between County contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions		472	(331)	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		26,013	 	
Total	\$	28,295	\$ (56,771)	
Business-Type Activities				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	17	\$ (11)	
Changes in assumptions		-	(617)	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments		-	(18)	
Changes in proportion and differences between County contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions		140	(107)	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		498	 -	
Total	\$	655	\$ (753)	
Discrete Component Units				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	161	\$ (40)	
Changes in assumptions		-	(4,882)	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments		-	(101)	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions				
and proportionate share of contributions		77	(298)	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		2,315	 -	
Total	\$	2,553	\$ (5,321)	

Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date are recorded as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB and will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 and totaled \$26,511 for the County and \$2,315 for the discrete component units. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized as follows:

	Fiscal Year Ending	Governmental		ear Ending Governmental Business-Type		Discrete Componer		
_	June 30,	Activities (1)		Activities (1)		 Activities (1)		Units (1)
	2020	\$	(35,579)	\$ (326)	\$	(3,272)		
	2021		(18,493)	(262)		(1,775)		
	2022		(358)	(5)		(32)		
	2023		(59 <u>)</u>	 (3)		(5)		
	Total	\$	(54,489)	\$ (596)	\$	(5,084)		

(1) Brackets indicate negative expense

(I) OPEB Fiduciary Plan – GASB 74

The following information is provided for the OPEB plan in accordance with GASB 74. The OPEB Fiduciary Plan is the same Plan as reported above, however, the scope of GASB 74 includes the OPEB Fiduciary Trust. In addition, the reporting periods differ and, as such, the financial information is different. Certain information requiring footnote disclosure is repetitive.

The OPEB Plan is administered by the County and is presented in the statements of fiduciary net position and change in fiduciary net position. The net OPEB plan liability and asset information is reported within certain defined timeframes as listed below:

Reporting Date	June 30, 2019
Valuation Date	June 30, 2019
Measurement Date	June 30, 2019

As of June 30, 2019 measurement date plan membership consisted of the following:

Retirees, beneficiaries, and dependents currently receiving benefits	4,229
Retirees eligible but not yet receiving benefits	118
Active members eligible for OPEB	<u>1,595</u>
Total	<u>5,942</u>

(m) Net OPEB Liability

Components of the net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2019:

Total OPEB liability	\$ 303,941
Plan fiduciary net position	 66,060
Net OPEB liability	\$ 237,881
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage ot the total OPEB liability	21.7%

(n) Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the County and OPEB members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the County and OPEB members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 with a measurement date of June 30, 2019, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, except the Excise Tax imposed by the Affordable Care Act and related statutes was reflected in the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Inflation	2.75%
Investment rate of return	6.50%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation
Projected salary increases	3.25%
Other assumptions	Analysis of actuarial experience per the January 1, 2015 through
	December 31, 2017 Actuarial Experience Study dated September 25,
	2018 for Sonoma County Employees' Retirement Association (SCERA)

(o) Investments

The following is the County's adopted asset allocation policy for OPEB as of June 2017, presented with the long-term expected real rate of return as of the June 30, 2019 measurement date:

		Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Large Cap U.S.Equity	30%	6.7%
Mid Cap U.S. Equity	4%	6.7%
Small Cap U.S. Equity	8%	6.7%
International Equity	8%	7.7%
Global Equity	6%	7.7%
U.S. Core Fixed Income	31%	2.1%
Alternatives	8%	3.9%
Cash	1%	1.1%
Real Estate	4%	5.2%
Total	100%	

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense was 7.61%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the amounts actually invested.

(p) Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.50% as of June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions of 8.3% of payroll in fiscal year 2019-2020, then 8.8% of future open group payroll. This rate is established annually through approval of the County's Budget. For this purpose, employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs for future plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current plan members.

(q) Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2019 calculated using the discount rate of 6.50%, as well as what the County's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

1% Decrease					
(5.50%)	(6.50%)			(7.50%)	
\$ 263,985	\$	237,881	\$	215,261	

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following present the net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2019, calculated using the trend rates of +1% higher, as well as what the County's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using trend rates that are 1% lower than the current rates:

1% Decrease		% Decrease Current Trend		1% Increase
 (Trend -1%) Rates (1)			(Trend +1%)	
\$ 231,747	\$	237,881	\$	244,547

Current Trend Rates: County Health Plan Medical trends for ages under 65 grade from 7.00% in 2019/2020 down to 4.50% over 5 years. County Health Plan Medical trends for ages over 65 grade from 5.75% in 2019/2020 down to 4.50% over 5 years. County Health Plan Drug trends grade from 6.00% in 2019/2020 down to 4.50% over 3 years. HMO Medical/Drug trends grade from 6.25% in 2019/2020 down to 4.50% over 7 years. ASO fees assumed trend is 4.50% in 2019/2020 and thereafter.

(r) Sonoma County Association of Retired Employees (SCARE) Settlement

In April 2017, a settlement agreement regarding retiree health care benefits was approved by the Federal District Court. The settlement contains two central provisions, for those retired as of June 30, 2016. First the agreement provides for continuation of County contributions to healthcare premiums of up to \$500 per month through May 2026. Beginning in June 2026, the county contribution decreases to \$200 per month through May 2041. Second, the county agreed to fund \$12 million (less administration costs) to HRA plans for retiree class members. This benefit was funded over a three year period ending June 2019. In fiscal year 2018-19 the County paid \$4,090.

NOTE 15 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; natural disasters; and medical malpractice. The County has established an internal service fund to account for and finance risks for workers' compensation, general liability, health insurance and medical malpractice. The County is self-insured for unemployment claims and reimburses the State for all amounts paid. For general liability and workers' compensation claims, excess coverage is provided by the California State Association of Counties Excess Insurance Authority (Authority), a joint powers authority whose purpose is to develop and fund programs of excess insurance for its members, which include cities and counties in California, as well as numerous school districts, special districts, housing authorities, fire districts and other Joint Powers Authorities. The Authority's Board of Directors consists of representatives from its members.

The County retains the risk for the first \$300 of an individual claim for workers' compensation, and \$1,000 for a general liability claim. Amounts in excess of \$300 per occurrence for workers' compensation claims with statutory limits are covered through participation in the Authority's, Excess Worker's Compensation Program. The County is covered under the Authority's Excess Liability Insurance Program for \$1,000 to \$25,000 per occurrence for liability claims.

The County maintains coverages ranging from "All Risk" of physical loss or damage including flood and earthquake coverage (for certain structures) through participation with the Authority with the following limits and deductibles: \$800,000 limit (shared) per occurrence and \$50 deductible for "All-Risk", \$600,000 limit (shared) for flood, and earthquake limits of \$740,000 (shared) with a deductible of 2% of the building value (\$100 minimum). Boiler and machinery coverage is included in the All-Risk coverage.

The County also participates in the Authority's medical malpractice program with up to \$21,500 per event coverage and a \$5 deductible. Funding for this program is actuarially determined and contributions are determined by claims experience and exposures (number of patient visits). As of June 30, 2019, the estimated liability in the internal service fund totaled \$570.

The Sonoma County Health Plan (CHP) provides self-insured medical plan options for County employees in addition to fully insured plans. The County retains the risk for the first \$275 of a health insurance claim with unlimited stop-loss coverage and no lifetime maximum per individual.

The governmental and certain proprietary fund types contribute amounts to the internal service fund based on actuarially determined estimates of the ultimate settlements. Such estimates are generally based upon a 70% confidence level. Contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, totaled \$32,738, which is recorded in the internal service fund as operating revenue. As of June 30, 2019, the estimated liability in the internal service fund totaled \$44,268 of which \$10,739 is estimated to be payable in the ensuing year. The remaining \$33,529 is classified as long-term, self-funded insurance payable in the internal service fund.

A summary of activity of the claims liability is as follows:

	Balance		Balance	
	June 30, 2018		June 30, 2019	
Unpaid claims liability at beginning of year	\$	40,222	\$	41,377
Incurred claims		20,223		31,028
Claim payments		(19,068)		(28,137)
Unpaid claims liability at end of year	\$	41,377	\$	44,268

NOTE 16 – LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COSTS

The Refuse Enterprise Fund (REF) follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 18, *Accounting for Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs*. Under Statement No. 18, the Refuse Enterprise Fund calculated the total estimated current cost of closure and postclosure care for its landfill accepting solid waste (Central) and those no longer accepting solid waste (Healdsburg and Annapolis).

As of June 30, 2019, the estimated closure and postclosure liability was \$9,508 for closed landfills Annapolis and Healdsburg. As part of the Service Concession Arrangement (SCA) effective April 1, 2015, Republic Services, Inc. has assumed responsibility for the completion of all closure and post-closure obligations related to the Central Landfill. Federal and state laws require landfill operators to place a cover on their landfills when closed and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions for up to 30 years after closure. The estimated cost of closure and postclosure care are subject to change due to variables such as inflation, changes in the cost of materials, revisions of Federal and state laws, changes in technology and other variables. In addition to the above, state regulations require that landfill closure and post-closure maintenance costs be fully funded at the time of closure, unless a landfill owner/operator can demonstrate financial responsibility towards these activities by using other approved financial assurance alternatives. As an alternative, on July 11, 2000, the Board of Supervisors approved two resolutions establishing financial assurance for post-closure maintenance and corrective action via 30 year agreements with the California Integrated Waste Management Board (CIWMB). The Annapolis Landfill agreement provides a pledged revenue of \$36 per year and Healdsburg Landfill agreement pledged \$78 per year. Both 30 year agreements are subject to adjustments in the cost estimate mutually agreed to by the County, the CIWMB, and the Regional Water Quality Control Board.

The estimated percentages of permitted landfill capacity used are as follows:

	Capacity Used	Closure Date		
Annapolis	100%	1995		
Healdsburg	100%	1989		

The REF performs all post-closure maintenance and monitoring functions at all closed landfills owned by REF.

As a result of the SCA, the REF has recognized a decrease of closure/post-closure liability of \$42,057 and recorded a deferred inflow of resources of \$36,149 as of June 30, 2019. The deferred inflow will be amortized over the estimated 30 year term of the agreement.

Although the REF is not legally required by state or federal laws to provide funding for its landfill sites closed prior to 1991, the REF has accepted final responsibility for these sites.

NOTE 17 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

(a) Grants and Subsidies

Receipts from federal, state and local sources are subject to audit by representatives of those agencies to determine if the monies were expended in accordance with appropriate statutes, grant terms, and regulations. Such audits could lead to a request for reimbursement to the grantor agencies. The County believes that no significant liabilities will be incurred as a result of these audits.

(b) Encumbrances

The County governmental funds had the following open encumbrances at June 30, 2019:

General Fund	\$ 4,711
Health and Sanitation Special Revenue Fund	2
Roads Special Revenue Fund	202
Other governmental funds	19,360
Total encumbrances for governmental funds	\$ 24,275

(c) Other

The County from time to time is a party to various claims, legal actions, and complaints arising in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of the County's administration, the various claims, legal actions, and complaints would have no material effect on the financial position of the County.

NOTE 18 – SERVICE CONCESSION ARRANGEMENT

On April 23, 2013, the County entered into a Master Operations Agreement (MOA) with Republic Services, Inc. for the operation of the Central landfill and County transfer stations. The MOA between the County and Republic Services went into effect on April 1, 2015, and meets the criteria under GASB Statement No. 60, 'Accounting and Financial Reporting for Service Concession Arrangements' (SCA). The MOA grants Republic Services the ability to extend the agreement until the landfill is closed which is currently estimated at between 30 and 35 years. As consideration for the County granting Republic Services an exclusive right and concession to operate the County facilities for the Committed Waste Period, Republic Services has agreed to pay the County a quarterly County Concession Payment. The quarterly payment is based on a per ton charge on all waste that is received except for beneficial reuse material, special waste and residuals or waste delivered to the County facilities from any other processing or transfer facility in Sonoma County. The County Concession Payment shall be increased annually by the amount of the Consumer Price Index.

Pursuant to a settlement agreement between the County and the committed cities, 8 of the 9 cities in the County agreed to commit their waste to Republic Services for 25 years. In addition, under the terms of the settlement agreement, the County is required to allocate 70% of the quarterly County Concession Payments received from Republic for the purpose of maintaining the four former urban landfills, with the remaining 30% to be used to cover Refuse's administrative costs associated with those four landfills and overseeing the MOA. The quarterly payment will be paid for the duration of the MOA, however, the committed cities will not pay their portion of County Concession Payments attributable to maintaining the four former landfills for years 21 through 25 of the 25 year waste commitments.

Additionally, the MOA calls for Republic to assume the closure/post-closure liability in perpetuity for the Central landfill as of April 1, 2015 and to provide financial assurances mechanisms to demonstrate, fund, and maintain financial responsibility for the Central landfill as required by law including closure, post-closure, corrective action and operating liability acceptable to the California Department of Resources Recycling Recovery (CalRecycle). As a result, Refuse recognized a closure/post-closure liability decrease in the amount of \$42,057 and recorded a deferred inflow of \$41,710 as of June 30, 2015. The deferred inflow is being amortized over the estimated 30 year term of the MOA, and as a result, Refuse recognized service concession arrangement revenues in the amount of \$1,390 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. As part of the SCA, capital assets (equipment) with a net book value of \$278 were transferred to Republic Services, Inc.

The deferred inflows of resources activity is as follows:

	Ba	alance							Balance
	July	/ 1, 2018	4	Additions		Ret	tirements	Ju	ne 30, 2019
Deferred Inflows of Resources Central Landfill and County Transfer Stations	\$	37,539	\$		-	\$	(1,390)	\$	36,149

Refuse retained certain capital assets related to the SCA. The assets carrying value, net of accumulated depreciation at June 30, 2019 is as follows:

Central Landfill and County Transfer Stations

Land	\$ 2,538
Buildings & Improvements	15,736
Equipment	 213
SCA capital assets, net	\$ 18,487

NOTE 19 – SUCCESSOR AGENCY PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUND

On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court upheld Assembly Bill XI 26 ("the Bill") that provides for the dissolution of all redevelopment agencies in the State of California and that the county (or another unit of local government) serve as the "successor agency" to hold the assets until they are distributed.

In accordance with the timeline set forth in the Bill, all redevelopment agencies in the State of California were dissolved and ceased to operate as a legal entity as of February 1, 2012. The assets and activities of the dissolved former county redevelopment agency are currently reported in the Successor Agency (Successor Agency) Private-Purpose Trust Fund, a fiduciary fund in the County financial statements.

	Ba	alance					Ba	alance		
	July	1, 2018	Additio	ns	Retir	ements	June	30, 2019	One	e Year
Redevelopment Successor Agency Tax allocation bonds payable*	\$	9,405	\$	-	\$	(390)	\$	9,015	\$	395
*excludes bond premium amortization										

On February 1, 2012, two Tax Allocation Bonds (Bonds); 1986 Series A, and the Springs Tax Allocation Bonds of 2008; were acquired from the former Sonoma County Community Redevelopment Agency. The Agency had pledged future tax increment revenues, less amounts required to be set aside pursuant to ABX1 26 and AB1484, for enforceable repayment. On April 28, 2016, Bonds outstanding were refunded and reissued as 2016 Tax Allocation Bonds.

The 2016 Bonds were issued in the amount of \$10,140 with interest rates from 2.0% to 5.0%, maturing on August 1, 2034. The 2016 Bonds are limited obligations of the successor agency and are secured by an irrevocable pledge of, and are payable as to principal and interest from, tax revenues which are deposited in the Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund and the Redevelopment Obligation Retirement Fund. The 2016 Bonds are not a debt of the County of Sonoma. Unamortized bond premium at June 30, 2019 is \$1,248.

The annual principal and interest requirements on the long-term bonds outstanding at June 30, 2019, are as follows:

Year ending June 30:	Principal	Interest		Total
2020	\$ 395	\$	384	\$ 779
2021	415		368	783
2022	430		351	781
2023	450		334	784
2024	470		315	785
2025-2029	2,680		1,207	3,887
2030-2034	3,410		472	3,882
2035	 765		12	 777
Total	\$ 9,015	\$	3,443	\$ 12,458

NOTE 20 – PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

(a) First 5 Sonoma County Commission

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, First 5 Sonoma County Commission (First 5) recorded a prior period adjustment (adjustment) increase of \$539 to an error in contractor claims, to \$11,917 beginning of year balance, as restated. The prior period adjustment did not impact the primary government governmental activities beginning net position because the First 5 adjustment increase of \$539, nets against the Health and Sanitation Special Revenue fund adjustment decrease of \$539.

(b) Health and Sanitation Special Revenue Fund

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, Health and Sanitation Special Revenue Fund recorded a prior period adjustment decrease of \$539 contractor reimbursement to refund overpayment, to \$30,220 beginning of year balance, as restated. The prior period adjustment did not impact the primary government governmental activities beginning net position because the Health and Sanitation Special Revenue fund adjustment decrease of \$539, nets against the First 5 adjustment increase of \$539.

(c) Sonoma County Fair

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the Fair implemented GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pension Plans,* which establishes accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits. This implementation resulted in a restatement of beginning net position decrease of \$2,135, to \$10,780 beginning of year balance, as restated.

(d) Sonoma Water Revenue Bonds

In July 2019 Sonoma Water issued \$11,010 in Water Revenue Bonds (2019 Bonds). The proceeds of the 2019 Bonds will be used to finance the facilities and improvements to increase the reliability and capacity of Sonoma Water's water transmission system. The 2019 Bonds are payable solely from the net revenues of Sonoma Water's transmission system and amounts on deposit in the related funds and accounts. Neither the full faith and credit nor the taxing power of Sonoma Water is pledged to the payment of the principal or interest of the 2019 Bonds

NOTE 21 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

(a) First 5 Sonoma County Commission

Effective July 1, 2019 First 5 Sonoma County Commission was established as a legal public entity separate from the County of Sonoma. As an entity separate from the County of Sonoma, obligations of First 5 Sonoma County are the obligations solely of the Commission and not directly or indirectly obligations of the County or any officials, employees or agents of the County.

(b) Kincade Fire in Sonoma County

The October 2019 Kincade Fire in Sonoma County burned more than 75,000 acres, destroyed more than 370 buildings, and caused approximately 180,000 residents to evacuate the impacted areas.

The overall financial impact to the County is not known. The resulting loss of homes and businesses are expected to have a negative impact on property tax revenues. Costs are projected to increase due to damaged and lost property, infrastructure, and equipment. As well, expenses related to emergency protective measures, debris removal, and permanent work will be incurred. These additional expenses, to an extent, will be mitigated by recoveries through insurance, as well as government aid.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

(UNAUDITED)



COUNTY OF SONOMA, CALIFORNIA Schedule of County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

Last Ten Fiscal Years *

(Dollars in Thousands)

	2018-19 2017-18		2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	
Proportion of net pension liability		84.64%	80.73%	84.27%	84.43%	81.66%
Proportionate share of net pension liability	Ş	418,350 \$	136,291	\$ 330,831 \$	348,556	5 177,023
Covered payroll	\$	300,515 \$	300,546	\$ 285,864 \$	\$ 271,061	\$ 262,325
Proportionate share of net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		139.21%	45.35%	115.73%	128.59%	67.48%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		83.91%	94.21%	86.02%	84.68%	91.46%

Schedule of County Pension Contributions

Last Ten Fiscal Years *

(Dollars in Thousands)

	 2018-19	 2017-18	 2016-17	 2015-16	 2014-15
Actuarially determined contributions Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$ 57,797	\$ 55,480	\$ 52,981	\$ 56,663	\$ 55,981
, determined contribution	 57,797	 55,480	 52,981	 60,216	 55,981
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (3,553)	\$ -
Covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of	\$ 307,543	\$ 302,281	\$ 293,871	\$ 288,885	\$ 265,945
covered payroll	18.79%	18.35%	18.03%	20.84%	21.05%

* The required supplementary Information is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as this information becomes available.

Notes:

The information presented includes the funds and blended component units identified in this CAFR as part of the County of Sonoma and does not include information of the discrete component units or other Sonoma County Employee Retirement Association employers.

COUNTY OF SONOMA, CALIFORNIA Schedule of County's Net OPEB Plan Liability and Related Ratios

Last Ten Fiscal Years * (Dollars in Thousands)

		2018-19		2017-18		2016-17
Total OPEB liability Plan's fiduciary net position Net OPEB liability	\$	303,941 66,060 237,881	\$	308,205 57,860 250,345	\$	385,583 49,743
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	<u>></u>	21.73%	Ş	18.77%	Ş	335,840
Covered payroll Plan net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	\$	327,816 72.57%	\$	330,039 75.85%	\$	321,401 104.49%

Schedule of OPEB Plan Investment Returns

Last Ten Fiscal Years *

	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return,			
Net of Investment Expense	7.61%	7.45%	11.47%

Schedule of County OPEB Contributions

Last Ten Fiscal Years *

(Dollars in Thousands)

	2	2018-19		2017-18		2016-17
Actuarial determined contributions Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	\$	18,206 26,193	\$	18,938 26,768	\$	21,653 27,699
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(7,987)	\$	(7,830)	\$	(6,046)
Covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	\$	327,816 7.99%	\$	330,039 8.11%	\$	321,401 8.62%

* The required supplementary Information is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as this information becomes available.

Notes:

The schedules above may not agree to the basic financial statements due to the Sonoma County Fair reporting on a calendar year which is different from the OPEB plan's fiscal year.

COUNTY OF SONOMA, CALIFORNIA OPEB Plan Trust Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last Ten Fiscal Years * (Dollars in Thousands)

	2018-19		2017-18		 2016-17
Total OPEB Liability					
Service Cost	\$	5,468	\$	10,852	\$ 13,800
Interest		19,667		14,566	12,579
Changes of benefit terms		(245)			-
Differences between expected and actual experience		(557)		3,210	(1,547)
Change due to reflecting the excise tax		-		-	2,351
Changes of assumptions		(6,404)		(83,838)	(28,454)
Benefit payments		(22 <i>,</i> 193)		(22,168)	 (23,529)
Net change in total OPEB Liability		(4,264)		(77,378)	(24,800)
Total OPEB liability - beginning of year		308,205		385,583	 410,383
Total OPEB liability - end of year (a)	\$	303,941	\$	308,205	\$ 385,583
Plan fiduciary net position					
Contributions – PARS	\$	4,000	\$	4,600	\$ 3,000
Contributions – Premiums net of retiree contributions		20,960		21,031	22,377
Contributions – Administrative		1,233		1,137	1,152
Contributions – Legal		-		-	 217
Contributions – Total employer	\$	26,193	\$	26,768	\$ 26,746
Net investment income		4,395		3,699	4,817
Benefit payments – Premiums		(22,193)		(22,168)	(23,530)
Legal expense		-		-	(217)
Administrative expense		(195)		(182)	 (153)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		8,200		8,117	7,663
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning of year		57,860		49,743	 42,080
Plan fiduciary net position - end of year (b)		66,060		57,860	 49,743
County net OPEB liability, ending (a-b)	\$	237,881	\$	250,345	\$ 335,840

* The required supplementary Information is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as this information becomes available.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Dollars in Thousands)

	Budgeted	d Amounts		
				Variance with Final
			Actual Amounts	Budget Positive
	Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)	(Negative)
REVENUES:				
Taxes	\$ 270,148	\$ 276,834	\$ 290,632	\$ 13,798
Licenses, permits and franchised fees	25,310	25,359		(2,747)
Fines Forfeitures and penalties	9,572	9,603		2,268
Use of money and property	6,050	6,056		3,600
Intergovernmental	89,110	91,511		10,254
Charges for services	48,315	49,154	46,172	(2,982)
Other revenue	5,019	9,535		2,234
Total revenues	453,524	468,052	494,477	26,425
EXPENDITURES:				
General government				
Board of Supervisors / County Administrator				
County Administrator	5,147	5,086	5,071	15
Board of Supervisors	4,499	4,621	4,606	15
Disaster Recovery and Resiliency	1,595	2,201	1,991	210
Auditor-Controller-Treasurer-Tax Collector	17,553	17,658	16,749	909
County Clerk-Recorder-Assessor				
Assessor	11,904	11,928	11,515	413
Registrar of Voters	4,315	5,473	5,186	287
County Counsel	10,109	10,386	10,230	156
Human Resources	8,426	8,820	8,497	323
General Services				
Administration	1,853	1,856	1,789	67
Facilities Development	12,620	13,982		159
Special Funds	4,338	5,411		139
Support Services	17,816	17,740		580
Information Systems	38,399	38,408		5,970
Other general government	19,120	20,081		2,561
Total general government	157,694	163,651		11,804
Public protection		103,031		11,004
District Attorney	25,800	25,953	25,541	412
Public Defender	11,209	12,176		210
Court Support and Grand Jury	11,059	11,059		319
Probation	56,810	57,510		3,330
Permit & Resource Management	,		,	-,
Permit Sonoma	26,521	29,168	29,164	4
Resiliency Permit Center	6,210	6,719		799
Fire Prevention	-	170		105
Sheriff				
Law Enforcement	93,945	95,871	93,814	2,057
Detention	71,448	71,331		782
Disaster Recovery and Resiliency	30	173		12
Agriculture / Weights & Measures	6,548	6,779		164
Emergency Management		2,906		338
Emergency management	-	2,900	2,500	550

Budgetary Comparison Schedule (Continued) General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Dollars in Thousands)

	Budgetec	Amounts		
				Variance with Final
			Actual Amounts	Budget Positive
	Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)	(Negative)
Public Protection (continued)				
Fire Services	-	5,663	4,610	1,053
Disaster Recovery Division	-	2,500	153	2,347
Independent Office of Law Enforcement				
Review and Outreach	561	582	534	48
Total public protection	310,141	328,560	316,580	11,980
Public ways and facilities				
Transportation & Public Works	576	616	244	372
Total public ways and facilities	576	616	244	372
Education				
U.C. Cooperative Extension	1,176	1,189	1,132	57
Total education	1,176	1,189	1,132	57
Recreation and cultural services				
Regional Parks	21,253	21,371	21,266	105
General Services - Veterans Buildings	1,002	1,110	1,096	14
Total recreation and cultural services	22,255	22,481	22,362	119
Expenditures subtotal	491,842	516,497	492,165	24,332
Reimbursements	(104,551)	(104,840)	(101,430)	(3,410)
Total expenditures	387,291	411,657	390,735	20,922
		111,007		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)				
expenditures	66,233	56,395	103,742	47,347
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in	27,152	38,381	37,515	(866)
Transfers out	(95,714)	(109,709)	(106,168)	3,541
Issuance of long-term debt	1,000	1,654	654	(1,000)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	426	426
Refunding to escrow agent	(5,028)	(80)		80
Total other financing sources (uses)	(72,590)	(69,754)	(67,573)	2,181
SPECIAL ITEMS				
Special Item (Equity Transfer)	382	382		(382)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (5,975)	<u>\$ (12,977)</u>	\$ 36,169	\$ 49,146
GAAP basis difference - encumbrances			4,711	
Fund balance - beginning of year			150,979	
Fund balance - end of year			\$ 191,859	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Human Services Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Dollars in Thousands)

	Budgetec	Amounts		
			Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)	(Negative)
REVENUES:				
Use of money and property	\$ 69	\$ 69	\$ 865	\$ 796
Intergovernmental	181,135	189,203	175,835	(13,368)
Charges for services	1,117	1,117	1,421	304
Other revenue	976	976	8,385	7,409
Total revenues	183,297	191,365	186,506	(4,859)
EXPENDITURES:				
Public assistance				
Human Services				
Program Administration	238,780	239,902	228,756	11,146
Special Revenue	49,040	59,902	54,627	5,275
Reimbursements	(76,786)	(76,911)	(79,438)	2,527
Total expenditures	211,034	222,893	203,945	18,948
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)				
expenditures	(27,737)	(31,528)	(17,439)	14,089
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in	26,672	26,848	26,822	(26)
Transfers out	(157)	(157)	(153)	4
Total other financing sources (uses)	26,515	26,691	26,669	(22)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (1,222)	\$ (4,837)	\$ 9,230	\$ 14,067
GAAP basis difference - encumbrances			-	
Fund balance - beginning of year			21,156	
Fund balance - end of year			\$ 30,386	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Health and Sanitation Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Dollars in Thousands)

	Budgeted Amounts					
		Original		Final	tual Amounts dgetary Basis)	ariance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:						
Licenses, permits and franchised fees	\$	7,118	\$	7,118	\$ 7,129	\$ 11
Fines Forfeitures and penalties		1,304		1,304	1,068	(236)
Use of money and property		(212)		(212)	471	683
Intergovernmental		107,065		111,423	110,404	(1,019)
Charges for services		5,087		5,094	4,126	(968)
Other revenue		2,299		4,594	 13,868	 9,274
Total revenues		122,661		129,321	 137,066	 7,745
EXPENDITURES:						
Public protection						
Health Services - Animal Services		7,006		7,006	6,252	754
Health & sanitation						
Health Services						
Administration		19,472		21,972	18,447	3,525
Behavioral Health		92,942		97,304	92,457	4,847
Public Health		46,130		46,766	41,095	5,671
Special Revenue		56,985		60,263	 54,303	 5,960
Total Health and sanitation		215,529		226,305	206,302	20,003
Reimbursements		(87,569)		(88,984)	 (82,412)	 (6,572)
Total expenditures		134,966		144,327	 130,142	 14,185
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
expenditures		(12,305)		(15,006)	 6,924	 21,930
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in		17,862		17,877	17,826	(51)
Transfers out		(1,810)		(1,810)	(1,810)	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		-	 1	 1
Total other financing sources (uses)		16,052		16,067	 16,017	 (50)
SPECIAL ITEMS						
Special Item (Equity Transfer)				538	 -	 (538)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	3,747	\$	1,061	\$ 22,941	\$ 21,880
GAAP basis difference - encumbrances					2	
Fund balance - beginning of year as restated					 30,220	
Fund balance - end of year					\$ 53,163	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Open Space Special Tax Account Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018 (Dollars in Thousands)

	Budgeted Amounts			ounts			
		Original	Final		Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:							
Taxes	\$	23,044	\$	23,044	\$ 26,732	\$ 3,688	;
Use of money and property		330		330	1,811	1,481	<u>.</u>
Total revenues		23,374		23,374	28,543	5,169	-
EXPENDITURES:							
Recreation and cultural services		39,558		39,558	24,805	14,753	;
Total Expenditures		39,558		39,558	24,805	14,753	-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)							
expenditures		(16,184)		(16,184)	3,738	19,922	-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers out		(7,506)		(7,506)	(7,501))5	•
Total other financing sources (uses)		(7,506)		(7,506)	(7,501)	5	; -
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(23,690)	\$	(23,690)	\$ (3,763)) <u>\$ 19,927</u>	-
GAAP basis difference - encumbrances					-		
Fund balance - beginning of year					57,365		
Fund balance - end of year					\$ 53,602		

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Roads Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Dollars in Thousands)

	Budgeted	Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:				
Licenses, permits and franchised fees	\$-	\$-	\$ 1,543	\$ 1,543
Fines Forfeitures and penalties	410	410	295	(115)
Use of money and property	213	213	1,293	1,080
Intergovernmental	47,621	46,621	28,460	(18,161)
Charges for services	1,421	1,421	1,570	149
Other revenue	1,250	1,250	1,964	714
Total revenues	50,915	49,915	35,125	(14,790)
EXPENDITURES:				
Public ways and facilities	89,647	91,705	68,226	23,479
Reimbursements	(13,764)	(13,764)	(12,243)	(1,521)
Total expenditures	75,883	77,941	55,983	21,958
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)				
expenditures	(24,968)	(28,026)	(20,858)	7,168
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in	20,203	21,320	20,323	(997)
Transfers out	(1,705)	(1,705)	(714)	991
Total other financing sources (uses)	18,498	19,615	19,609	(6)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (6,470)	\$ (8,411)	\$ (1,249)	\$ 7,162
GAAP basis difference - encumbrances			203	
Fund balance - beginning of year			46,808	
Fund balance - end of year			\$ 45,762	

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLAN

a) Change of assumptions

OPEB Plan amounts reported for the net OPEB liability decreased primarily as a result of an updated Actuarial Experience Study for SCERA date September 25, 2018.

b) Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The methods and assumptions used to establish the actuarially determined contribution (ADC) though June 30, 2019 are noted below:

Valuation date	Actuarially Determined Contribution based on the beginning of the applicable period
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Cost Method
Amortization method	Level percent of payroll for total unfunded actuarial accrued liability
Remaining amortization period	
June 30, 2019 valuation	28 years (declining) for outstanding balance of the June 30, 2018 unfunded OPEB liability
June 30, 2018 valuation	29 years for outstanding balance of the June 30, 2017 unfunded OPEB liability
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets
Actuarial assumptions	
June 30, 2019	
Discount rate	6.50% net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation
Payroll growth	3.25%
Other assumptions	Same as those used in the June 30, 2018 GASB 74 actuarial valuation dated November 26, 2018
Actuarial assumptions	
June 30, 2018 valuation	
Discount rate	6.50% net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation
Payroll growth	3.50%
Other assumptions	Same as those used in the June 30, 2017 GASB 74 actuarial valuation dated December 8, 2017

NOTE 2 – BUDGETARY AND LEGAL COMPLIANCE

The County adopts a budget for each fiscal year on or before October 2 in accordance with the provisions of Sections 29000 through 29144 and 30200 of the California Government Code and other statutory provisions, commonly known as the County Budget Act.

An operating budget is adopted each fiscal year for all Governmental Funds. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e. the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is controlled at the division level within fund level for the County. Appropriations at this level require a Board majority approval. Management may make adjustments below this level. State law prohibits expending governmental funds for which there is no legal appropriation except under court order, for an emergency as defined by statute, or as otherwise provided by law.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, no instances existed in which expenditures exceeded appropriations.

For purposes of budgetary presentation actual GAAP expenditures are typically adjusted to include current year encumbrances and interfund transfers. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward in the ensuing year's budget. Annual appropriations that have not been encumbered lapse at year-end. Reimbursements, which are included in actual GAAP expenditures, are separately stated for budgetary presentation.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

(UNAUDITED)

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Accounts for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed in the proprietary fund types.

DEBT SERVICE FUND

Accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are authorized by statutory provisions and are financed by specific taxes or other revenues. The following funds are included in the Special Revenue classification:

COMMUNITY INVESTMENT

Established to account for revenues generated by the County Transient Occupancy Tax. The fund finances both the Economic Development Department and the Community Investment Fund pursuant to Government Code Section 26100. Tax revenues are derived from a tax on the rental revenue of hotel, motel, bed and breakfast, inn beds, vacation rentals, and campgrounds in unincorporated areas of the County.

FIRE AND EMERGENCY SERVICES

Established to account for Fire and Emergency property tax revenues and grant funding to finance fire service activity in unincorporated areas of the County and Wilmar, Dry Creek, and Mayacamas County Fire Districts.

FIRST 5 COMMISSION

Established by the Sonoma County Board of Supervisors Ordinance No. 5142 in 1998 pursuant to Proposition 10, the California Children and Families First Act of 1998. The purpose is to promote, support, and improve the early development of children; and is funded by cigarette and other tobacco sales tax.

ARICULTURAL PRESERVATION AND OPEN SPACE DISTRICT

Formed in 1990 for the purpose of preserving agricultural land and open space in Sonoma County, and financed primarily through a quarter-cent sales tax. The District is a separate legal entity governed by its Board of Directors, which is the County Board of Supervisors, ex officio (California Public Resources Code 5506.5(b)).

MANDATED

Established for state programs that are required to be accounted for in a separate fund. Revenues are primarily restricted.

2011 REALIGNMENT

Established as required by Assembly Bill 109 which transferred responsibility from the State to the County for supervision, custody and needs of certain realigned offenders. The State realigned certain revenues from sales tax and vehicle license fees to fund the program.

SPECIAL DISTRICTS

Special Districts are independent units of local government organized to perform a single government function or a restricted number of related functions. This fund is governed by the Board of Supervisors, and used to account for the activities of Special Districts operating within the unincorporated area of the County.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2019 (Dollars in Thousands)

	Special Revenue		Cap	ital Projects	Debt Service	
		Funds		Fund Fund		 Total
ASSETS						
Assets:						
Cash and investments	\$	116,046	\$	14,515	\$-	\$ 130,561
Cash and investments with trustee		2		-	12,764	12,766
Receivables, net						
Accounts		1,305		-	-	1,305
Interest and other		3,466		145	-	3,611
Inventories		12		-	-	12
Due from other governments		12,098		121	-	12,219
Prepaid expenses and deposits		149		_		 149
Total assets	\$	133,078	\$	14,781	\$ 12,764	\$ 160,623
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued salaries and benefits		2,920		484	-	3,404
Due to other funds		3,640		-	-	3,640
Due to other governments		1,314		-	-	1,314
Advances from grantors and third parties		, 393		-	-	393
Deposits from others		10		-	-	10
Other liabilities		-		26	-	26
Total liabilities		8,277		510	-	 8,787
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue		13		121		 134
Total deferred inflows of resources		13		121	-	 134
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable		161		-	-	161
Restricted		116,779		-	12,764	129,543
Committed		7,848		-	-	7,848
Assigned		-		14,150		 14,150
Total fund balances		124,788		14,150	12,764	 151,702
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and						
fund balances	\$	133,078	\$	14,781	\$ 12,764	\$ 160,623

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Dollars in Thousands)

	Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Debt Service	
	Funds	Fund	Fund	Total
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 22,855	\$-	\$-	\$ 22,855
Licenses, permits and franchise fees	2,794	-	-	2,794
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	3,013	-	-	3,013
Use of money and property	4,453	250	259	4,962
Intergovernmental	85,453	2,664	-	88,117
Charges for services	4,723	-	-	4,723
Other	5,751	126	4,963	10,840
Total revenues	129,042	3,040	5,222	137,304
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	9,168	958	46	10,172
Public protection	56,982	-	-	56,982
Public ways and facilities	835	-	-	835
Health and sanitation	17,252	-	-	17,252
Public assistance	28,282	-	-	28,282
Recreation and cultural services	8,577	-	-	8,577
Capital outlay	14,733	13,559	-	28,292
Debt service:				
Principal	57	-	7,375	7,432
Interest and other	13		5,342	5,355
Total expenditures	135,899	14,517	12,763	163,179
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)				
expenditures	(6,857)	(11,477)	(7,541)	(25,875)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	27,880	13,225	7,501	48,606
Transfers out	(11,874)	(1,159)	-	(13,033)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	4			4
Total other financing sources (uses)	16,010	12,066	7,501	35,577
Net change in fund balance	9,153	589	(40)	9,702
Net position, beginning of year, as restated	115,635	13,561	12,804	142,000
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 124,788	\$ 14,150	\$ 12,764	\$ 151,702

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2019 (Dollars in Thousands)

	Community Investment		Fire and Emergency Services		First 5 Sonoma County Commission	
ASSETS						
Assets:						
Cash and investments	\$ 4,190	\$	2,895	\$	9,855	
Cash and investments with trustee	-		-		-	
Receivables, net						
Accounts	1,085		-		-	
Interest and other	3,245		78		-	
Inventories	-		-		-	
Due from other governments	-		-		1,586	
Prepaid items and deposits	 12		-		-	
Total assets	\$ 8,532	\$	2,973	\$	11,441	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND						
BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued salaries and benefits	672		346		1,126	
Due to other funds	-		-		57	
Due to other governments	-		-		-	
Advances from grantors and third parties	-		-		45	
Deposits from others	 -		-		-	
Total liabilities	 672		346		1,228	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue	 -		-		13	
Total deferred inflows of resources	 -		-		13	
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable	12		-		-	
Restricted	-		2,627		10,200	
Committed	 7,848		-		-	
Total fund balances	 7,860		2,627		10,200	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund						
balances	\$ 8,532	\$	2,973	\$	11,441	

reservation	and Open				
Space D	vistrict	Mandated Revenue	2011 Realignment	Special Districts	Total
\$	11,548		\$ 26,138	\$ 11,726	
	-	2	-	-	2
	-	220	-	-	1,305
	-	141	-	2	3,466
	-	-	-	12	12
	194	1,235	7,434	1,649	12,098
	1	136	-	-	149
\$	11,743	\$ 51,428	\$ 33,572	\$ 13,389	\$ 133,078
	540	175	25	36	2,920
	-	500	3,083	-	3,640
	13	1,301	-	-	1,314
	-	4	-	344	393
	-	10	-		10
	553	1,990	3,108	380	8,277
	-	-	-	-	13
			-		13
	1	136	-	12	161
	11,189	49,302	30,464	12,997	116,779
	-				7,848
	11,190	49,438	30,464	13,009	124,788
\$	11,743	\$ 51,428	\$ 33,572	\$ 13,389	\$ 133,078

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Dollars in Thousands)

		Community nvestment	Fire and Emergency Services	First 5 Sonoma County Commission		
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$	16,834	\$ 2,677	\$ -		
Licenses, permits and franchise fees		-	-	-		
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		-	-	-		
Use of money and property		253	91	363		
Intergovernmental		93	232	4,867		
Charges for services		-	141	-		
Other		179	25			
Total revenues		17,359	3,166	5,260		
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government		9,051	-	-		
Public protection		-	4,817	-		
Public ways and facilities		-	-	-		
Health and sanitation		-	-	6,977		
Public assistance		-	-	-		
Recreation and cultural services		-	-	-		
Capital outlay		-	-	-		
Debt service:						
Principal		-	57	-		
Interest and other		-	13			
Total expenditures		9,051	4,887	6,977		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		8,308	(1,721)	(1,717)		
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in		241	1,441	-		
Transfers out		(8,645)	(9)	-		
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-				
Total other financing sources (uses)		(8,404)	1,432			
Net change in fund balances		(96)	(289)	(1,717)		
Net position, beginning of year, as restated		7,956	2,916	11,917		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	7,860	\$ 2,627	\$ 10,200		
	vation and		2014 D			
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Open Space District		Mandated Revenue	2011 Realignment	Special Districts	Total	
\$	-	\$-	\$-	\$ 3,344	\$ 22,855	
	-	2,794	-	-	2,794	
	-	3,013	-	-	3,013	
	280	1,728	1,377	361	4,453	
	867	16,496	61,799	1,099	85,453	
	-	3,579	-	1,003	4,723	
	132	576	4,885	(76)	5,751	
	1,279	28,186	68,061	5,731	129,042	
	-	117	-		9,168	
	-	24,023	26,866	1,276	56,982	
	-	-	-	835	835	
	-	-	10,275	-	17,252	
	-	-	27,045	1,237	28,282	
	8,229	-	-	348	8,577	
	14,662	71	-	-	14,733	
	-	-	-	-	57 13	
	22,891	24,211	64,186	3,696	135,899	
	(21,612)	3,975	3,875	2,035	(6,857	
	24,846	220	-	1,132	27,880	
	(17)	(3,196)	-	(7)	(11,874	
	- 24,829	4 (2,972)			4	
	3,217	1,003	3,875	3,160	9,153	
<u>~</u>	7,973	48,435	26,589	9,849	115,635	
\$	11,190	\$ 49,438	\$ 30,464	\$ 13,009	\$ 124,788	

NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

FAIR

This fund was established to account for the activities of the Sonoma County Fair and Exposition, Inc. (the Fair), which operates through an agreement with the County to act as its agent with regard to the operation of the Sonoma County Fairgrounds.

MARINAS

The Marinas Enterprise Fund accounts for the operations of Spud Point Marina, Mason's Marina and the Sport Fishing Center located in Bodega Bay.

OTHER DISTRICTS

This fund was established to account for the activities of various small enterprise funds. Components of this fund are four small water systems within the County Service Area (CSA), including Fitch Mountain, Salmon Creek, Freestone, and Jenner, plus Sea Ranch Zone #2. The CSA zones provide water services and are under the control of the Board of Supervisors.

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Combining Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019 (Dollars in Thousands)

		Fair	М	arinas	Other Districts			Total
ASSETS								
Current assets:								
Cash and investments	\$	68	\$	1,618	\$ 1	L,496	\$	3,182
Cash and investments with trustee		4,124		33		-		4,157
Restricted cash and investments		918		-		-		918
Receivables, net								
Accounts receivable		1,048		545		20		1,613
Inventories		-		54		-		54
Advances to other governments		-		-		17		17
Total current assets		6,158		2,250	1	L,533		9,941
Noncurrent assets:								
Capital assets:								
Nondepreciable		639		2,838		274		3,751
Depreciable, net		11,110		1,690	4	1,363		17,163
Total noncurrent assets		11,749		4,528	4	1,637		20,914
Total assets		17,907		6,778	6	5,170		30,855
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred amounts related to pensions		401		239		-		640
Deferred amounts related to OPEB		254		75		-		329
Total deferred outflows of resources		655		314		_		969
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable		675		525		38		1,238
Due to other funds		075		525		12		1,238
Due to other governments				65		12		65
Deposits from others		273		150		_		423
Interest payable		- 275		55		11		66
Compensated absences		227		33		-		260
Advances from other governments		-		312		71		383
Notes payable		64				-		64
Loans payable		-		2		7		9
Contract retention payable		-		20		-		20
Other liabilities payable from restricted assets		218		176		-		394
Total current liabilities		1,457		1,338		139		2,934
Noncurrent portion of long-term liabilities:		_,		_,				
Advances from other funds		-		-		93		93
Advances from other governments		-		1,024		962		1,986
Notes payable		256						256
Loans payable				9		19		28
Net pension liabilities		778		487		_		1,265
Net OPEB liabilities		1,968		279		-		2,247
Total noncurrent liabilities		3,002		1,799	1	L,074		5,875
Total liabilities		4,459		3,137	-	,213		8,809
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		1,135		3,137		.,210		0,005
Deferred amounts related to pensions		702		1				703
Deferred amounts related to OPEB		216		70		-		286
Total deferred inflows of resources		918		70				989
		918		/1				989
NET POSITION					-			40.000
Net investment in capital assets		11,429		3,181	3	3,576		18,186
Restricted		305		-		32		337
Unrestricted	<u>_</u>	1,451	<u> </u>	703		L,349	<u> </u>	3,503
Total net position	\$	13,185	\$	3,884	Ş 4	1,957	Ş	22,026

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Dollars in Thousands)

		Fair	Marina		Other Districts		Total
Operating revenues:							
Charges for services	\$	-	\$	1,023	\$ 796	\$	1,819
Rents and concessions	·	12,260		1,141	-		13,401
Sales and miscellaneous		-		232	7		239
Total operating revenues		12,260	_	2,396	803	_	15,459
Operating expenses:							
Services and supplies		4,616		1,812	895		7,323
Salaries and employee benefits		5,357		771	-		6,128
Depreciation and amortization		834	_	90	207		1,131
Total operating expenses		10,807	_	2,673	1,102	_	14,582
Operating income (loss)		1,453		(277)	(299)) _	877
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):							
Investment income		18		56	55		129
Interest expense		(11)		(61)	(33))	(105)
Miscellaneous		945	_	-	-		945
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		952		(5)	22	_	969
Income (loss) before capital contributions and							
transfers		2,405		(282)	(277))	1,846
Capital contributions		-		19	-		19
Transfers in		-		519	-		519
Transfers out		-	_	(1)	-		(1)
Total capital contributions and transfers				537			537
Change in net position		2,405		255	(277)	2,383
Net position, beginning of year, as restated		10,780		3,629	5,234	_	19,643
Net position, end of year	\$	13,185	\$	3,884	\$ 4,957	\$	22,026

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Dollars in Thousands)

		Fair	Mai	rinas	Other Districts		Total
Cash flows from operating activities:							
Received from customers	\$	12,501	\$	1,943	\$ 818	\$	15,262
Payments to suppliers for goods and services		(4,731)		(1,175)	(900)		(6,806)
Payments to employees for services		(5,679)		(767)			(6,446)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		2,091		1	(82)		2,010
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:							
Transfers in		-		519	-		519
Transfers out		-		(1)	-		(1)
Proceeds from other funds		-		-	1		1
Advances made to other funds		-		-	(12)		(12)
Miscellaneous noncapital financing sources (uses)		1,002		22			1,024
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		1,002		540	(11)		1,531
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:							
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(262)		(352)	-		(614)
Principal paid on capital debt		(80)		-	-		(80)
Interest paid on loans		-		(2)	(9)		(11)
Proceeds from contracts payable		-		20	-		20
Repayments to other governments		-		(17)	-		(17)
Advances to other governments		-		(299)	(88)		(387)
Capital contributions		-		19	-		19
Interest paid		(10)		(73)	(33)		(116)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing							
activities		(352)		(704)	(130)		(1,186)
Cash flows from investing activities:							
Interest received on investments		(79)		56	55		32
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		(79)		56	55		32
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		2,662		(107)	(168)		2,387
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		2,448		1,758	1,664		5,870
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	5,110	\$	1,651	\$ 1,496	\$	8,257
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by							
(used in) operating activities:							
Operating income (loss)	\$	1,453	\$	(277)	\$ (299)	¢	877
Depreciation and amortization	Ŷ	834	Ļ	90	207	Ļ	1,131
Net pension activity		(129)		72			(57)
Net OPEB activity		(205)		(25)	-		(230)
Miscellaneous		212		161	-		373
Changes in assets and liabilities:				101			0.0
Decrease (increase) in:							
Accounts receivable		28		(500)	15		(457)
Inventories		-		9	-		9
Other assets		-		19	-		19
Increase (decrease) in:							
Accounts payable		(113)		448	(5)		330
Compensated absences		11		4	-		15
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		2,091		1	(82)		2,010
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents to the Statement of Net							
Position:							
Cash and investments	\$	68	\$	1,618	\$ 1,496	\$	3,182
Cash and investments with trustee		5,042		33	-		5,075
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,110	\$	1,651	\$ 1,496	\$	8,257
			-			_	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Capital Projects Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Dollars in Thousands)

	Budgetec	Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:				
Use of money and property	\$-	\$-	\$ 250	\$ 250
Intergovernmental	52,494	55,681	2,664	(53,017)
Other revenue	1,375	1,091	126	(965)
Total revenues	53,869	56,772	3,040	(53,732)
EXPENDITURES:				
General government				
Administration Center	3,046	3,665	1,309	2,356
Hall of Justice	2,363	2,081	1,528	553
Main Adult Detention Facility	57,459	59 <i>,</i> 693	13,767	45,926
Memorial Buildings	1,328	1,155	894	261
Misc. Capital Projects	12,344	8,556	4,762	3,794
Regional Parks	15,842	19,734	5,374	14,360
Total expenditures	92,382	94,884	27,634	67,250
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)				
expenditures	(38,513)	(38,112)	(24,594)	13,518
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in	26,996	29,142	14,523	(14,619)
Transfers out	(730)	(2,966)	(2,457)	509
Total other financing sources (uses)	26,266	26,176	12,066	(14,110)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (12,247)	\$ (11,936)	\$ (12,528)	<u>\$ (592)</u>
GAAP basis difference - encumbrances			13,117	
Fund balance - beginning of year			13,561	
Fund balance - end of year			\$ 14,150	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Debt Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Dollars in Thousands)

	Budgeted	Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:				
Use of money and property	\$-	\$ 230	\$ 259	\$ 29
Other revenue	-	5,052	4,963	(89)
Total revenues		5,282	5,222	(60)
EXPENDITURES: DEBT SERVICE				
Bonds Debt Service	7,506	7,506	7,505	1
Tobacco Settlement Bonds		5,282	5,258	24
Total expenditures	7,506	12,788	12,763	25
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(7,506)	(7,506)	(7,541)	(35)
	(),000)	(1)000	(*)0*2)	(00)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):	7 500	7 500	7 501	(5)
Transfers in	7,506	7,506	7,501	(5)
Total other financing sources (uses)	7,506	7,506	7,501	(5)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -	\$ (40)	\$ (40)
GAAP basis difference - encumbrances			-	
Fund balance - beginning of year			12,804	
Fund balance - end of year			\$ 12,764	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Community Investment Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Dollars in Thousands)

	Budgeted	Amounts		
				Variance with Final
			Actual Amounts	Budget Positive
	Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)	(Negative)
REVENUES:				
Taxes	\$ 15,054	\$ 15,054	\$ 16,834	ć 1.790
Use of money and property	\$ 15,054	ş 15,054	253	\$ 1,780 253
Intergovernmental	- 67	- 67	255 93	255 26
Miscellaneous	114	186	179	(7)
Total revenues	15,235	15,307	17,359	2,052
EXPENDITURES:				
General government				
Community Investment Fund	2,977	3,874	3,291	583
Economic Development Board	6,540	6,726	6,037	689
Reimbursements	(293)	(293)	(240)	(53)
Total expenditures	9,224	10,307	9,088	1,219
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)				
expenditures	6,011	5,000	8,271	3,271
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in	202	1,479	1,679	200
Transfers out	(4,411)	(6,196)	(10,083)	(3,887)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(4,209)	(4,717)	(8,404)	(3,687)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	<u>\$ 1,802</u>	<u>\$ 283</u>	\$ (133)	<u>\$ (416)</u>
GAAP basis difference - encumbrances			37	
Givit busis unterence cheambrances			57	
Fund balance - beginning of year			7,956	
Fund balance - end of year			\$ 7,860	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Sonoma County Fire & Emergency Services Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Dollars in Thousands)

	Budgeted Amounts						
	Orig	inal		Final		Amounts ary Basis)	riance with Final udget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:							
Taxes	\$	2,538	\$	2,538	\$	2,677	\$ 139
Licenses, permits and franchises		17		-		-	-
Use of money and property		27		27		91	64
Intergovernmental		279		279		232	(47)
Charges for services		1,370		210		141	(69)
Other revenue		808		808		25	 (783)
Total revenues		5,039		3,862		3,166	 (696)
EXPENDITURES: Public protection							
CSA #40 Fire Services Districts		6,848		6,033		4,911	1,122
County Facility Districts		23		24		24	-
Reimbursements		(15)		(15)		-	 (15)
Total expenditures		6,871		6,057		4,935	 1,122
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)							
expenditures		(1,832)		(2 <i>,</i> 195)		(1,769)	 (426)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in		1,594		1,703		1,667	(36)
Transfers out		(242)		(240)		(235)	5
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,352		1,463		1,432	 (31)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(480)	\$	(732)	\$	(337)	\$ 395
GAAP basis difference - encumbrances						48	
Fund balance - beginning of year						2,916	
Fund balance - end of year					<u>\$</u>	2,627	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule First 5 Sonoma County Commission Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Dollars in Thousands)

	 Budgeted	Am	ounts				
						V	ariance with Final
				A	ctual Amounts		Budget Positive
	 Original		Final	(Bi	udgetary Basis)		(Negative)
REVENUES:							
Use of money and property	\$ 93	\$	93	\$	363	\$	270
Intergovernmental	4,207		5,346		4,867		(479)
Miscellaneous	 -		-		30		30
Total revenues	 4,300		5,439		5,260		(179)
EXPENDITURES:							
Health and sanitation	6,853		8,321		6,977		1,344
Reimbursement	(90)		(96)		-		(96)
Total expenditures	 6,763		8,225		6,977		1,248
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)							
expenditures	 (2,463)		(2,786)		(1,717)		1,069
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (2,463)	\$	(2,786)	\$	(1,717)	\$	1,069
GAAP basis difference - encumbrances					-		
Fund balance - beginning of year, as restated					11,917		
Fund balance - end of year				\$	10,200		

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Agricultural Preservation and Open Space District Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Dollars in Thousands)

	Budgeted	Amounts		
	Original Final		Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:				
Use of money and property	\$ 60	\$ 60	\$ 280	\$
Intergovernmental	45,059	45,059	25,672	(19,387)
Other revenue	4,585	4,585	132	(4,453)
Total revenues	49,704	49,704	26,084	(23,620)
EXPENDITURES:				
Recreation and cultural services	49,737	53,631	28,896	24,735
Reimbursements			(240)	240
Total expenditures	49,737	53,631	28,656	24,975
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)				
expenditures	(33)	(3,927)	(2,572)	1,355
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in	1,465	1,465	906	(559)
Transfers out	(1,432)	(1,432)	(882)	550
Total other financing sources (uses)	33	33	24	(9)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ (3,894)</u>	\$ (2,548)	<u>\$ 1,346</u>
GAAP basis difference - encumbrances			5,765	
Fund balance - beginning of year			7,973	
Fund balance - end of year			\$ 11,190	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Mandated Revenues Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Dollars in Thousands)

	Budge	ted Am	ounts			
	Original		Final	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:						
Licenses, permits and franchised fees	\$ 2,7	1 9 \$	2,749	\$ 2,794	\$ 45	
Fines Forfeitures and penalties	2,6	-	2,611	3,013	402	
Use of money and property	4	17	447	1,728	1,281	
Intergovernmental	17,4	15	17,415	16,496	(919)	
Charges for services	3,9)6	3,906	3,579	(327)	
Other revenue	4	29	504	576	72	
Total revenues	27,5	57	27,632	28,186	554	
EXPENDITURES:						
General government						
County Clerk-Recorder-Assessor - Assessor	1	23	123	68	55	
General Services - Tidelands Leases	1	70	186	49	137	
Total general government	2	93	309	117	192	
Public protection:						
County Clerk-Recorder-Assessor			2.042	2.465	2.42	
Recorder	3,8		3,813	3,465	348	
Agriculture / Weights & Measures		11 NG	41	34	7	
Child Support Services	14,7		14,728	13,314	1,414	
Court Support and Grand Jury		15 10	1,017	1,016	1	
District Attorney	3,24		3,254	2,704	550	
Fire & Emergency Services	1,7	22	-	- 1 500	-	
Fire Prevention	C	55	1,722 655	1,586 632	136 23	
Permit & Resource Management Probation	1,34	-	1,343	1,283	60	
Sheriff	1,34	+5	1,545	1,205	00	
Detention	1	91	266	263	3	
Law Enforcement		38	688	182	506	
Total public protection	26,4		27,527	24,479	3,048	
Public ways and facilities						
Transportation & Public Works Special						
Projects	5	14	407	3	404	
Reimbursements		51)	(261)	(281)	20	
Total expenditures	27,0		27,982	24,318	3,664	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
expenditures	5	19	(350)	3,868	4,218	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in	2	56	321	287	(34)	
Transfers out	(18,2	31)	(17,473)	(3,263)	14,210	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-	-	4	4	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(18,0)	25)	(17,152)	(2,972)	14,180	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (17,4		(17,502)		\$ 18,398	
GAAP basis difference - encumbrances	、 /		<u> </u>	107	<u> </u>	
Fund balance - beginning of year				48,435		
Fund balance - end of year				\$ 49,438		
. and bulance and of your				<u>+</u> +5,450		

Budgetary Comparison Schedule 2011 Realignment Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Dollars in Thousands)

	Budgeted	d Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:				
Use of money and property	\$ 92	\$ 92	\$ 1,377	\$ 1,285
Intergovernmental	65,056	65,088	61,799	(3,289)
Miscellaneous	350	448	4,885	4,437
Total revenues	65,498	65,628	68,061	2,433
EXPENDITURES:				
Public protection				
District Attorney	294	294	293	1
Probation	19,797	19,877	16,758	3,119
Public Defender	185	234	234	-
Sheriff				
Law Enforcement	9,078	9,078	8,621	457
Detention	959	959	959	
Total public protection	30,313	30,442	26,865	3,577
Health and sanitation				
Health Services - Special revenue	10,275	10,275	10,275	-
Public assistance				
Human Services - Special revenue	27,123	27,123	27,046	77
Total expenditures	67,711	67,840	64,186	3,654
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)				
expenditures	(2,213)	(2,212)	3,875	6,087
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	<u>\$ (2,213)</u>	\$ (2,212)	\$ 3,875	\$ 6,087
GAAP basis difference - encumbrances			-	
Fund balance - beginning of year			26,589	
Fund balance - end of year			\$ 30,464	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Districts Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Dollars in Thousands)

Budgeted Amounts

						Variance with
					Actual Amounts	Final Budget
	C	Driginal		Final	(Budgetary Basis)	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:						
Taxes	\$	1,136	Ś	1,136	\$ 3,344	\$ 2,208
Licenses, permits and franchises		-	•	17	-	(17)
Use of money and property		62		62	361	299
Intergovernmental		2,170		2,170	1,099	(1,071)
Charges for services		1		1,161	1,003	(158)
Miscellaneous		-		-	(76)	(76)
Total revenues		3,369		4,546	5,731	1,185
EXPENDITURES:						
Public protection						
PRMD - Fire Prevention		-		1,683	1,560	123
Rio Nido Geo Haz Abatement District		10		10	-	10
Total Public Protection		10		1,693	1,560	133
Public ways and facilities:						
County Services Area #41						
Countywide Lighting		3,022		3,047	820	2,227
Meadowlark		5		5	-	5
Permanent Road Districts		113		123	16	107
Total Public Ways and facilities		3,140		3,175	836	2,339
Public assistance:						
In Home Support Services Public Authority		1,381		1,381	1,237	144
Recreation and cultural services:		1,001		1,501	1,237	1 77
CSA #41 District Parks		158		158	152	6
Measure M		-		200	196	4
Total Recreation and cultural services:		158		358	348	10
Total expenditures		4,689		6,607	3,981	2,626
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)		.,		-,		
expenditures		(1,320)		(2,061)	1,750	3,811
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in		379		1,125	1,132	7
Transfers out		(5)		(207)	(7)	200
Total other financing sources (uses)		374		918	1,125	207
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	ć	(046)	ć	(1 1 1 2)		¢ 4.019
NET CHANGE IN FOND BALANCE	<u>Ş</u>	(946)	\$	(1,143)	\$ 2,875	\$ 4,018
GAAP basis difference - encumbrances					285	
Fund balance - beginning of year					9,849	
Fund balance - end of year					\$ 13,009	

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

These funds account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies within the County and to various other governmental agencies. They are exempt from legal compliance for budgetary control and follow commercial accounting principles for a determination of operating, rather than budgetary, results. Their major source of revenue consists of charges to user departments for services rendered. These charges are based upon standard rates calculated on an estimated cost recovery basis. A more detailed description of the funds established and used by the County follows:

INSURANCE

This fund was established to account for the operations of the County's self-insurance programs, which cover general liability, medical malpractice, workers' compensation, health, long-term disability, and unemployment insurance.

HEAVY EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT

This fund was established for the dual purposes of (1) paying General Services Fleet Operations for the cost of heavy equipment maintenance and operations based on usage, and (2) accumulating funds for the future replacement of heavy equipment. Revenue is primarily derived from equipment rental charges to the Road Department, which utilizes the heavy equipment.

ENTERPRISE RESOURCE PLANNING SYSTEM

This fund was established to provide funding for the administration of the County's Human Resources Management and Enterprise Financial Systems. Costs associated with the administration of these global systems are allocated to departments that utilize the systems.

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT

This fund was established to account for pension related activities. It is used to collect charges from departments through bi-weekly payroll which are disbursed as contributions to the pension plan and debt service payments for the pension obligation bonds.

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

This fund was established to account for other postemployment related activities. It is used to collect charges from departments through bi-weekly payroll which are disbursed as contributions to the OPEB plan.

Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019 (Dollars in Thousands)

		Heavy		Other					
		Equipment		Employee	Postemployment				
	Insurance	Replacement	ERP System	Retirement	Benefits (OPEB)	Total			
			·,						
ASSETS									
Current assets:									
Cash and investments	\$ 82,459	\$ 941	\$ 7,757		\$ 1,115	\$ 98,910			
Cash and investments with trustee	959	-	-	12	-	971			
Receivables, net									
Accounts receivable	311	-	13	30	-	354			
Due from other funds	500	-	-	-	-	500			
Due from other governments	251	-	-	-	-	251			
Prepaid expenses	2		2		7	11			
Total current assets	84,482	941	7,772	6,680	1,122	100,997			
Noncurrent assets:									
Capital assets:									
Depreciable, net	-	3,211	8,607	-	-	11,818			
Total noncurrent assets		3,211	8,607			11,818			
Total assets	84,482	4,152	16,379	6,680	1,122	112,815			
		.)202							
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Deferred amounts related to pensions	1,668	-	-	201,143	-	202,811			
Deferred amounts related to OPEB	298	-			27,612	27,910			
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,966			201,143	27,612	230,721			
LIABILITIES									
Current liabilities:									
Accounts payable	531	8	37	2,073	11	2,660			
Due to other funds	-	-	1,632			1,632			
Interest payable	-	-		1,686	-	1,686			
Compensated absences	284	_	_	-	_	284			
Self-funded insurance	10,739	_	_	-	_	10,739			
Bonds payable		-	-	30,955	-	30,955			
Other liabilities	934	-	-		250	1,184			
Total current liabilities	12,488	8	1,669	34,714	261	49,140			
	12,400	0	1,005		201	43,140			
Noncurrent portion of long-term liabilities: Self-funded insurance	33,529					22 520			
Advances from other funds	55,529	-	-	-	-	33,529			
	-	-	8,448	-	-	8,448			
Bonds payable	-	-	-	321,415	-	321,415			
Net pension liabilities Net OPEB liabilities	3,506	-	-	407,088	-	410,594 223,562			
	1,916				221,646				
Total noncurrent liabilities	38,951		8,448	728,503	221,646	997,548			
Total liabilities	51,439	8	10,117	763,217	221,907	1,046,688			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Deferred amounts related to pensions	102	-	-	5,387	-	5,489			
Deferred amounts related to OPEB	544	-	-	-	55,638	56,182			
Total deferred inflows of resources	646		-	5,387	55,638	61,671			
NET POSITION									
Net investment in capital assets	_	3,211	8,607	-	-	11,818			
Unrestricted (deficit)	- 34,363	933	(2,345)	- (560,781)	- (248,811)	(776,641)			
Total net position (deficit)	\$ 34,363	\$ 4,144	\$ 6,262	\$ (560,781)		\$ (764,823)			
	کار,503 د	ې 4 ,144	عر <u>ہ</u> د	(100,701) ב	<u>→ (</u> 240,011)	, (104,023)			

Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Dollars in Thousands)

			He	eavy			Other					
			Equi	pment			Emp	Employee Postemployment				
	In	surance	Repla	cement	ER	P System	Retir	ement	Ben	efits (OPEB)		Total
Operating revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	32,738	\$	-	\$	11,104	\$ 1	07,210	\$	28,871	\$	179,923
Rents and concessions		-		2,514		-		-		-		2,514
Sales and miscellaneous		4,095		15		-		-		-		4,110
Total operating revenues		36,833		2,529		11,104	1	07,210		28,871		186,547
Operating expenses:												
Services and supplies		8,175		2,208		7,565		-		-		17,948
Salaries and employee benefits		4,669		-		-	1	07,729		(14,317)		98,081
Claim expenses		24,000		-		-		-		-		24,000
Depreciation and amortization		-		600		1,686				-		2,286
Total operating expenses		36,844		2,808		9,251	1	07,729		(14,317)		142,315
Operating income (loss)		(11)		(279)		1,853		(519)		43,188		44,232
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):												
Investment income		2,647		18		336		625		74		3,700
Interest expense		-		-		-	(20,784)		-		(20,784)
Gain (Loss) on disposal of capital assets		-	_	19		-		-		-		19
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		2,647		37		336	(20,159)		74		(17,065)
Income (loss) before capital												
contributions and transfers		2,636		(242)		2,189	(20,678)		43,262		27,167
Transfers in		26		611		1,150		-		-		1,787
Transfers out		(20)		-		(155)		-		-		(175)
Total capital contributions and transfers		6		611		995						1,612
Change in net position		2,642		369		3,184	(20,678)		43,262		28,779
Net position, beginning of year		31,721		3,775		3,078	(5	40,103 <u>)</u>		(292,073)		(793 <i>,</i> 602)
Net position, end of year	\$	34,363	\$	4,144	\$	6,262	\$ (5	60,781)	\$	(248,811)	\$	(764,823)

Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Dollars in Thousands)

		Ec	Heavy quipment			E	mployee		Other employment		
	Insurance		placement	ER	P System		etirement		efits (OPEB)		Total
Cash flows from operating activities:									(0) /		
Received from customers	\$ 36,887	\$	2,529	\$	11,103	\$	155,024	\$	(10,339)	Ś	195,204
Payments to suppliers for goods and services	(33,881		(2,238)		(7,565)	Ŧ	60	Ŧ	(4,352)	Ŧ	(47,976)
Payments to employees for services	(1,762		(_//		-		(107,729)		14,317		(95,174)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	1,244	·	291		3,538		47,355		(374)		52,054
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:	·	·					<u> </u>				
Transfers in	26		611		1,150		_		_		1,787
Transfers out	(20		- 110		(155)						(175)
Proceeds from other funds	15,279		-		(155)		-		-		15,279
Advances made to other funds			-		(1,631)		-		-		(1,631)
Payments to other governments	(409)	-		(1)001)		-		-		(409)
Principal paid on bonds	-	,	-		-		(27,555)		-		(27,555)
Interest paid	-		-		-		(20,784)		-		(20,784)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	14,876		611		(636)		(48,339)		-		(33,488)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:					()		(, ,				<u>(;;;;;;;</u>)
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	-		(290)		-		-		-		(290)
Interest paid	-		(200)		-		(111)		-		(111)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related		·									/
financing activities	-		(290)		-		(111)		-		(401)
			()	-		-	<u>(</u>)				()
Cash flows from investing activities:											
Interest received on investments	2,647	·	18		336		625		74		3,700
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	2,647		18		336		625		74		3,700
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash											
equivalents	18,767		630		3,238		(470)		(300)		21,865
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	64,651		311		4,519		7,120		1,415		78,016
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 83,418	\$	941	\$	7,757	\$	6,650	\$	1,115	\$	99,881
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash											
provided by (used in) operating activities:	÷ (44	、 <i>本</i>	(270)	~	4 050		(540)	<u>,</u>	42.400	~	
Operating income (loss)	\$ (11)\$	(279)	Ş	1,853	Ş	(519)	Ş	43,188	\$	44,232
Depreciation and amortization	-		600		1,686		-		-		2,286
Net pension activity Net OPEB activity	424 (377		-		-		47,816		- (39,210)		48,240 (39,587)
Miscellaneous	80		-		-		-		(39,210) (4,090)		(39,387) (3,285)
Changes in assets and liabilities:	00.	,							(4,000)		(3,203)
Decrease (increase) in:											
Accounts receivable	7		-		(1)		(2)		-		4
Prepaid expenses	(1		-		(2)		-		(7)		(10)
Increase (decrease) in:	(-	,			(-)				(- /		()
Accounts payable	(2,510)	(30)		2		60		(255)		(2,733)
Compensated absences	16	-	-		-		-		-		16
Self-funded insurance	2,891		-		-		-		-		2,891
Net cash provided by (used in) operating											
activities	\$ 1,244	\$	291	\$	3,538	\$	47,355	\$	(374)	\$	52,054
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents to the					<u> </u>		<u> </u>		i		
Statement of Net Position:											
Cash and investments	\$ 82,459	\$	941	\$	7,757	\$	6,638	\$	1,115	\$	98,910
Cash and investments with trustee	959		-		-		12		-		971
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 83,418	\$	941	\$	7,757	\$	6,650	\$	1,115	\$	99,881

AGENCY FUND

This fund accounts for assets held by the County in an agency capacity for individuals or other government units. The Agency Fund is custodial in nature and does not involve the measurement of results of operations. This fund has no equity account since all assets are due to individuals or entities at some future time.

Agency Fund Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Dollars in Thousands)

	Balance June 30, 2018			Additions	 Deletions	J	Balance lune 30, 2019
ASSETS: Current assets:							
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$	353,415	\$	2,319,678	\$ (2,267,878)	\$	405,215
Taxes		14,718		9,317	(8,230)		15,805
Interest and other		9,012		51,784	(47,669)		13,127
Due from other agencies		3,556		4,059	 (3 <i>,</i> 556)		4,059
Total assets	\$	380,701	\$	2,384,838	\$ (2,327,333)	\$	438,206
LIABILITIES:							
Due to other agencies	\$	380,701	\$	2,267,838	\$ (2,210,333)	\$	438,206
Total liabilities	\$	380,701	\$	2,267,838	\$ (2,210,333)	\$	438,206

NONMAJOR DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

These nonmajor discretely presented component units account for the goods and services provided by these component units. See also Note 1 of the Basic Financial Statements:

SONOMA VALLEY COUNTY SANITATION DISTRICT

RUSSIAN RIVER COUNTY SANITATION DISTRICT

SOUTH PARK COUNTY SANITATION DISTRICT

OCCIDENTAL COUNTY SANITATION DISTRICT



Discretely Presented Nonmajor Component Units Combining Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019 (Dollars in Thousands)

	C Sa	ma Valley County nitation District	S	ssian River County anitation District		South Park County Sanitation District		Occidental County Sanitation District		Total
ASSETS										
Cash and investments	\$	21,769	\$	2,488	\$	8,188	\$	1,422	\$	33,867
Restricted cash and investments		5,241		901		430		-		6,572
Receivables, net		1,178		346		156		28		1,708
Due from other governments		6		21		-		-		27
Prepaid expenses and deposits		11		-		-		-		11
Capital assets:										
Nondepreciable		10,291		352		2,254		2,450		15,347
Depreciable, net		60,569		21,574		17,824		2,040		102,007
Total assets		99,065		25,682		28,852		5,940		159,539
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Deferred charge on refunding		25		-		88		-		113
Total deferred outflows of resources		25				88				113
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		370		73		572		323		1,338
Interest payable		310		30		9		-		349
Long-term liabilities:										
Due within one year		2,014		414		182		-		2,610
Due in more than one year		18,183		2,399		3,087		-		23,669
Total liabilities		20,877		2,916		3,850		323		27,966
NET POSITION										
Net investment in capital assets		52,106		19,113		18,594		4,490		94,303
Restricted	3,810			899		421				5,130
Unrestricted	22,297			2,754		6,075		1,127		32,253
Total net position	\$ 78,213			22,766				5,617	131,686	

Discretely Presented Nonmajor Component Units Combining Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Dollars in Thousands)

			 Program Revenues										
	E	xpenses	Services	Gra	perating ants and tributions	Contributions							
FUNCTION/PROGRAM ACTIVITIES:													
Component units:													
Sonoma Valley Sanitation District	\$	14,360	\$ 16,794	\$	54	\$	480						
Russian River Sanitation District		5,710	5,017		1		29						
South Park Sanitation District		3,734	4,099		844		76						
Occidental Sanitation District		2,069	636		800		450						
Total component units	\$	25,873	\$ 26,546	\$	1,699	\$	1,035						

GENERAL REVENUES:

Property Tax

Unrestricted investment earnings

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position, beginning of year

Net position, end of year

	Net (l	Ехр	ense) Revenu																																																			
		Ν	lonmajor Disc																																																			
Son	ioma Valley	R	ussian River																																																			
	County		County	C	County		County		County		County		County		County		County		County		County		County		County		County		County		County		•		County																			
S	anitation		Sanitation Sanitatio		nitation	Sanitation																																																
	District		District	C	District	[District		Total																																													
										FUNCTION/PROGRAM ACTIVITIES:																																												
										Component units:																																												
\$	2,968	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,968	Sonoma Valley Sanitation District																																												
			(663)		-		-		(663)	Russian River Sanitation District																																												
	-		-		1,285		-		1,285	South Park Sanitation District																																												
	-		_		-		(183 <u>)</u>		(183 <u>)</u>	Occidental Sanitation District																																												
	2,968		(663)		1,285		(183)		3,407	Total component units																																												
										GENERAL REVENUES:																																												
	-		1		-		-		1	Property Tax																																												
	830		149		327		42		1,348	Unrestricted investment earnings																																												
	830		150		327		42		1,349	Total general revenues and transfers																																												
	3,798		(513)		1,612		(141)		4,756	Change in net position																																												
	74,415		23,279		23,478		5,758		126,930	Net position, beginning of year																																												
\$	78,213	\$	22,766	\$	25,090	\$	5,617	\$	131,686	Net position, end of year																																												



STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

This section of the County's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the County's overall financial health.

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Net Position By Category (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollar Amounts in Thousands) (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

					2	2011-12 (1)	2	2012-13 (2)	2	2013-14 (3)
	2009-10			2010-11	a	as restated	â	as restated	a	s restated
Governmental activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$	679,921	\$	759,723	\$	1,025,895	\$	1,040,466	\$	1,088,783
Restricted		249,264		319,824		232,061		234,551		243,497
Unrestricted		85,857		57,518		7,420		55,683		(524,188)
Total governmental activities net position	\$	1,015,042	\$	1,137,065	\$	1,265,376	\$	1,330,700	\$	808,092
Business-type activities										
Net investment in capital assets		326,402		329,814		96,064		99,990		113,075
Restricted		13,199		13,259		737		883		412
Unrestricted		29,617		31,018		(14,689)		(16,116)		11,585
Total business-type activities net position	\$	369,218	\$	374,091	\$	82,112	\$	84,757	\$	125,072
Total government										
Net investment in capital assets		1,006,323		1,089,537		1,121,959		1,140,456		1,201,858
Restricted		262,463		333,083		232,798		235,434		243,909
Unrestricted		115,474		88,536		(7,269)		39,567		(512,603)
Total primary government net position	\$	1,384,260	\$	1,511,156	\$	1,347,488	\$	1,415,457	\$	933,164

Notes:

(1) FY 2011-12 net position was restated for the implementation of GASB 61 and restatement of capital assets.

(2) FY 2012-13 net position was restated for the implementation of GASB 65.

(3) FY 2013-14 net position was restated primarily for the implementation of GASB 68.

(4) FY 2015-16 Business Activities net position was restated for SCEIP consolidation with Public Financing Authority Trust Funds (PFA).

Source:

20	014-15 (4)					
as	restated	 2015-16	 2016-17	 2017-18	 2018-19	
						Governmental activities
\$	1,113,783	\$ 1,163,262	\$ 1,192,407	\$ 1,208,423	\$ 1,251,617	Net investment in capital assets
	223,011	210,531	209,960	227,882	265,519	Restricted
	(481,556)	 (456,299)	 (457 <i>,</i> 536)	 (649,958 <u>)</u>	 (594,644)	Unrestricted
\$	855,238	\$ 917,494	\$ 944,831	\$ 786,347	\$ 922,492	Total governmental activities net position
						Business-type activities
	137,860	145,735	155,959	162,020	150,286	Net investment in capital assets
	1,038	4,265	7,440	10,390	11,715	Restricted
	8,695	 7,058	 (2,806)	 (7,695)	 6,541	Unrestricted
\$	147,593	\$ 157,058	\$ 160,593	\$ 164,715	\$ 168,542	Total business-type activities net position
						Total government
	1,251,643	1,308,997	1,348,366	1,370,443	\$ 1,401,903	Net investment in capital assets
	224,049	214,796	217,400	238,272	277,234	Restricted
	(472,861)	 (449,241)	 (460,342)	 (657,653)	 (588,103)	Unrestricted
\$	1,002,831	\$ 1,074,552	\$ 1,105,424	\$ 951,062	\$ 1,091,034	Total primary government net position

Expenses By Function (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollar Amounts in Thousands) (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

					2	2011-12 (1)	2012-13 (2)	2013-14 (3)		
		2009-10		2010-11	ā	as restated	as restated	as restated		
Expenses										
Governmental activities										
General government	\$	102,272	\$	98,919	\$	73,075	\$ 87,504	\$	89,881	
Public protection		270,306		238,008		229,093	241,671		243,619	
Public ways and facilities		32,958		37,790		32,421	33,573		47,887	
Health and sanitation		130,761		125,551		111,819	116,742		118,391	
Public assistance		233,972		223,126		173,641	186,547		200,026	
Education		18,409		16,642		870	605		840	
Recreation and cultural services		15,290		13,191		12,560	12,465		13,147	
Interest on long-term debt		35,320		47,045		43,675	 43,801		37,978	
Total governmental activities expenses	\$	839,288	\$	800,272	\$	677,154	\$ 722,908	\$	751,769	
Business-type activities										
Refuse		(24,419)		32,712		33,169	32,803		32,532	
Airport		-		-		3,985	4,283		4,223	
Energy Independence Program		-		-		4,487	3,681		2,723	
Transit		-		-		15,617	15,967		17,484	
Fair		-		-		10,901	10,743		10,072	
Marinas		1,638		1,933		2,482	2,284		2,214	
Sonoma Water		53,651		50,720		-	-		-	
Sonoma Valley County Sanitation District		13,242		12,063		-	-		-	
Other business-type activities		39,758		41,754		1,769	 1,885		1,789	
Total business-type activities expenses	\$	83,870	\$	139,182	\$	72,410	\$ 71,646	\$	71,037	
Total primary government	\$	923,158	\$	939,454	\$	677,226	\$ 722,980	\$	751,840	

Notes:

(1) FY 2011-12 net position was restated for the implementation of GASB 61 and restatement of capital assets.

(2) FY 2012-13 net position was restated for the implementation of GASB 65.

(3) FY 2013-14 Refuse restated expenses for adjustment to closure/post closure liability and abandonment of capital asset.

Source:

20	14-15 (4)									
as restated		2015-16		2016-17		2017-18		2018-19		
										Expenses
										Governmental activities
\$	95,094	\$	109,637	\$	104,166	\$	112,173	\$	93,172	General government
	272,963		281,574		310,466		306,078		331,051	Public protection
	36,868		38,964		47,670		52,302		43,324	Public ways and facilities
	118,085		132,071		135,564		136,228		134,918	Health and sanitation
	201,913		212,754		220,772		208,901		220,590	Public assistance
	1,020		1,056		1,118		1,122		1,182	Education
	14,482		16,004		33,174		33,943		27,355	Recreation and cultural services
	37,598		35,344		29,136		28,219		26,295	Interest on long-term debt
\$	778,023	\$	827,404	\$	882,066	\$	878,966	\$	877,887	Total governmental activities expenses
										Business-type activities
	26,492		5,494		9,935		4,331		6,706	Refuse
	4,743		5,330		7,596		8,821		9,941	Airport
	2,566		2,581		2,458		2,253		2,299	Energy Independence Program
	16,762		17,923		18,816		19,309		20,252	Transit
	13,645		10,661		7,199		11,495		10,818	Fair
	2,708		2,213		2,497		2,332		2,734	Marinas
	-		-		-		-		-	Sonoma Water
	-		-		-		-		-	Sonoma Valley County Sanitation District
	1,235		1,035		1,238		1,092		1,135	Other business-type activities
\$	68,151	\$	45,237	\$	49,739	\$	49,633	\$	53,885	Total business-type activities expenses
\$	778,091	\$	872,641	\$	931,805	\$	928,599	\$	931,772	Total primary government

Changes in Net Position (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollar Amounts in Thousands) (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

					2011-12 (1)		2012-13 (2)	
		2009-10	2010-11		as restated		as restated	2013-14
Program Revenue								
Governmental activities								
Charges for services								
General government	\$	66,710	\$ 43,331	\$	34,924	\$	53,062	\$ 46,308
Public protection		30,940	31,505		27,092		32,987	29,345
Public ways and facilities		2,365	1,883		7,260		59	43
Health and sanitation		11,285	23,004		24,611		8,055	6,275
Public assistance		1,859	1,377		1,256		12,938	18,021
Education		541	556		62		-	-
Recreation and cultural services		2,824	 3,337	_	3,555	_	4,011	 4,329
Total charges for services		116,524	104,993		98,760		111,112	104,321
Operating grants and contributions		403,381	417,770		395,426		406,152	437,904
Capital grants and contributions		31,048	 15,293		4,617		11,116	 4,832
Total governmental activities		550,953	 538,056	_	498,803		528,380	 547,057
Business - type activities								
Charges for services								
Refuse		33,860	32,640		34,234		34,930	37,993
Airport		-	-		3,650		4,056	4,285
Energy Independence Program		-	-		1,892		2,110	1,957
Transit		-	-		2,157		2,193	2,165
Fair		-	-		9,671		9,455	9,597
Marinas		1,154	1,747		2,172		2,241	2,312
Sonoma Water		42,528	49,296		-		-	-
Sonoma Valley County Sanitation District		10,773	11,529		-		-	-
Other business-type activities		24,092	 25,698		1,226		1,904	 1,711
Total charges for services		112,407	120,910		55,002		56,889	60,020
Operating grants and contributions		12,594	12,611		12,686		10,584	12,253
Capital grants and contributions		9,888	 4,771		7,332		2,340	 31,828
Total business - type activities program revenues		134,889	 138,292	_	75,020		69,813	 104,101
Total primary government program revenues	\$	685,842	\$ 676,348	\$	573,823	\$	598,193	\$ 651,158
Net (Expense) Revenue								
Governmental activities	\$	(288,335)	\$ (262,216)	\$	(178,351)	\$	(194,528)	\$ (204,172)
Business - type activities	-	51,019	(890)		2,610		(1,833)	28,182
Total primary government net expenses	\$	(237,316)	\$ (263,106)	\$	(175,741)	\$	(196,361)	\$ (175,990)

Notes:

(1) FY 2011-12 net position was restated for the implementation of GASB 61 and restatement of capital assets.(2) FY 2012-13 net position was restated for the implementation of GASB 65.

Source:

	2014-15		2015-16		2016-17		2017-18		2018-19	
										Program Revenue
										Governmental activities
										Charges for services
\$	41,223	\$	52,021	\$	40,057	\$	38,026	\$	40,737	General government
	32,776		34,737		35,029		37,181		45,579	Public protection
	371		395		407		4,025		3,766	Public ways and facilities
	6,780		6,501		13,938		12,583		10,842	Health and sanitation
	8,190		9,173		3,499		1,544		1,421	Public assistance
	-		-		-		-		-	Education
	4,640		5,193		5,763		5,577		5,992	Recreation and cultural services
	93,980		108,020		98,693		98,936		108,337	Total charges for services
	426,888		471,383		464,039		514,968		501,263	Operating grants and contributions
	7,754		3,102		4,013		3,071		3,318	Capital grants and contributions
	528,622		582,505		566,745		616,975		612,918	Total governmental activities
										Business - type activities
										Charges for services
	29,343		7,380		6,661		7,223		7,619	Refuse
	4,589		4,935		5,764		7,053		6,888	Airport
	3,000		2,845		2,658		2,313		2,033	Energy Independence Program
	2,000		2,035		1,825		1,957		1,804	Transit
	12,353		11,520		9,204		11,268		12,260	Fair
	2,858		2,145		2,343		2,264		2,396	Marinas
	-		-		-		-		-	Sonoma Water
	-		-		-		-		-	Sonoma Valley County Sanitation District
	1,106		1,078		1,158		1,233		803	Other business-type activities
	55,249		31,938		29,613		33,311		33,803	Total charges for services
	12,238		13,232		13,937		15,335		16,960	Operating grants and contributions
	21,369		7,712		10,467		2,868		3,255	Capital grants and contributions
	88,856		52,882		54,017		51,514		54,018	Total business - type activities program revenues
\$	617,478	\$	635,387	\$	620,762	\$	668,489	\$	666,936	Total primary government program revenues
										Net (Expense) Revenue
\$	(249,401)	Ś	(244,899)	Ś	(315,321)	Ś	(261,991)	Ś	(264,969)	Governmental activities
т	20,705	Ŧ	7,645	Ŧ	4,278	Ŧ	1,881	Ŧ	133	Business - type activities
\$	(228,696)	\$	(237,254)	\$	(311,043)	\$	(260,110)	\$	(264,836)	Total primary government net expenses
		_		_		_				

Net Expense By Function (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollar Amounts in Thousands) (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

						2011-12 (1)		2012-13 (2)		2013-14 (3)
		2009-10		2010-11		as restated		as restated	i	as restated
Net (expense) revenue										
Governmental activities	\$	(288,335)	\$	(262,216)	\$,	\$	(194,528)	\$	(204,712)
Business-type activities		51,019		(890)	_	2,610	_	(1,833)		28,182
Total primary government net expense		(237,316)		(263,106)		(175,741)		(196,361)		(176,530)
General revenues and other changes in net position:	:									
Governmental activities:										
Taxes:										
Property		216,904		210,717		171,431		183,429		193,221
Documentary transfer		3,114		2,960		3,390		4,301		4,439
Transient occupancy		7,139		7,929		8,757		9,705		11,037
Grants and other governmental revenues not										
restricted to specific programs		12,208		15,928		33,028		34,360		38,474
Unrestricted investment earnings		17,979		13,883		14,249		8,068		11,305
Other		21,585		25,850		23,765		20,875		16,808
Transfers		(5,315)		(3,998)		2,338		(886)		(1,163)
Special/Extraordinary items		-		55,033		15,455		-		-
Total governmental activities		273,614		328,302		272,413		259,852		274,121
Business-type activities:										
Property tax		205		206		-		-		-
Unrestricted investment earnings		1,229		961		1,697		1,681		2,186
Other		1,104		578		529		568		548
Gain on sale of capital assets		81		20		-		-		-
Transfers		5,315		3,998		(2,338)		886		1,163
Special item		-		-	_	-		1,343		_
Total business-type activities		7,934		5,763	_	(112)		4,478		3,897
Total primary government	\$	281,548	\$	334,065	\$	272,301	\$	264,330	\$	278,018
Changes in net position:										
Governmental activities		(14,721)		66,086		94,062		65,324		69,409
Business-type activities	-	58,953	-	4,873	-	2,498	-	2,645	-	32,079
Total primary government	\$	44,232	\$	70,959	\$	96,560	\$	67,969	\$	101,488

Notes:

(1) FY 2011-12 net position was restated for the implementation of GASB 61 and restatement of capital assets.

(2) FY 2012-13 net position was restated for the implementation of GASB 65.

(3) FY 2013-14 net position was restated primarily for the implementation of GASB 68.

Source:

 2014-15	 2015-16	 2016-17	 2017-18	18 2018-19		
						Net (expense) revenue
\$ (249,401)	\$ (244,899)	\$ (315,321)	\$ (261,991)	\$	(264,969)	Governmental activities
 20,705	 7,645	 4,278	 1,881		133	Business-type activities
 (228,696)	 (237,254)	(311,043)	 (260,110)		(264,836)	Total primary government net expense
						General revenues and other changes in net position:
						Governmental activities:
						Taxes:
208,316	222,211	233,256	245,274		259,239	Property
4,953	5,541	6,047	6,201		5,585	Documentary transfer
16,759	14,188	17,701	22,237		22,377	Transient occupancy
						Grants and other governmental revenues not
39,153	40,686	42,813	48,721		53,018	restricted to specific programs
6,157	8,331	7,778	10,907		22,758	Unrestricted investment earnings
22,561	17,583	36,532	38,688		39,617	Other
(1,464)	(1,385)	(1,469)	(1,328)		(1,480)	Transfers
 -	 -	 -	 (1,367)		-	Special/Extraordinary items
 296,435	 307,155	 342,658	 369,333		401,114	Total governmental activities
						Business-type activities:
-	-	-	-		-	Property tax
25	370	367	868		2,283	Unrestricted investment earnings
70	65	(25)	45		2,066	Other
-	-	-	-		-	Gain on sale of capital assets
1,464	1,385	1,469	1,328		1,480	Transfers
 -	 -	 -	 -		-	Special item
 1,559	 1,820	 1,811	 2,241		5,829	Total business-type activities
\$ 297,994	\$ 308,975	\$ 344,469	\$ 372,941	\$	406,943	Total primary government
						Changes in net position:
47,034	62,256	27,337	107,342		136,145	Governmental activities
 22,264	 9,465	 6,089	 4,122		5,962	Business-type activities
\$ 69,298	\$ 71,721	\$ 33,426	\$ 111,464	\$	142,107	Total primary government

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollar Amounts in Thousands) (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2009-10
General Fund	
Reserved for:	\$ 3,092
Encumbrances	28,331
Unreserved:	
Designated	36,390
Undesignated	 37,107
Total general fund	104,920
All Other Governmental Funds	
Reserved for:	
Encumbrances	21,383
Inventories	1,062
Long-term advances	1,072
Prepaid items and deposits	2,197
Debt service	105,636
Unreserved, Reported in:	
Special Revenue Funds:	
Designated	4,513
Undesignated	209,472
Capital Projects Funds	 4,261
Total other governmental funds	 349,596

				2011-12 (2)			
	2	2010-11	as restated			2012-13	 2013-14
General Fund (1)							
Nonspendable	\$	30,642	\$	3,451	\$	5,179	\$ 13,023
Restricted		188		-		-	-
Committed		656		243		240	153
Assigned		35,980		35,655		45,743	50,694
Unassigned		41,710		48,496		48,479	 47,658
Subtotal General Fund		109,176		87,845		99,641	 111,528
All Other Governmental Funds							
Nonspendable		11,962		2,280		2,566	4,045
Restricted		338,298		235,047		242,054	239,446
Committed		9,330		2,868		3,217	3,806
Assigned		24,894		15,775		28,429	34,065
Unassigned		(1,271)		(1,329)		(609)	 -
Subtotal all other governmental funds		383,213		254,641		275,657	 281,362
Total governmental fund balance	\$	492,389	\$	342,486	\$	375,298	\$ 392,890

Notes:

(1) FY 2010-11 the County implemented GASB 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, under which governmental fund balances are reported as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.
(2) FY 2011-12 net position was restated for the implementation of GASB 61 and restatement of capital assets.

Source:
 2014-15	 2015-16	 2016-17	 2017-18		2018-19	
						General Fund (1)
\$ 12,074	\$ 14,673	\$ 12,974	\$ 11,306	\$	8,966	Nonspendable
-	-	-	-		-	Restricted
90	3	3	5		15	Committed
64,400	73,592	76,290	86,444		111,584	Assigned
 55,325	 57,497	 60,403	 53,224		71,294	Unassigned
 131,889	 145,765	 149,670	 150,979	_	191,859	Subtotal general fund
						All Other Governmental Funds
5,456	4,326	3,973	3,771		3,763	Nonspendable
235,532	222,475	221,115	237,938		275,209	Restricted
6,873	7,024	5,373	8,860		9,152	Committed
31,309	48,785	42,193	46,980		46,491	Assigned
 (412)	 -	 -	 -		-	Unassigned
278,758	282,610	272,654	297,549		334,615	Subtotal all other governmental funds
\$ 410,647	\$ 428,375	\$ 422,324	\$ 448,528	\$	526,474	Total governmental fund balance

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollar Amounts in Thousands) (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

					2011-12 (1)				
	 2009-10		2010-11		as restated		2012-13	 2013-14	 2014-15
Revenues (by source):									
Taxes	\$ 239,365	\$	238,234	\$	216,720	\$	231,920	\$ 247,203	\$ 269,220
Licenses, permits and franchise fees	15,966		17,245		22,053		21,962	23,360	24,315
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	18,388		21,872		16,110		24,978	13,312	17,182
Use of money and property	17,752		13,706		13,940		7,276	9,919	5,954
Intergovernmental	424,796		420,612		388,607		401,810	440,438	432,396
Charges for services Other	77,765 20,400		65,293 28,285		61,135 24,122		74,580 20,422	67,657 16,782	52,483 21,495
Total revenues	 814,432		805,247	-	742,687		782,948	 818,671	 823,045
Expenditures (by function):	 ·		<u> </u>		· .		<u> </u>	 ,	
Current:									
General government	76,465		367,407		72,306		85,869	91,087	97,029
Public protection	253,316		226,418		233,356		243,245	249,862	268,532
Public ways and facilities	23,123		30,048		27,922		25,991	41,824	29,197
Health and sanitation	123,988		120,960		116,802		122,133	123,730	122,444
Public assistance	224,337		217,900		181,425		195,708	210,568	210,166
Education	17,313		16,019		606		611	837	836
Recreation and cultural services	13,919		12,078		12,284		12,037	12,812	14,309
Capital outlay	83,254		41,569		37,105		32,643	46,142	39,679
Debt service:									
Principal	24,956		30,771		10,683		12,149	20,573	8,509
Interest	 33,255		45,749	_	16,714	_	17,838	 13,169	 13,178
Total expenditures	 873,926		1,108,919	_	709,203		748,224	 810,604	 803,879
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over									
(under) expenditures	 (59,494)	_	(303,672)	_	33,484		34,724	 8,067	 19,166
Other financing sources (uses):									
Transfers in	94,339		116,232		98,435		79,641	82,821	86,587
Transfers out	(99,923)		(120,483)		(95,189)		(80,543)	(84,445)	(88,797)
Issuance of long-term debt	5,404		294,410		107		594	10,640	299
Premium on long term debt issuance	-		-		-		-	-	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets Other financing sources/(uses)	 1,923		-		5,124		125	 509 -	 390 -
Total other financing sources and uses	 -	_	290,159	_	8,477		(183)	 9,525	 (1,521)
Extraordinary item/Special Item	 1,743		55,033	_	15,455		-	 	 _
Net change in fund balances	 (57,751)		41,520		57,416		34,541	 17,592	 17,645
Fund balances, beginning of year, as restated	512,267		450,869		285,070		340,757	375,298	393,002
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 454,516	\$	492,389	\$	342,486	\$	375,298	\$ 392,890	\$ 410,647
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital									
expenditures	7.36%		7.17%		4.08%		4.19%	4.41%	2.84%

Notes:

(1) FY 2011-12 net position was restated for the implementation of GASB 61 and restatement of capital assets.

Source:

2	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2017-18	2018-19	
						Revenues (by source):
\$	282,665	\$ 299,817	\$ 322,433	\$ 322,433	\$ 340,219	Taxes
	28,577	29,169	29,509	29,509	34,078	Licenses, permits and franchise fees
	24,836	12,995	13,129	13,129	16,247	Fines, forfeitures and penalties
	7,561	7,130	9,632	9,632	19,058	Use of money and property
	469,363	468,052	518,038	518,038	504,581	Intergovernmental
	54,607	56,529	56,299	56,299	58,012	Charges for services
	29,495	 32,061	 35,267	 35,267	 46,826	Other
	897,104	 905,753	 984,307	 984,307	 1,019,021	Total revenues
						Expenditures (by function):
						Current:
	108,126	99,429	114,791	114,791	88,279	General government
	281,466	307,874	322,852	322,852	340,814	Public protection
	30,496	39,023	33,607	33,607	35,228	Public ways and facilities
	135,081	137,342	146,623	146,623	141,141	Health and sanitation
	218,413	224,976	225,460	225,460	231,592	Public assistance
	1,032	1,087	1,161	1,161	1,132	Education
	15,231	32,276	35,279	35,279	27,188	Recreation and cultural services
	39,986	52,458	59,425	59,425	58,318	Capital outlay
						Debt service:
	82,754	9,957	11,473	11,473	9,368	Principal
	18,697	 6,981	 6,338	 6,338	 6,008	Interest
	931,282	 911,403	 957,009	 957,009	 939,068	Total expenditures
						Excess (deficiency) of revenues over
	(34,178)	 (5,650)	 27,298	 27,298	 79,953	(under) expenditures
						Other financing sources (uses):
	143,129	80,486	97,898	97,898	121,415	Transfers in
	(141,950)	(81,597)	(98,866)	(98,866)	(124,507)	Transfers out
	43,335	17,225	2,300	2,300	654	Issuance of long-term debt
	7,044	-	-	-	-	Premium on long term debt issuance
	348	551	1,080	1,080	431	Proceeds from sale of capital assets
	-	 (17,066)	 -	 -	 -	Other financing sources/(uses)
	51,906	 (401)	 2,412	 2,412	 (2,007)	Total other financing sources and uses
	-	 -	 (3,506)	 (3,506)	 -	Extraordinary item/Special Item
	17,728	 (6,051)	 26,204	 26,204	 77,946	Net change in fund balances
						Fund balances, beginning of year, as
	410,647	 428,375	 422,324	 422,324	 448,528	restated
\$	428,375	\$ 422,324	\$ 448,528	\$ 448,528	\$ 526,474	Fund balances, end of year
	11 2007	1.070/	1.000/	1.000/	1 750/	Debt service as a percentage of noncapital
	11.38%	1.97%	1.98%	1.98%	1.75%	expenditures

Assessed Value of Taxable Property (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollar Amounts in Thousands)

				Total Taxable	Total Direct	
Fiscal Year	 Secured (1)	 Unsecured (2)	 Exempt (3)	Assessed Value (4)	Tax Rate (4)	
2009-10	\$ 67,795,681	\$ 2,554,701	\$ (2,313,446)	\$ 68,036,936	1.00%	
2010-11	66,227,140	2,515,625	(2,382,686)	66,360,079	1.00	
2011-12	65,715,029	2,550,892	(2,437,205)	65,828,716	1.00	
2012-13	65,424,659	2,394,378	(2,514,061)	65,304,976	1.00	
2013-14	68,023,890	2,402,413	(2,740,545)	67,685,758	1.00	
2014-15	73,289,559	2,476,588	(2,916,461)	72,849,686	1.00	
2015-16	78,257,731	2,681,992	(3,116,014)	77,823,709	1.00	
2016-17	82,727,351	2,659,027	(3,171,082)	82,215,296	1.00	
2017-18	85,835,554	2,758,806	(3,139,460)	85,454,900	1.00	
2018-19	90,472,427	2,908,430	(3,212,531)	90,168,326	1.00	

Notes:

(1) Secured property is generally real property, defined as land, mines, minerals, timber, and improvements such as buildings, structures, crops, trees, and vines.

(2) Unsecured property is generally personal property including machinery, equipment, office tools, and supplies.

(3) Exempt properties include numerous full and partial exclusions/exemptions provided by the State Constitution and the legislature that relieve certain taxpayers from the burden of paying property taxes.

(4) Due to the 1978 passage of the property tax initiative Proposition 13 (Prop 13) the County does not track the estimated actual value of all County properties. Under Prop 13 property is assessed at the 1978 market value with an annual increase limited to the lesser of 2%, the CPI on properties not involved in a change of ownership, or properties that did not undergo new construction. Newly acquired property is assessed at its new market value (usually the purchase price) and the value of any new construction is added to the existing base value of a parcel. As a result, similar properties can have substantially different assessed values based on the date of purchase. Additionally, Prop 13 limits the property tax rate to 1% of assessed value plus the rate necessary to fund local voter-approved bonds and special assessments.

Source:

Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years

_	Count	y Direct Rates (1)	Overl	apping Rates	(1)	
_		C	ounty Direct	Sc	hool Districts		
Fiscal Year	County	Other	Rate	Cities (2)	(3)	Special Districts	Total
2009-10	0.21266	0.78734	1.0000	0.06750	0.02593	0.01069	1.10412
2010-11	0.21353	0.78647	1.0000	0.07500	0.02571	0.01442	1.11513
2011-12	0.21313	0.78687	1.0000	0.07500	0.02607	0.01266	1.11373
2012-13	0.21326	0.78674	1.0000	0.06500	0.02597	0.01174	1.10271
2013-14	0.21332	0.78668	1.0000	0.05200	0.02603	0.01259	1.09061
2014-15	0.21282	0.78718	1.0000	0.05700	0.02561	0.01170	1.09431
2015-16	0.21305	0.78695	1.0000	0.10700	0.02440	0.01263	1.14403
2016-17	0.21333	0.78667	1.0000	0.10700	0.02440	0.02440	1.15580
2017-18	0.21352	0.78648	1.0000	0.10700	0.02438	0.01152	1.14290
2018-19	0.21416	0.78584	1.0000	0.10700	0.02395	0.01298	1.14393

Notes:

(1) County Direct Rates are ad valorem taxes levied by the County as authorized by Article 13A of the Constitution of the state of California. 'Overlapping rates are taxes levied to service voter-approved debt of overlapping jurisdictions such as a school district or local city.

(2) Rates represent the weighted average of the nine incorporated cities within the County of Sonoma.

(3) Rates represent the weighted average of the various school district tax rate areas within the County of Sonoma.

Source:

Principal Revenue Taxpayers (Unaudited) June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2010 (Dollar Amounts in Thousands)

J	une 30,	2019:			June 30, 2010:						
				Percentage of Total				Percentage of Total			
Taxpayer	Tota	al Taxes (1)	Rank	County Taxes	Tot	al Taxes (1)	Rank	County Taxes			
Pacific Gas & Electric Co.	\$	16,447	1	1.84%	\$	7,364	2	0.98%			
Geysers Power Co. LLC		12,411	2	1.39		7,784	1	0.93			
Keysight Technologies Inc.		2,842	3	0.32		1,675	4	0.21			
St. Jospeh Health Northern CA LLC		1,792	4	0.20							
Pacific Bell Telephone Co.		1,785	5	0.20		1,943	3	0.24			
Lytton Rancheria of Califorinia		1,739	6	0.19							
Enclave Apartments LLC		1,678	7	0.19							
Ferrari-Carano Vineyards & Winery		1,406	8	0.16							
Jackson Family Investments LLC		1,336	9	0.15							
Foley Family Wines Inc.		1,228	10	0.14							
SC Sonoma Development LLC		-		0.00		906	5	0.11			
Quarry Heights LLC		-		0.00		865	6	0.11			
Constellation Wines US Inc.		-		0.00		778	7	0.10			
Gallo Vineyards Inc.		-		0.00		728	8	0.09			
Coddingtown LLC		-		0.00		681	9	0.09			
EMI Santa Rosa LTD		-		0.00		661	10	0.08			
Total	\$	42,664		4.78%	\$	23,385		2.94%			
Total taxes of all taxpayers (2)	\$	893,578			\$	794,205					

Notes:

(1) Taxable Assessed Secured amounts.

(2) Obtained from Property Tax Statistics Summary.

Source:

Sonoma County Auditor-Controller-Treasurer-Tax Collector Sonoma County Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

Property Tax Levies and Collections (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollar Amounts in Thousands)

	Taxes		 Collections within the Fiscal Year of the Levy (2)			llections in ubsequent	Total Collections to Date			
Fiscal Year		Levied (1)	 Amount	% of Levy		Years		Amount	% of Levy	
2009-10	\$	680,369	\$ 656,556	96.5%	\$	23,093	\$	679,649	99.9%	
2010-11		663,601	645,684	97.3%		17,049		662,733	99.9%	
2011-12		658,287	642,641	97.6%		14,723		657,364	99.9%	
2012-13		653,050	641,750	98.3%		10,358		652,108	99.9%	
2013-14		676,858	667,922	98.7%		7,920		675,842	99.8%	
2014-15		728,497	721,075	99.0%		6,179		727,254	99.8%	
2015-16		778,237	770,592	99.0%		5,795		776,387	99.8%	
2016-17		822,153	815,344	99.2%		4,170		819,514	99.7%	
2017-18		852,241	844,872	99.1%		-		844,872	99.1%	
2018-19		901,683	893,578	99.1%		-		893,578	99.1%	

Notes:

(1) Secured and unsecured tax levy for the County itself, school districts, cities, and special districts under the supervision of their own governing boards.

(2) Included are amounts collected by the County on behalf of itself, school districts, cities, and special districts under the supervision of their own governing boards.

Source:

Ratios of Outstanding Debt (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollars Amounts in Thousands)

					Governmen	tal	Activities		
	Pen	sion Obligation	Certificates of	Lon	g-Term Contract			Notes	
Fiscal Year		Bonds	 Participation		Payable		Loans Payable	 Payable	 Bonds Payable
2009-10	\$	246,795	\$ 45,058	\$	106,759	\$	78,350	\$ 800	\$ 111,575
2010-11		515,455	42,082		103,916		77,860	4,350	111,195
2011-12		495,220	36,990		100,981		77,356	3,525	93,845
2012-13		472,255	32,471		-		75,856	1,925	90,700
2013-14		459,165	28,264		-		75,513	875	87,425
2014-15		443,565	25,384		-		76,246	-	84,020
2015-16		425,250	22,356		-		74,490	-	48,865
2016-17		404,185	20,212		-		72,423	-	43,645
2017-18		379,925	16,538		5,958		69,633	3,360	38,180
2018-19		352,370	14,929		5,296		67,974	-	32,440

Business-Type Activities

	Certificates of	Source Bounds	Water Bonds	Conital Loosas	Notes and Loans	Energy Independence
Fiscal Year	Participation	Sewer Bonds	Water Bonds	Capital Leases	Payable	Bonds
2009-10	\$ 7,515	\$ 24,663	\$ 24,470	\$ 15,098	\$-	\$ 29,637
2010-11	6,135	23,350	23,895	15,125	1,441	44,295
2011-12	4,700	21,995	23,295	13,812	1,391	46,614
2012-13	3,200	-	-	669	810	47,648
2013-14	1,635	-	-	266	15,700	45,988
2014-15	-	-	-	-	8,419	42,449
2015-16	-	-	-	-	7,217	38,250
2016-17	-	-	-	-	4,215	33,556
2017-18	-	-	-	-	448	30,307
2018-19	-	-	-	-	17,357	28,311

		Percentage of	Percentage of	
Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Assessed Value (2)	Personal Income	Per Capita (3)
2009-10	493,285	1.16%	3.74%	1,625
2010-11	487,125	1.61%	4.98%	2,191
2011-12	487,011	1.55%	4.62%	2,082
2012-13	490,423	1.22%	3.39%	1,628
2013-14	490,486	1.08%	2.98%	1,479
2014-15	496,253	0.96%	2.59%	1,388
2015-16	501,959	0.82%	2.37%	1,266
2016-17	505,120	0.73%	2.12%	1,200
2017-18	503,332	0.67%	2.00%	1,132
2018-19	500,675	0.60%	1.79%	1,076

Ratios based on Total Primary Debt

Notes:

(1) Population Estimate as of January 1, 2019

(2) See the "Assessed Value of Taxable Property and Actual Value of Property" table for total taxable assessed value. Assessed value does not include tax exempt property.

(3) See the "Demographic and Economic Statistics" table for population figures. Ratio is calculated using population for the latest calendar year for each corresponding fiscal year.

Source:

Special A	Assessment		Unamortized		
B	onds	Capital Leases	 Premiums	 Subtotal	Fiscal Year
\$	5,181	\$ 6,364	\$ 4,224	\$ 605,106	2009-10
	4,428	5,493	4,026	868,805	2010-11
	4,130	4,641	3,828	820,516	2011-12
	-	4,315	3,630	681,152	2012-13
	-	3,728	3,432	658,402	2013-14
	-	3,390	3,234	635,839	2014-15
	-	2,862	6,550	580,373	2015-16
	-	2,419	5,623	548,507	2016-17
	-	4,113	4,696	522,403	2017-18
	-	4,407	3,913	481,329	2018-19

Business-Type Activities

...

Landfi	ill Closure and	Advances From Other				Total Primary	
Ро	ostclosure	Governments	Unamor	rtized Loss	Subtotal	 Government	Fiscal Year
\$	50,225	\$ 36,186	\$	(1,276) \$	\$ 186,518	\$ 791,624	2009-10
	51,237	34,124		(1,135)	198,467	1,067,272	2010-11
	51,979	37,966		(995)	200,757	1,021,273	2011-12
	52,778	12,358		(100)	117,363	798,515	2012-13
	-	12,066		-	75,655	734,057	2013-14
	-	9,817		-	60,685	696,524	2014-15
	4,834	8,799		-	59,100	639,473	2015-16
	9,993	7,829		-	55,593	604,100	2016-17
	9,831	6,595		-	47,181	569,584	2017-18
	9,508	2,369		-	57,545	538,874	2018-19

Computation of Legal Debt Margin (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollar Amounts in Thousands)

	Assessed		Debt Applicable to	Legal Debt Margin	Legal Debt
Fiscal Year	Value (1)	Legal Debt Limit (2)	Limit (3)	(4)	Margin/Debt Limit
2009-10	68,036,936	1,360,739	-	1,360,739	100%
2010-11	66,360,079	1,327,202	-	1,327,202	100%
2011-12	65,828,716	1,316,574	-	1,316,574	100%
2012-13	65,304,976	1,306,100	-	1,306,100	100%
2013-14	67,685,758	1,353,715	-	1,353,715	100%
2014-15	72,849,686	1,456,994	-	1,456,994	100%
2015-16	77,823,709	1,556,474	-	1,556,474	100%
2016-17	82,215,296	1,644,306	-	1,644,306	100%
2017-18	85,454,900	1,709,098	-	1,709,098	100%
2018-19	90,168,326	1,803,367	-	1,803,367	100%

Notes:

(1) Assessed Value does not include tax exempt property. Property value data is located in the "Assessed Value of Taxable Property and Actual Value of Property" schedule.

(2) Legal debt limit is 2.00% of assessed value.

(3) Debt applicable to limit only includes general obligation bonds, of which the County has none.

(4) Legal debt margin is the County's available borrowing authority under state finance statutes, and is calculated by subtracting the debt applicable to the legal debt limit from the legal debt limit.

Source:

Schedule of Direct And Overlapping Debt (Unaudited) June 30, 2019 (Dollar Amounts in Thousands)

2018-19 Taxable Assessed Valuation:		\$	90,168,326
	Percentage Applicable to Sonoma County Taxable		
Overlapping Debt and Tax Assessment Debt (1)	Assessed Valuation	Deb	t Outstanding
High School Districts	100%	\$	254,294
Unified School Districts	100%		483,240
Elementary Districts	100%		306,964
Santa Rosa Junior College	100%		225,355
Sonoma County Water Agency	100%		77,613
Total Overlapping Debt and Tax Assessment Debt		\$	1,347,466

Direct Debt (1)			Percentage Applicable to Sonoma County Taxable Assessed Valuation	Debt Outstanding applicable to taxable assessed valuation	
Sonoma County Certificates of Participation	\$	14,929	100%	\$	14,929
Sonoma County Bonds Payable (2)		36,353	0%		-
Sonoma County Pension Obligation Bonds		352,370	100%		352,370
Sonoma County Loans Payable (3)		67,974	0.04%		27
Sonoma County Long-Term Contract Payable		5,296	100%		5,296
Sonoma County Capital Leases		4,407	100%		4,407
Total Direct Debt	\$	481,329		\$	377,029
Total Combined Overlapping and Direct Debt				\$	1,724,495

Natio of 2010-15 Assessed valuation.	
Total Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt	1.49%
Total Direct Debt	0.42%
Total Combined Overlapping and Direct Debt	1.91%

Notes:

(1) Direct debt is an obligation of the County whereas overlapping debt is an obligation of other governments within

the geographic boundary of the County. Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes.

(2) Open Space bonds payable from Measure F sales tax revenue. Amount includes unamortized premiums

(3) Tobacco securitization payable from settlement revenue.

Source:

Sonoma County Water Agency Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019 Sonoma County Auditor-Controller-Treasurer-Tax Collector

Demographics and Economic Statistics (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Estimated	Personal	Per Capita	School	Unemployment
Calendar Year	Population	Income (1)	Personal Income	Enrollment	Rate
2010	493,285	\$ 21,701,296	\$ 43,993	71,010	10.6%
2011	487,125	21,142,471	43,403	70,666	10.1%
2012	487,011	21,417,425	43,977	70,688	9.0%
2013	490,423	22,126,957	45,118	70,637	7.1%
2014	490,486	23,548,182	48,010	70,932	5.7%
2015	496,253	24,606,709	49,585	71,096	4.3%
2016	501,959	26,874,652	53,540	71,131	4.1%
2017	505,120	27,034,022	53,520	70,940	3.6%
2018	503,332	28,457,348	56,538	70,449	2.4%
2019	500,675	30,183,693	60,286	69,734	2.8%
Incorporated Citi	es Population:				
Cloverdale		9,257			
Cotati		7,919			
Healdsburg		12,501			
Petaluma		62,247			
Rohnert Park		43,339			
Santa Rosa		175,625			
Sebastopol		7,885			
Sonoma		11,556			
Town of Wind	lsor	28,565	-		
Total Incorporate		358,894			
Total Unincorpor	ated Areas	141,781	<u>.</u>		
Total Population		500,675			

Notes:

(1) Personal Income of all County residents in thousands and estimated as of March 2018.

Sources:

California Department of Finance, E-1 Population Estimates for Cities, Counties, and the State -

January 1, 2019

US Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis - Regional Data of GDP and Personal Income (BEARFACTS); estimates based on March 2018

California Department of Education; Data Enrollment by Grade report for 2017-18

California Employment Development Department: Labor Force Statistics

Economic Development Dept. -Local Area Unemployement Map for Counties, as of June 2019

COUNTY OF SONOMA, CALIFORNIA Major Employers (Unaudited) June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2010

June	June 30, 2010					
			Percent of Total			Percent of Total
	Number of		County	Number of		County
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
County of Sonoma (1)	3,835	1	1.50%			0.00%
Kaiser Permanente	3,671	2	1.44	2,400	1	0.93
Santa Rosa Junior College (1)	1,644	3	0.64			
St. Joseph Health	1,640	4	0.64	1,781	2	0.69
Keysight Technologies	1,500	5	0.59	1,350	3	0.52
City of Santa Rosa (1)	1,307	6	0.51			
Jackson Family Wines	1,071	7	0.42	640	10	0.25
Sutter Santa Rosa Regional Hospital	1,045	8	0.41	1,097	5	0.43
Amy's Kitchen	1,022	9	0.40	900	7	0.35
Oliver's Market	783	10	0.31			
Medtronic Cardiovascular	-		0.00	1,200	4	0.46
Safeway	-		0.00	1,082	6	0.42
River Rock Casino	-		0.00	660	8	0.26
Wal-Mart Stores	-		0.00	650	9	0.25
Ten largest Employer's	17,518		6.86%	11,760		4.56%
All other employer's	237,682		93.14%	246,340		95.44%
Total Employers	255,200		100.00%	258,100		100.00%

Notes:

(1) Governmental entities were not factored into the 2010 schedule

Source:

Sonoma County Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010 Sonoma County Economic Development Board State of California Employment Development Department: Labor Force Statistics Total Employment Oct-2018 City of Santa Rosa Santa Rosa Junior College

County Employees By Function (Unaudited)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

FTE'S:	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14
General Government					
Board of Supervisors / County Administrator	33	33	28	32	35
General Services	126	119	114	116	119
County Clerk-Assessor-Recorder-PA	119	112	111	114	118
Auditor-Controller / Treasurer-Tax Collector	108	105	93	97	96
County Counsel	37	37	36	36	38
Human Resources	62	56	47	50	56
Information Systems	137	123	107	107	107
Economic Development	9	8	8	11	12
Public Protection		-			
District Attorney	129	124	113	114	120
Public Defender	57	54	50	52	52
Sheriff	711	660	624	634	648
Probation	318	301	279	278	285
Permit and Resource Management	140	121	101	102	101
Emergency Services	26	25	25	27	27
Child Support Services	129	115	108	102	99
Agricultural Commissioner	68	37	43	37	41
Northern Sonoma County Air Pollution Control	6	6		6	
Public Assistance	0	0	0	0	0
Human Services and IHSS	642	671	666	698	784
Health Services	042	0/1	000	098	784
H.SAdministration and other	101	48	56	59	69
Public Health	180	48 211	211	202	200
Mental Health	180	158	172	190	200 196
Alcohol, Drug & Tobacco	61	40	39	41	44
	6	40 6	59 6	41 7	44 25
Special Revenue Funds	-	0	0	26	25 35
County Medical Services Program	-	-	-	20	35
Public Ways & Facilities	140	120	120	100	107
Roads	149	128	128	128	137
Cultural & Recreational	4.40	124	126	447	407
Regional Parks (1)	148	134	126	117	127
Agricultural Preservation and Open Space District	26	29	29	28	29
Education		c	-	-	-
U.C. Cooperative Extension	8	6	5	5	5
Enterprise Funds					
Integrated Waste Enterprise Fund (2)	42	39	40	41	41
Airport Enterprise Fund	13	13	15	15	15
Transit	7	7	7	7	6
Fairgrounds	37	38	37	34	34
Discrete Component Units					
Community Development Commission	41	41	43	34	35
Sonoma Water	226	231	230	243	250
Library (3)	138	138	138	138	138
	4,213	3,974	3,841	3,928	4,130

Notes:

(1) Regional Parks extra help employees excluded after FY 2013-14.

(2) Integrated Waste Enterprise Fund operation of the Refuse landfill transferred to third party effective April 2016.

(3) Library excluded from the Sonoma County CAFR after FY 2013-14.

Source:

2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	FTE'S:
					General Government
37	39	38	45	57	Board of Supervisors / County Administrator
119	111	110	107	102	General Services
109	102	103	105	107	County Clerk-Assessor-Recorder-PA
92	88	90	93	99	Auditor-Controller / Treasurer-Tax Collector
38	39	41	44	43	County Counsel
57	55	56	59	67	Human Resources
117	100	102	99	99	Information Systems
10	12	12	12	12	Economic Development
					Public Protection
121	115	122	126	125	District Attorney
49	49	51	51	50	Public Defender
635	603	625	624	611	Sheriff
286	291	267	262	262	Probation
108	105	112	133	151	Permit and Resource Management
24	23	21	17	9	Emergency Services
98	85	85	87	84	Child Support Services
32	32	37	36	36	Agricultural Commissioner
6	6	6	6	-	Northern Sonoma County Air Pollution Control
					Public Assistance
836	891	877	834	847	Human Services and IHSS
					Health Services
75	66	65	82	76	H.SAdministration and other
206	213	210	193	197	Public Health
212	201	226	205	190	Mental Health
38	35	39	45	14	Alcohol, Drug & Tobacco
26	25	20	22	9	Special Revenue Funds
39	31	30	17	20	County Medical Services Program
					Public Ways & Facilities
124	118	113	117	121	Roads
					Cultural & Recreational
79	81	79	88	88	Regional Parks (1)
27	24	25	25	25	Agricultural Preservation and Open Space District
					Education
5	5	5	4	5	U.C. Cooperative Extension
					Enterprise Funds
40	9	10	8	9	Integrated Waste Enterprise Fund (2)
14	15	16	16	18	Airport Enterprise Fund
6	5	5	5	5	Transit
36	27	25	27	27	Fairgrounds
					Discrete Component Units
36	39	43	41	46	Community Development Commission
212	215	228	222	224	Sonoma Water
_	-				Library (3)
3,949	3,855	3,894	3,857	3,835	
		<u> </u>			

Operating Indicators by Function/Program (Unaudited)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14
Function/Program					
Law & Justice Filed Felonies/New Cases/New VOPs - DA/PD Misdemeanor/Felony Court Appearances - DA/PD	2,533 126,841		2,066 124,854	2,321 123,008	2,511 130,135
Public Safety Fire Prevention Inspections (1) Dispatch Calls - Sheriff Adult Detention Facility Bookings - Sheriff Juvenile Hall Average Daily Population	- 132,978 20,890 85	17,903	_ 126,882 18,000 84	_ 126,959 17,773 80	_ 125,149 17,703 76
Health & Public Assistance Birth Certificates Registered - Health Services Emergency Medical Responses - Health Services Total Collections - Child Support Enforcement (4)	5,880 54,000 \$ 29,743	53,417	43,278	5,058 45,980 \$28,372	5,166 50,634 \$28,699
Community Resources & Public Facilities Permit & Resource Management: Code Enforcement Cases Building Permits Issued	1,203 15,914		850 16,690	877 _	899 16,517
Integrated Waste Tonnage - Transportation & Public Works (2) Diverted Tonnage - Transportation & Public Works	240,000 106,625	,	240,000 110,000	230,837 110,000	267,251 109,000
Regional Parks Park Visitors	4,958,390	4,605,999	4,064,068	5,383,600	5,843,143
Veterans/Community Center (3): Events Attendance	4,095 360,950	,	4,397 319,317	3,655 280,885	4,788 312,570

Notes:

(1) Fire Prevention Inspections added as an operating indicator FY 2014-15

(2) Tonnage - Transportation & Public Works substanially higher due to October 2017 (FY 2017-18) fire damage waste collection

(3) Veterans/Community Center only tracking Veteran buildings in Cotati, Guerneville, Petaluma, and Sonoma.

All other buildings are operated by 3rd party organizations without County involvement.

(4) In thousands

- Long dash Indicates historical data was not available at time of reporting, the operating indicator has changed, or these statistics are no longer available.

Source:

Sonoma County Departments

2	2014-15	 2015-16	2	016-17	 2017-18	2018-19	
							Function/Program
	2,706	2,229 149,121		2,370 99,714	2,553 30,572	- -	Law & Justice Filed Felonies/New Cases/New VOPs - DA/PD Misdemeanor/Felony Court Appearances - DA/PD
							Public Safety
	1,417 115,351 16,881 72	1,321 114,980 15,953 60		1,393 111,568 15,987 54	1,737 114,599 16,516 41	– 105,357 18,498 –	Fire Prevention Inspections (1) Dispatch Calls - Sheriff Adult Detention Facility Bookings - Sheriff Juvenile Hall Average Daily Population
\$	5,224 55,157 29,038	\$ 5,380 50,567 31,063	\$	4,997 66,680 34,120	\$ 4,715 70,310 35,220	\$ 4,642 75,000 34,421	Health & Public Assistance Birth Certificates Registered - Health Services Emergency Medical Responses - Health Services Total Collections - Child Support Enforcement
	931 5,450	1,075 6,004		994 5,933	1,890 8,625	1,821 9,094	Community Resources & Public Facilities Permit & Resource Management: Code Enforcement Cases Building Permits Issued
	266,913 119,566	292,867 102,302		297,282 85,696	1,216,047 85,365	361,092 92,507	Integrated Waste Tonnage - Transportation & Public Works (2) Diverted Tonnage - Transportation & Public Works
	5,545,143	5,084,152		5,376,723	5,317,133	5,506,506	Regional Parks Park Visitors
	1,910 199,883	2,912 255,018		3,793 343,136	1,583 135,182	2,078 207,640	Veterans/Community Center (3): Events Attendance

Capital Assets Statistics By Function (Unaudited)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14
Function					
Sheriff:					
Stations	3	3	3	3	3
Sub-Stations (2)	5	5	5	5	5
Patrol Units	140	132	155	179	186
Helicopter	1	1	1	1	1
Marine Craft	4	4	5	5	5
Streets And Highways:					
Streets (miles)	1,382	1,382	1,382	1,382	1,382
Bridges (longer then 20 feet)	326	326	332	330	332
Traffic Lights:					
Traffic Lights - County Only	35	35	35	37	38
Traffic Lights - Shared With Cities	3	3	3	3	3
Traffic Lights - Shared With State	23	24	24	26	27
Total Traffic Lights	61	62	62	66	68
Parks And Recreation:					
Acreage Open to Public (1)	8,855	8,855	49,882	57,980	11,372
Sonoma Water:					
Water Mains (miles)	110	110	90	90	90
Chlorination Facilities	3	3	3	3	3
Pumping Plants/Booster Stations	21	21	21	21	21
Production Wells	9	9	9	9	9
Tank Storage Capacity (thousands of gallons)	128,800	128,800	133,000	128,800	128,800
Sanitation:					
Sanitary Sewers (miles)	250	250	250	252	230
Treatment Capacity (thousands of gallons)	13,439	13,439	13,439	13,439	13,439
Treatment Capacity (Avg. Daily Dry Weather					
Flow, MGD) (3)	-	-	-	-	-
Transit:					
Fleet (including buses and vans)	88	76	82	81	81

Notes:

(1) 2011-12 Sonoma County Regional Parks assumed the management of Annadel State Park from the State of California.

In 2013-14 the State of California reassumed management back from the County.

(2) 2017-18 Roseland, Larkfield, and Amarosa sub-stations were closed

(3) In 17-18, changed measurement from "thousands of gallons" to "millions of gallons per day"

Source:

Sonoma County Departments

2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	
					Function
					Sheriff:
3	3	3	3	3	Stations
5	5	5	2	2	Sub-Stations (2)
161	157	159	146	148	Patrol Units
1	1	1	1	1	Helicopter
5	5	5	5	5	Marine Craft
					Streets And Highways:
1,382	1,379	1,379	1,368	1,368	Streets (miles)
332	328	328	328	328	Bridges (longer then 20 feet)
					Traffic Lights:
38	38	40	38	38	Traffic Lights - County Only
3	3	3	3	1	Traffic Lights - Shared With Cities
30	30	30	30	31	Traffic Lights - Shared With State
71	71	73	71	70	Total Traffic Lights
					Parks And Recreation:
9,403	11,037	11,036	11,071	12,556	Acreage Open to Public (1)
					Sonoma Water:
90	90	85	85	85	Water Mains (miles)
3	3	3	3	3	Chlorination Facilities
21	21	21	21	21	Pumping Plants/Booster Stations
9	9	9	9	9	Production Wells
128,800	128,800	129,000	129,000	129,000	Tank Storage Capacity (thousands of gallons)
					Sanitation:
230	230	230	230	230	Sanitary Sewers (miles)
13,439	13,439	13,439	13,439	-	Treatment Capacity (thousands of gallons)
					Treatment Capacity (Avg. Daily Dry Weather
-	-	-	5.362	4.862	Flow, MGD) (3)
					Transit:
80	83	80	83	83	Fleet (including buses and vans)



GLOSSARY



ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING. Recording of revenues when earned and expenses at the time incurred regardless of when the cash is exchanged.

ACTUARIAL ACCRUED LIABILITY. The present value of projected future benefits earned by employees to date.

ACTUARIAL VALUATION. The determination, as of a point in time (the actuarial valuation date), of the service cost, total pension liability or OPEB liability, and related actuarial present value of projected benefit payments performed in conformity with Actuarial Standards of Practice unless otherwise specified by the GASB.

AGENCY FUND. Fund used to account for assets held by a government as an agent for individuals, private organizations or other governments.

AMORTIZATION. (1) The portion of the cost of a limitedlife or intangible asset charged as an expense (2) The reduction of debt by regular payments of principal and interest sufficient to retire the debt by maturity.

APPROPRIATION. Legal authorization granted by a legislative body to make expenditures and to incur obligations for specific purposes usually limited in amount and the time it may be expended.

ASSESSED VALUATION. A valuation set upon real estate or other property by a government as a basis for levying taxes.

ASSIGNED FUND BALANCE. Amounts constrained by the County's intent to be used for specific purposes, established at either the highest level of decision making, or by a body or an official designated for that purpose.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS. Minimum combination of financial statements and note disclosures required for fair presentation in conformity with GAAP.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING. Term used to refer to *when* revenues, expenditures, expenses, and transfers, and the related assets and liabilities, are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Specifically, it relates to the *timing* of the measurements made, regardless of the nature of the measurement, on either the cash or the accrual method.

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES. One of two classes of activities reported in the government-wide financial statements. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods and services. These activities are usually reported in enterprise funds.

CAPITAL ASSETS. Land, improvements to land, easements, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art, historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND. Fund created to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

CASH BASIS OF ACCOUNTING. Basis of accounting under which transactions are recognized only when cash is received or disbursed.

CASH EQUIVALENT. Short-term, liquid investments that are both (1) readily convertible to known amounts of cash and (2) so near their maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value due to changes in interest rates.

CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT FOR EXCELLENCE IN FINANCIAL REPORTING PROGRAM. Program sponsored by the GFOA to encourage governments to publish CAFRs consistent with GFOA guidelines.

COMMITTED FUND BALANCE. Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes determined by formal action of the County's highest level of decision-making authority (the Board of Supervisors) and that remain binding unless removed in the same manner.

COMPONENT UNIT. Legally separate organization for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable.

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT (CAFR). Financial report that encompasses all funds and component units of the government. Includes three sections: 1) introductory 2) financial and 3) statistical, plus information on each individual fund and component unit. It is the County's official annual report and complies with finance-related legal and contractual provisions.

COST–SHARING MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN. A Plan in which a single actuarial valuation and contribution rate apply to all participating employees.

COVERED PAYROLL. The payroll on which contributions to a pension or OPEB plan are based.

DEBT SERVICE FUND. Fund established to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest.

DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES. An acquisition of net position applicable to a future reporting period.

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES. A consumption of net position applicable to a future reporting period.

DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN. Plan having terms that specify the amount of benefits to be provided at or after separation from employment.

DISCOUNT RATE. The single rate of return that, when applied to all projected benefit payments, results in an actuarial present value of projected benefit payments.

ENCUMBRANCES. Commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services.

ENTERPRISE FUND. Proprietary fund type used to report an activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods and services.

EXPENDITURES. Decreases in net financial resources. Expenditures include current operating expenses requiring the present or future use of net position, debt service and capital outlays, intergovernmental grants, entitlements, and shared revenues.

EXTERNAL INVESTMENT POOL. An arrangement that commingles (pools) the moneys of more than one legally separate entity and invests, on the participants' behalf, in an investment portfolio.

FAIR VALUE. The amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS. Category of funds used to report assets held in trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore cannot be used to support the government's own programs.

FINANCIAL RESOURCES. Resources that are or will become available for spending, including cash and resources ordinarily expected to be converted to cash (e.g. receivables, investments).

FUND. A fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts in which cash and other financial resources, all related liabilities and residual equities, or balances, and changes therein, are recorded and segregated to carry on specific activities or attain certain

objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

FUND BALANCE. Net position of a governmental fund (difference between fund assets, and fund liabilities of governmental and similar trust funds).

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS. Basic financial statements presented for funds, in contrast to government-wide financial statements.

GENERAL FUND. One of five governmental fund types and typically serves as the chief operating fund of the government. The general fund is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for in some other fund.

GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (GAAP). The conventions, rules, and procedures that serve as the norm for the fair presentation of financial statements.

GOVERNMENT FINANCE OFFICERS ASSOCIATION (GFOA). Association of public finance professionals founded in 1906 as the Municipal Finance Officers Association. Sponsors the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting Program.

GOVERNMENTAL ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD (GASB). Ultimate authoritative accounting and financial reporting standard setting body for state and local governments.

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES. Activities generally financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. These activities are usually reported in governmental funds and internal service funds.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS. Funds generally used to account for tax-supported activities. There are five different types of government funds: the general fund, special revenue fund, debt service funds, capital projects funds, and permanent funds.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS. Financial statements that incorporate all of a government's governmental and business-type activities, as well as its non-fiduciary component units. There are two basic government-wide financial statements: the statement of net position and the statement of activities.

IMPROVEMENT. An addition made to, or change made in a capital asset, other than maintenance, to prolong its life or to increase its efficiency or capacity. The cost of the addition or change is added to the book value of the asset. **INFRASTRUCTURE.** Long-lived capital assets normally stationary in nature and preserved for significantly more years than most capital assets. Examples of infrastructure assets include roads, bridges, tunnels, drainage systems, water and sewer systems, dams, and lighting systems.

INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS, NET OF RELATED DEBT.

One of three components of net position reported in both government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. Related debt, for this purpose, includes outstanding balances of bonds, notes, or other borrowings attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital assets.

INTERFUND RECEIVABLE/PAYABLE. Short-term loans made by one fund to another or the current portion of an advance to or from another fund.

INTERFUND TRANSFERS. Flow of assets (such as cash or goods) between funds and blended component units of the primary government without equivalent flows of assets in return and without a requirement for payment.

INTERNAL SERVICE FUND. A fund used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of a government, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

MAJOR FUND. A governmental fund or enterprise fund reported as a separate column in the basic fund financial statements and subject to a separate opinion in the Independent Auditors' Report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS. Required supplementary information that introduces the basic financial statements and provides an analytical overview of the government's financial activities.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS. Types of balances and related changes reported in a given set of financial statements.

NET POSITION. The residual of all other elements presented in a statement of financial position.

NONSPENDABLE FUND BALANCE. Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form; or legally contractually required to be maintained intact.

OPERATING TRANSFERS. All interfund transfers other than residual equity transfers (e.g., legally authorized transfers from a fund receiving revenue to the fund through which the resources are to be expended).

OTHER FINANCING SOURCES. Current financial resources increase reported separately from revenue to avoid distorting revenue trends, such as long-term debt proceeds, proceeds from the sale of general fixed assets, and operating transfers in.

OTHER FINANCING USES. Current financial resources decrease reported separately from expenditures to avoid distorting expenditure trends, such as operating transfers out, and the amount of refunding bond proceeds deposited with the escrow agent.

OVERLAPPING DEBT. The proportionate share that property within a government must bear of the debts of all local governments located wholly or in part within the geographic boundaries of the reporting government.

PROPRIETARY FUND. Funds that focus on the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. There are two different types of proprietary funds: enterprise funds and internal service funds.

REPORTING ENTITY. The oversight unit and all of its component units, if any, that are combined in the CAFR.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION. Consists of statements, schedules, statistical data or other information, which, according to the GASB, is necessary to supplement, although not required to be a part of, the general-purpose financial statements.

RESTRICTED ASSETS. Assets whose use is subject to constraints that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

RESTRICTED FUND BALANCE or RESTRICTED NET POSITION. Amounts with constraints placed on use by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or other governments regulations; or restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

REVENUE BONDS. Bonds whose principal and interest are payable exclusively from earnings of an enterprise fund. In addition to a pledge of revenues, such bonds sometimes contain a mortgage on the enterprise fund's property.

REVENUES. Increases in the net current assets of a governmental fund type from other than expenditure refunds and residual equity transfers.

SINGLE AUDIT. An audit performed in accordance with the Single Audit Act of 1996 and Office of Management and Budget (Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards.* The Single Audit Act sets forth standards for the audit of non-Federal entities expending Federal awards.

SPECIAL DISTRICT. An independent unit of local government organized to perform a single government function or a restricted number of related functions.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND. A fund used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes. GAAP only require the use of special revenue funds when legally mandated.

TRUST FUNDS. Funds used to account for assets held by a government in a trustee capacity for individuals, private organizations, other governments, or other funds.

UNASSIGNED FUND BALANCE. The residual classification for the County's General Fund that includes amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other funds, the unassigned classification is used only if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes.

UNRESTRICTED NET POSITION. That portion of net position that is neither restricted nor invested in capital assets (net of related debt).